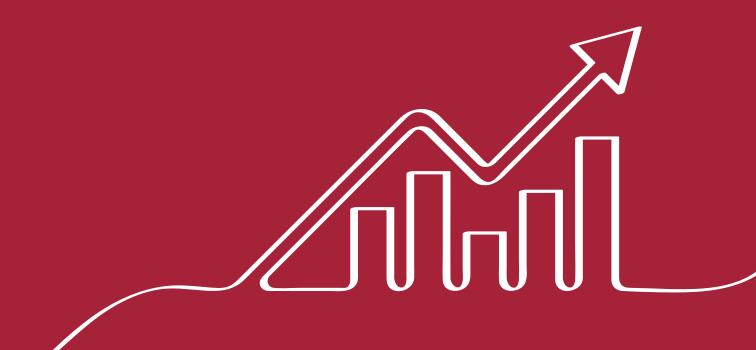
Financial Statements

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Directors' Statement

The Directors are pleased to present their statement to the members together with the audited consolidated financial statements of SATS Ltd. (the "**Company**") and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "**Group**") and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2021.

1. Opinion of the Directors

In the opinion of the Directors:

- (a) The financial statements set out on pages 114 to 214 give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as at 31 March 2021 and the financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group and changes in equity of the Company for the year ended on that date in accordance with the provisions of the Singapore Companies Act, Chapter 50 and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International); and
- (b) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

The Directors have, on the date of this statement, authorised these financial statements for issue.

2. Directors

The Directors of the Company in office at the date of this statement are:

Euleen Goh Yiu Kiang Chairman

Alexander Charles Hungate

Achal Agarwal

Vinita Bali Appointed on 10 May 2021

Chia Kim Huat

Michael Kok Pak Kuan Jenny Lee Hong Wei

Jessica Tan Soon Neo

Tan Soo Nan

Deborah Tan Yang Sock Appointed on 16 November 2020

Yap Chee Meng Yap Kim Wah

3. Arrangements to Enable Directors to Acquire Shares and Debentures

Except as disclosed in this statement, neither at the end of nor at any time during the financial year was the Company a party to any arrangement whose objects are, or one of whose objects is, to enable the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate.

4. Directors' Interests in Shares and Debentures

The following Directors who held office at the end of the financial year, had, according to the register of Directors' shareholdings required to be kept under Section 164 of the Singapore Companies Act, Chapter 50, an interest in shares and share options of the Company as stated below:

4. Directors' Interests in Shares and Debentures (cont'd)

	Direct in	nterest	Deemed	interest
Name of Director	At the beginning of financial year	At the end of financial year	At the beginning of financial year	At the end of financial year
Ordinary shares (1)				
Alexander Charles Hungate	3,319,736	3,564,236	_	_
Euleen Goh Yiu Kiang	30,274	85,974	_	_
Achal Agarwal	3,300	44,100	_	_
Chia Kim Huat	5,090	16,090	_	_
Michael Kok Pak Kuan	3,400	15,300	_	_
Jenny Lee Hong Wei	600	7,400	_	_
Jessica Tan Soon Neo	3,100	15,100	_	_
Tan Soo Nan	13,800	43,500	_	4,088
Yap Chee Meng	3,800	17,400	_	_
Yap Kim Wah	3,400	15,400	_	-
Award under SATS Restricted Share P	Plan ("RSP")			
Alexander Charles Hungate (2)	259,400	190,400	_	-
Award under SATS Performance Shar	e Plan ("PSP")			
Alexander Charles Hungate (3)	1,230,000	1,055,000	_	_

⁽¹⁾ Includes, in respect of all the Directors named above other than Alexander Charles Hungate, shares of the Company delivered pursuant to awards granted to them under the RSP during the financial year under review as part of their Directors' Fees in lieu of cash and, in respect of Alexander Charles Hungate, shares of the Company delivered pursuant to awards granted to him under the RSP and PSP in his capacity as a Group employee.

There was no change in any of the above-mentioned interests in the Company between the end of the financial year and 21 April 2021.

Except as disclosed in this statement, no Director who held office at the end of the financial year had interests in shares, share options or debentures of the Company, or of related corporations, either at the beginning of the financial year, or date of appointment if later, or at the end of the financial year.

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⁽²⁾ The final number of RSP award will range from 0% to 120% of the initial grant and is contingent on the achievement of pre-determined target over a one-year performance condition and will vest equally over a three-year period. During the financial year, 139,500 shares were awarded and 208,500 shares were vested

⁽³⁾ The final number of PSP will range from 0% to 150% of the initial grant and is contingent on the achievements of pre-determined targets over a three-year performance conditions period. During the financial year, 375,000 shares were awarded and zero shares were vested.

Directors' Statement

5. Share-Based Payments

Restricted Share Plan ("RSP") and Performance Share Plan ("PSP")

At the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 19 July 2005, the shareholders approved the adoption of two new share plans, namely the RSP and the PSP, in addition to the Share Option Plan. Both share plans which expired in July 2015 were subsequently approved during the 41st Annual General Meeting held on 23 July 2014 for further extension of 10 years to July 2025.

From FY2015-16 onwards, the RSP final number of award will range from 0% to 120% of the initial grant and is contingent on the achievement of pre-determined targets over a one-year period and will vest equally over a three-year period. The PSP final number of award will range from 0% to 150% of the initial grant and is contingent on the achievement of pre-determined targets over a three-year performance period.

At the date of this report, the Remuneration and Human Resource Committee which administers the Share Option Plan, the RSP and PSP comprises the following Directors:

Euleen Goh Yiu Kiang Chairman Achal Agarwal Member Michael Kok Pak Kuan Member

No shares have been granted to controlling shareholders or their associates under the RSP and PSP.

At the 46th Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 18 July 2019, the shareholders of the Company approved alterations to the RSP to permit grants of fully paid shares of the Company to be made to Non-Executive Directors of the Company as part of their Directors' Fees in respect of their office as such, in lieu of cash. During the financial year, an aggregate of 117,300 shares of the Company were delivered pursuant to awards granted under RSP to Non-Executive Directors as part of their Directors' Fees for the period 1 April 2019 to 31 March 2020 in lieu of cash. The awards consisted of fully paid shares with no performance conditions attached and no vesting periods imposed.

The details of the shares awarded under the RSP and PSP during the year are as follows:

RSP		Numbe	er of restricted shares		
Date of grant	Balance at 01.04.2020/ Date of grant	Vested	Forfeited	Adjustment	Balance at 31.03.2021
01.08.2017	476,200	(472,400)	(3,800)	_	_
24.06.2019	1,242,100	(626,600)	(46,800)	_	568,700
20.08.2020	1,102,500	(377,000)	(67,300)	_	658,200
01.10.2020	446,100	(446,100)	_	_	_
12.10.2020	117,300	(117,300)	_	_	_
	3,384,200	(2,039,400)	(117,900)	_	1,226,900

Share-Based Payments (cont'd)

Restricted Share Plan ("RSP") and Performance Share Plan ("PSP") (cont'd)

PSP		Number	of performance share	es	
Date of grant	Balance at 01.04.2020/ Date of grant	Vested	Forfeited	Adjustment#	Balance at 31.03.2021
01.08.2017	1,437,000	_	_	(1,437,000)	_
14.12.2018	745,000	_	(50,000)	_	695,000
01.08.2019	700,000	_	(65,000)	_	635,000
20.08.2020	1,282,500	_	(185,000)	_	1,097,500
	4,164,500	_	(300,000)	(1,437,000)	2,427,500

^{*} Adjustments due to the performance factor at the end of the performance period upon meeting stated performance targets.

Based on the Monte Carlo simulation model, the estimated weighted average fair values at the date of grant for each share granted during the year under the PSP is \$1.35 (2020: \$3.52).

For performance share grants with non-market conditions, the Group revises its estimates of the number of share grants expected to vest and corresponding adjustments are made to the income statement and share-based compensation reserve.

Under the PSP, eligible key executives are required to hold a portion of the shares released to them under a share ownership guideline which requires them to maintain a beneficial ownership stake in the Company, thus further aligning their interests with shareholders.

The number of contingent shares granted but not released as at 31 March 2021 were 1,226,900 (2020: 1,718,300) and 2,427,500 (2020: 2,882,000) for RSP and PSP respectively. Based on the achievement factor, the actual release of the awards is 1,226,900 (2020: 1,718,300) and zero to a maximum of 3,641,250 (2020: zero to maximum 4,323,000) fully-paid ordinary shares of the Company, for RSP and PSP respectively.

For the current financial year, the Group has provided \$8,787,000 (2020: \$10,756,000) in respect of the RSP and PSP based on the fair values determined on grant date and estimation of share grants that will ultimately vest.

6. Audit Committee

The Audit Committee performed the functions specified in the Singapore Companies Act, Chapter 50. The functions performed are detailed in the Corporate Governance Report.

Directors' Statement

Internal Control Statement 7.

Taking into account the views of the Audit Committee (AC) and the Board Risk and Safety Committee (BRSC) in the exercise of their responsibilities under their respective terms of reference, the framework of management controls, the internal control policies and procedures established and maintained by the Group's Management, the reviews conducted by the internal and external auditors and the documented governance assurance, the Board is of the opinion that the systems of internal controls and risk management (addressing financial, operational, compliance and information technology controls) which the Group considers relevant and material to its current business scope and environment were adequate and effective as at the date of the 'Directors' Statement'. The AC concurs with the Board's opinions.

However, the Board also notes that no system of risk management and internal controls can provide absolute assurance in this regard, or absolute assurance against poor judgement in decision making, human error, losses, fraud or other irregularities.

8. **Auditors**

The auditors, KPMG, have indicated their willingness to accept re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board of Directors,

Euleen Goh Yiu Kiang

Chairman

Alexander Charles Hungate

Executive Director / President and Chief Executive Officer

Dated this 27 May 2021

Independent **Auditors' Report**

Members of the Company SATS Ltd.

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of SATS Ltd. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position of the Group, the statement of financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2021, the consolidated income statement, consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statements of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows of the Group and statement of changes in equity of the Company for the year ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 114 to 214.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group and the statement of financial position and statement of changes in equity of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 (the "Act") and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) ("SFRS(I)s") so as to give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position of the Group and the financial position of the Company as at 31 March 2021 and of the consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group and changes in equity of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing ("SSAs"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Accounting and Corporate Regulatory Authority ("ACRA") Code of Professional Conduct and Ethics for Public Accountants and Accounting Entities ("ACRA Code") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Singapore, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ACRA Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Impairment of goodwill

Refer to Note 2.14 'Impairment of non-financial and financial assets' and Note 3.2 'Impairment of non-financial assets' for relevant accounting policies and discussion of significant accounting estimates, and Note 16 'Intangible assets' for the key assumptions used in impairment testing of goodwill.

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Independent Auditors' Report

The key audit matter

The Group recognised goodwill which are allocated to the SATS Food Services ("SFS"), TFK Corporation ("TFK"), Ground Team Red Holdings ("GTRH"), Nanjing Weizhou Airline Food Corp., Ltd ("NWA") and Monty's Bakehouse UK Limited ("MBUK") cash generating units ("CGUs") respectively as at 31 March 2021.

These CGUs are tested for impairment annually. Management applies the value-in-use (discounted cash flow) method to determine the recoverable amount of each CGU. Any shortfall of the recoverable amounts against the carrying amounts would be recognised as impairment losses.

The recoverable amounts are determined based on estimates of forecasted revenue, growth rates, profit margins, tax rates and discount rates.

The travel restrictions due to COVID-19 outbreak have resulted in a significant amount of economic uncertainty in the current and future economic environment in which the Group operates. The Group's near term cashflows have been negatively impacted due to global travel restrictions and the resultant global decrease in travel demand. The duration and severity of the crisis is dependent on events which are continuously unfolding and are beyond the control of the Group.

As a result, there is a high degree of estimation uncertainty inherent in estimating the duration and severity of the economic downturn caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, and the pattern of any expected recovery. As a result, the estimates and assumptions used in the cashflow projections which form the basis of the recoverable amounts attributable to the CGUs require significant judgement. These judgements require estimates to be made over areas including those relating to forecasted revenues, growth rates, profit margins, discount rates for each CGUs and certain key aviation customers having to recapitalise for sustained operations post COVID-19 pandemic.

The determination of the recoverable amounts is a key focus area for our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

We studied publicly available aviation industry reports relating to the impact COVID-19 pandemic has on the global aviation industry, to understand the possible recovery scenarios.

We held discussions with senior management to understand the basis of the assumptions used in forming the estimates underpinning the assessment of the recoverable amount of the CGUs. These estimates include those relating to revenue forecast, growth rates, profit margins and discount rates.

We challenged management's estimates applied in the value-in-use models based on our knowledge of the CGUs' operations, and compared them against historical forecasts and performance, regional indices and industry benchmarks. This included obtaining an understanding of management's planned strategies around business expansion, revenue stream growth strategies and cost initiatives, the progress of negotiations with target customers and the review of the secured and lost contracts.

We performed sensitivity analyses to evaluate whether reasonable changes in the key assumptions for any of the Group's CGUs would cause the carrying amounts to exceed the recoverable amounts.

We assessed the arithmetical accuracy of the computations used in assessing the recoverable amount of the CGUs.

Findings

The COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in a significant amount of economic uncertainty in the current and future economic environment. The key estimates applied in the value-in-use models such as revenue forecast, growth rates, profit margins and discount rates are subject to significant amounts of volatility and uncertainty. Nevertheless, we found the estimates applied in the value-in-use models to be reasonable in the context of currently available relevant information as at 31 March 2021.

Impairment of associates and joint ventures

Refer to Note 2.14 'Impairment of non-financial and financial assets' and Note 3.2 'Impairment of non-financial assets' for relevant accounting policies and discussion of significant accounting estimates, and Note 18 'Investment in associates' and Note 19 'Investment in joint ventures' for details of accounting for associates and joint ventures.

The key audit matter

The carrying value of associates and joint ventures amounted to \$578.2 million, which accounted for 18.7% of the Group's total assets as at 31 March 2021.

Management determines at the end of each reporting period the existence of any objective evidence that indicate the Group's investments in associates or joint ventures may be impaired. If there are indicators of impairment, a detailed impairment assessment would be performed and any deficit between the recoverable amount of the associate or joint venture and its carrying value would be recognised in profit or loss.

The identification of different CGUs, assessment of indicators of impairment and where such indicators exist, the determination of the recoverable amounts of the CGUs require judgement. The determination of the recoverable amounts when value-inuse is applicable requires estimates of revenue forecast, growth rates, profit margins and discount rates.

Due to the high degree of estimation uncertainty inherent in assessing the duration and severity of the economic downturn caused by the COVID-19 pandemic and the pattern of any expected recovery, the estimates and assumptions used in the cashflow projections to determine the recoverable amounts of the CGUs require significant judgement.

This is a key area of focus for our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

We assessed the determination of the CGUs and the assessment of indicators of impairment based on our understanding of the nature of the Group's business and the economic environment in which its CGUs operate.

We studied recent analyst market reports to obtain an understanding of the actual growth rates and outlook of the industries in which the CGUs operate, including the impact of COVID-19 pandemic has on the global aviation industry, to understand the possible recovery scenarios. We reviewed the CGUs' historical and current performances, and held discussions with management to understand their assessment of the future performance of the CGUs.

Where indicators of impairment exist, we challenged management's revenue forecast, growth rates, profit margins, tax rates and discount rates based on our knowledge of the CGUs' operations, and compared them against historical forecasts and performance, regional indices and industry benchmarks. This included obtaining an understanding of management's planned strategies around business expansion, revenue stream growth strategies and cost initiatives, the progress of negotiations with target customers and the review of secured and lost contracts.

We performed sensitivity analyses to evaluate whether reasonable change in the key assumptions for any of the Group's CGUs would cause the carrying amounts to exceed the recoverable amounts.

Findings

The COVID-19 pandemic has resulted in a significant amount of economic uncertainty in the current and future economic environment. Nevertheless, we found management's identification of CGUs and assessment of indicators of impairment to be appropriate. Where indicators of impairment existed, we found the estimates applied in the value-in-use models to be consistent with historical forecasts and reasonable in the context of currently available relevant information as at 31 March 2021.

Other information

Management is responsible for the other information contained in the annual report. Other information is defined as all information in the annual report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

We have obtained all other information prior to the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independent Auditors' Report

Responsibilities of management and directors for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the provisions of the Act and SFRS(I)s, and for devising and maintaining a system of internal accounting controls sufficient to provide a reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorised use or disposition; and transactions are properly authorised and that they are recorded as necessary to permit the preparation of true and fair financial statements and to maintain accountability of assets.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The directors' responsibilities include overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SSAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to
 provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for
 one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal controls.
- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether
 the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal controls that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless the law or regulations preclude public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

In our opinion, the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by those subsidiary corporations incorporated in Singapore of which we are the auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Quek Shu Ping.

KPMG LLP

Public Accountants and Chartered Accountants

Singapore

27 May 2021

Consolidated Income Statement

for the financial year ended 31 March 2021

	Note	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000
Revenue	4	969,997	1,941,216
Expenditure			
Staff costs	5	(382,265)	(879,445)
Cost of raw materials		(269,787)	(346,127)
Licence fees		(19,949)	(84,596)
Depreciation and amortisation charges		(130,442)	(117,642)
Company premise and utilities expenses		(65,271)	(93,425)
Other costs		(112,394)	(193,756)
		(980,108)	(1,714,991)
Operating (loss)/profit	6	(10,111)	226,225
Interest on borrowings	7	(20,509)	(7,599)
Interest income	7	4,816	3,860
Share of results of associates/joint ventures, net of tax		(47,986)	11,764
Other non-operating loss, net	8	(71,659)	(20,344)
(Loss)/profit before tax		(145,449)	213,906
Income tax credit/(expense)	9	36,152	(38,300)
(Loss)/profit for the year		(109,297)	175,606
(Loss)/profit attributable to:			
Owners of the Company		(78,929)	168,362
Non-controlling interests		(30,368)	7,244
		(109,297)	175,606
(Loss)/earnings per share (cents)			
Basic	10	(7.1)	15.1
Diluted	10	(7.0)	15.0

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

for the financial year ended 31 March 2021

	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000
(Loss)/profit for the year	(109,297)	175,606
Other comprehensive income:		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Actuarial gain/(loss) on defined benefit plan	5,591	(1,895)
Items that are or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Net fair value changes on financial assets	239	(48)
Foreign currency translation differences	(6,882)	7,944
	(6,643)	7,896
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	(1,052)	6,001
Total comprehensive income for the year	(440.240)	101 607
Total comprehensive income for the year	(110,349)	181,607
Total comprehensive income attributable to:		
Owners of the Company	(78,178)	169,799
Non-controlling interests	(32,171)	11,808
Total comprehensive income for the year	(110,349)	181,607

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Statements of Financial Position

as at 31 March 2021

			GROUP	C	OMPANY
	Note	31.3.2021 \$'000	31.3.2020 \$'000 (Restated)*	31.3.2021 \$'000	31.3.2020 \$'000
	11010		(Nostateu)		
Equity attributable to owners of the Company					
Share capital	12	367,947	367,947	367,947	367,947
Treasury shares	12	(18,798)	(26,017)	(18,798)	(26,017)
Share-based compensation reserve	13	9,442	9,504	9,442	9,504
Statutory reserve	13	13,502	12,076	-	_
Foreign currency translation reserve	13	(150,223)	(147,530)	-	_
Revenue reserve		1,348,986	1,426,096	1,305,292	1,307,292
Other reserves	13	(24,514)	(24,585)	(25,747)	(25,619)
		1,546,342	1,617,491	1,638,136	1,633,107
Non-controlling interests	17	152,458	188,032	_	_
Total equity		1,698,800	1,805,523	1,638,136	1,633,107
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	14	519,671	602,297	18,780	16,861
Right-of-use assets	14	187,716	205,957	63,336	67,037
Investment properties	15	497	1,039	173,025	201,036
Intangible assets	16	410,679	427,375	19,056	7,169
Investment in subsidiaries	17	-	-	753,983	775,173
Investment in associates	18	520,794	617,800	335,421	340,721
Investment in joint ventures	19	57,385	71,186	12,014	12,014
Long-term investments	20	14,541	27,705	6,060	6,060
Loan to subsidiaries	17	_	-	360,722	380,086
Deferred tax assets	21	34,307	13,678	-	_
Other non-current assets	22	23,468	15,041	_	_
		1,769,058	1,982,078	1,742,397	1,806,157
Current assets					
Trade and other receivables	23	291,506	385,964	82,186	96,917
Prepayments and deposits		20,147	23,049	2,422	1,585
Amounts due from		,	_0,0.0	<u> </u>	.,550
associates/joint ventures	18,19	1,204	2,838	803	2,395
Inventories	24	130,054	67,394	265	381
Cash and cash equivalents	25	879,849	549,205	761,558	375,386
·		1,322,760	1,028,450	847,234	476,664

^{*} Certain items have been restated following finalisation of purchase price allocation of subsidiary acquired. Details are disclosed in Note 17.

			GROUP	C	OMPANY
	Note	31.3.2021 \$'000	31.3.2020 \$'000 (Restated)*	31.3.2021 \$'000	31.3.2020 \$'000
Current liabilities					
Trade and other payables	26	358,523	372,499	122,061	68,199
Amounts due to					
associates/joint ventures	19	11,400	10,450	-	_
Income tax payable		36,029	46,459	15,142	10,396
Term loans	27	143,293	112,405	94,801	100,000
Loan from subsidiaries	17	_	_	169,900	67,500
Lease liabilities		16,044	19,442	3,030	2,958
		565,289	561,255	404,934	249,053
Net current assets		757,471	467,195	442,300	227,611
Non-current liabilities					
Deferred tax liabilities	21	68,676	90,702	27,643	26,025
Term loans	27	234,850	102,430	150,000	102,430
Note payables	28	300,000	200,000	300,000	200,000
Lease liabilities		179,247	190,164	60,699	63,527
Other payables	26	44,956	60,454	8,219	8,679
		827,729	643,750	546,561	400,661
Net assets		1,698,800	1,805,523	1,638,136	1,633,107

^{*} Certain items have been restated following finalisation of purchase price allocation of subsidiary acquired. Details are disclosed in Note 17.

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Changes in Equity for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 Statements of

					∢	Attributable to owners of the Company	wners of the Cor	npany					
GROUP	Note	Share Capital	Treasury	Share-Based Compensation Reserve	Statutory Reserve*	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Revenue Reserve	Capital Reserve	Gain/(Loss) on Reissuance of Treasury Shares	Fair Value Reserve	Total	Non- controlling Interests	Total Equity
		\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000
Balance at 1 April 2020	•	367,947	(26,017)	9,504	12,076	(147,530)	1,426,096	1,072	(25,619)	(38)	1,617,491	188,032	1,805,523
Loss for the year		I	ı	I	1	I	(78,929)	ı	I	I	(78,929)	(30,368)	(109,297)
Other comprehensive income for the year		ı	ı	I	ı	(2,693)	3,245	ı	ı	199	751	(1,803)	(1,052)
Total comprehensive income for the year		I	I	ı	I	(2,693)	(75,684)	I	I	199	(78,178)	(32,171)	(110,349)
Contributions by and distributions to owners													
Share-based payment		ı	ı	8,787	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	8,787	ı	8,787
Treasury shares reissued pursuant to equity compensation plans		I	8,787	(8,849)	I	I	I	I	(128)	I	(190)	I	(190)
Purchase of treasury shares		I	(1,568)	ı	I	I	I	I	I	I	(1,568)	I	(1,568)
Total contributions by and distributions to owners		I	7,219	(62)	I	I	I	I	(128)	I	7,029	I	7,029
Others Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		1	I	ı	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	(3,403)	(3,403)
Transfer to statutory reserve		I	I	I	1,426	I	(1,426)	I	I	I	I	I	I
Balance at 31 March 2021		367.947	(18,798)	9.442	13,502	(150,223)	1.348.986	1.072	(25,747)	161	1,546,342	152.458	1.698.800

^{*} Certain countries in which some of the associates and subsidiaries are incorporated legally require statutory reserves to be set aside. The laws of the countries restrict the distribution and use of these statutory reserves.

Changes in Equity for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 **Statements of**

					₹	trributable to o	Attributable to owners of the Company	IIpaliy					
	<u> </u>	Share T	Treasury (Share-Based Compensation	Statutory	Foreign Currency Translation	Revenue	Capital	Gain/(Loss) on Reissuance of Treasury	Fair Value		Non- controlling	Total
GROUP	Note Cap	Capital	- 1	Reserve	Reserve*	Reserve	Reserve	Reserve	Shares	Reserve	Total	Interests	Equity
	€	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000	\$,000
Balance at 1 April 2019	367,947		(43,000)	10,063	10,859	(150,701)	1,473,108	1,072	(20,108)	6)	1,649,231	167,888	1,817,119
Profit for the year		ı	ı	ı	1	1	168,362	ı	1	1	168,362	7,244	175,606
Other comprehensive income for the year		1	I	I	ı	3,171	(1,705)	ı	1	(29)	1,437	4,564	6,001
Total comprehensive income for the year		I	1	I	I	3,171	166,657	I	I	(29)	169,799	11,808	181,607
Contributions by and distributions to owners													
Share-based payment		1	ı	10,756	I	1	ı	ı	1	ı	10,756	ı	10,756
Treasury shares reissued pursuant to equity compensation plans		1	16,983	(11,315)	1	ı	I	ı	(5,511)	I	157	ı	157
Dividends, net	7	I	I	I	I	I	(212,452)	I	I	I	(212,452)	I	(212,452)
Total contributions by and distributions to owners		1	16,983	(559)	ı	I	(212,452)	I	(5,511)	I	(201,539)	I	(201,539)
Others													
Acquisition of subsidiaries		ı	I	I	I	I	I	ı	ı	I	I	14,675	14,675
Capital contributions from non-controlling interests		1	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	451	451
Disposal of subsidiary		I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	(1,118)	(1,118)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		1	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	(5,672)	(5,672)
Transfer to statutory reserve		ı	I	I	1,217	I	(1,217)	I	I	I	I	I	I
Balance at 31 March 2020	367.947		(26,017)	9,504	12,076	(147,530)	1,426,096	1,072	(25,619)	(38)	1,617,491	188,032	1,805,523

Certain countries in which some of the associates and subsidiaries are incorporated legally require statutory reser

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Statements of Changes in Equity

for the financial year ended 31 March 2021

COMPANY	Share Capital	Treasury Shares	Share-Based Compensation Reserve	Revenue Reserve	Gain/(Loss) on Reissuance of Treasury Shares	Total Equity
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at 1 April 2020	367,947	(26,017)	9,504	1,307,292	(25,619)	1,633,107
Loss for the year	_	_	_	(2,000)	_	(2,000)
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	-	_	(2,000)	_	(2,000)
Contributions by and distributions to owners						
Share-based payment	_	_	8,787	_	_	8,787
Treasury shares reissued pursuant to equity						
compensation plans	_	8,787	(8,849)	_	(128)	(190)
Purchase of treasury shares	_	(1,568)	_	_	_	(1,568)
Total contributions by and distributions to owners	_	7,219	(62)	_	(128)	7,029
Balance at 31 March 2021	367,947	(18,798)	9,442	1,305,292	(25,747)	1,638,136

COMPANY	Note	Share Capital	Treasury Shares	Share-Based Compensation Reserve	Revenue Reserve	Gain/(Loss) on Reissuance of Treasury Shares	Total Equity
		\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Balance at 1 April 2019		367,947	(43,000)	10,063	1,208,282	(20,108)	1,523,184
Profit for the year		_	_	_	311,462	_	311,462
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	-	_	-	311,462	-	311,462
Contributions by and distributions to owners							
Share-based payment		_	_	10,756	_	_	10,756
Treasury shares reissued pursuant to equity compensation plans		_	16,983	(11,315)	_	(5,511)	157
Dividends, net	11	_	-	(, ,	(212,452)	(0,011)	(212,452)
Total contributions by and distributions to owners	L	_	16,983	(559)	(212,452)	(5,511)	(201,539)
Balance at 31 March 2020		367,947	(26,017)	9,504	1,307,292	(25,619)	1,633,107

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

for the financial year ended 31 March 2021

	Note	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
(Loss)/profit before tax		(145,449)	213,906
Adjustments for:			
Interest expenses, net		15,693	3,739
Depreciation and amortisation charges		130,442	117,642
Unrealised foreign exchange loss/(gain)		1,076	(988)
Share of results of associates/joint ventures, net of tax		47,986	(11,764)
(Gain)/loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(4)	1,757
Write-back of earn-out consideration		(13,693)	_
Impairment loss on investment in associates, long-term investment			
and intangible assets		68,751	11,900
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	14	24,079	6,772
Share-based payment expense	5	8,787	10,756
Provision for doubtful debts		13,681	_
Other non-cash items		1,352	(81)
Operating cash flows before working capital changes		152,701	353,639
Changes in working capital:			
Decrease/(increase) in receivables		71,764	(49,147)
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments and deposits		2,902	(17,527)
Increase in inventories		(60,922)	(10,557)
(Decrease)/increase in payables		(9,612)	28,312
Decrease/(increase) in amounts due from/to associates/joint ventures, net		2,584	(156)
Cash generated from operations		159,417	304,564
Interest paid to third parties		(20,469)	(7,652)
Income taxes paid Net cash from operating activities		(21,196) 117,752	(52,964) 243,948
		,. 0_	
Cash flows from investing activities	0.5	(04.504)	(75.044)
Capital expenditure	25	(61,534)	(75,644)
Dividends from associates/joint ventures		26,756	32,822
Purchases of long-term investments		206	(6,060)
Net proceeds from sale of investments Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		306 1,262	3,418 645
Investments in subsidiaries, net of cash acquired		1,202	(52,924)
Investment in associates/joint ventures		_	(23,425)
Interest received from deposits		4,831	3,858
Net cash used in investing activities		(28,379)	(117,310)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of term loans	27	(209,064)	(3,594)
Repayment of lease liabilities	27	(29,120)	(17,145)
Proceeds from borrowings	27	482,676	304,930
Dividends paid	11		(212,452)
Purchase of treasury shares		(1,568)	(212, 102)
Capital contributions from non-controlling interests		(.,555)	451
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(3,403)	(5,672)
Net cash from financing activities		239,521	66,518
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		328,894	193,156
Effect of exchange rate changes		1,750	6,190
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		549,205	349,859
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	25	879,849	549,205

The accompanying accounting policies and explanatory notes form an integral part of the financial statements.

31 March 2021

The consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 27 May 2021.

1. General

SATS Ltd. (the "Company" or "SATS") is a limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in Singapore and is listed on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST").

The registered office and principal place of business of the Company is located at 20 Airport Boulevard, SATS Inflight Catering Centre 1, Singapore 819659.

The Company is principally an investment holding company. Its other activities include rental of premises and provision of management services to related companies.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are disclosed in Note 17 to the financial statements.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards (International) (SFRS(I)). The related changes to significant accounting policies are described in Note 2.2.

The financial statements are presented in Singapore Dollars (\$ or SGD) and all values in the tables are rounded to the nearest thousand (\$'000), unless otherwise indicated.

2.2 Changes in accounting policies

New standards and amendments

The Group has applied the following SFRS(I)s, amendments to and interpretations of SFRS(I) for the first time for the annual period beginning on 1 April 2020:

- Revised Conceptual Framework
- Amendments to References to Conceptual Framework in SFRS(I)s Standards
- Definition of a Business (Amendments to SFRS(I) 3)
- Definition of Material (Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-1 and SFRS(I) 1-8)
- Interest Rate Benchmark Reform (Amendments to SFRS(I) 9, SFRS(I) 1-39 and SFRS(I) 7)
- COVID-19 Related Rent Concession (Amendment to SFRS(I) 16)

The Group has early adopted Amendment to SFRS(I) 16: *COVID-19 – Related Rent Concessions* issued on 28 May 2020. The amendment introduces an optional practical expedient for leases in which the Group is a lessee – i.e. for leases to which the Group applies the practical expedient, the Group is not required to assess whether eligible rent concessions that are a direct consequence of the COVID-19 coronavirus pandemic are lease modifications. The Group applied the practical expedient not to assess a rent concession occurring as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic as a lease modification, which amounted to \$7 million for the financial year.

The application of these amendments to standards and interpretations does not have a material effect on the financial statements.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.3 Standards issued but not yet effective

A number of new standards interpretations and amendments to standards are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 April 2021 and earlier application is permitted. However, the Group has not early adopted the new or amended standards and interpretations in preparing these financial statements.

The following new SFRS(I)s, interpretations and amendments to SFRS(I)s are not expected to have a significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements and the Company's statement of financial position.

- SFRS(I) 17 Insurance Contracts
- Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendments to SFRS(I) 1-1)
- Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to SFRS(I) 10 and SFRS(I) 1-28)

2.4 Basis of consolidation and business combinations

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at the end of the reporting period. The financial statements of the subsidiaries used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are prepared for the same reporting date as the Company. Consistent accounting policies are applied to like transactions and events in similar circumstances.

All intra-group balances, income and expenses and unrealised gains and losses resulting from intra-group transactions and dividends are eliminated in full.

Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases.

Losses within a subsidiary are attributed to the non-controlling interest even if that results in a deficit balance.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it:

- de-recognises the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary at their carrying amounts at the date when control is lost;
- de-recognises the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest;
- de-recognises the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity;
- recognises the fair value of the consideration received;
- recognises the fair value of any investment retained;
- recognises any surplus or deficit in profit or loss; and
- re-classifies the Group's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive income to profit
 or loss or revenue reserve, as appropriate.

31 March 2021

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.4 Basis of consolidation and business combinations (cont'd)

Business combinations

Business combinations are accounted for by applying the acquisition method. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. Acquisition-related costs are recognised as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and the services are received.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration which is deemed to be an asset or liability, will be recognised in profit or loss.

The Group elects for each individual business combination, whether non-controlling interest in the acquiree (if any), that are present ownership interests and entitle their holders to a proportionate share of net assets in the event of liquidation, is recognised on the acquisition date at fair value, or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Other components of non-controlling interests are measured at their acquisition date fair value, unless another measurement basis is required by SFRS(I)s.

Any excess of the sum of the fair value of the consideration transferred in the business combination, the amount of non-controlling interest in the acquiree (if any), and the fair value of the Group's previously held equity interest in the acquiree (if any), over the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets and liabilities is recorded as goodwill. The accounting policy for goodwill is set out in Note 2.10. In instances where the latter amount exceeds the former, the excess is recognised as gain on bargain purchase in profit or loss on the acquisition date.

2.5 Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures

Subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an investee that is controlled by the Group. The Group controls an investee when it is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

In determining whether the Group has control over an investee requires management judgment. In exercising its judgement, management considers the proportion of its ownership interest and voting rights, the Group's decision making authority over the investee, as well as the Group's overall exposure to variable returns.

In the Company's balance sheet, investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment losses.

Associates and joint ventures

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control over the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee.

A joint venture is a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties undertake an economic activity that is subject to joint control, where the strategic financial and operating decisions relating to the activity require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control and the joint arrangement provides the Group with rights to the net assets of the arrangement.

The Group accounts for its investment in associates and joint ventures using the equity method from the date on which it becomes an associate or joint venture.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.5 Subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures (cont'd)

Associates and joint ventures (cont'd)

On acquisition of the investment, any excess of the cost of the investment over the Group's share of the net fair value of the investee's identifiable assets and liabilities represents goodwill and is included in the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Group's share of the net fair value of the investee's identifiable assets and liabilities over the cost of the investment is included as income in the determination of the entity's share of the associate or joint venture's profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

Under the equity method, the investment in associates or joint ventures is carried in the statement of financial position at cost plus post-acquisition changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associates or joint ventures. The profit or loss reflects the share of the results of the operations of the associates or joint ventures. Distributions received from the associates or joint ventures reduce the carrying amount of the investment. Where there has been a change recognised in other comprehensive income by the associates or joint ventures, the Group recognises its share of such changes in other comprehensive income. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associates or joint ventures are eliminated to the extent of the interests in the associates or joint ventures.

When the Group's share of losses in an associate or joint venture equals or exceeds its interest in the associate or joint venture, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture.

After application of the equity method, the Group determines whether it is necessary to recognise an additional impairment loss on the Group's investment in its associates or joint ventures. The Group determines at the end of each reporting period whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate or joint venture is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate or joint venture and its carrying value and recognises the amount in profit or loss.

Upon loss of significant influence or joint control over the associate or joint venture, the Group measures the retained interest at fair value. Any difference between the fair value of the aggregate of the retained interest and proceeds from disposal against the carrying amount of the investment at the date the equity method was discontinued is recognised in profit or loss.

The most recently available audited financial statements of the associates and joint ventures are used by the Group in applying the equity method. Where the dates of the audited financial statements used are not coterminous with those of the Group, the share of results is arrived at from the last audited financial statements available and unaudited management financial statements to the end of the accounting period. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

2.6 Transactions with non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interest represents the equity in subsidiaries not attributable, directly or indirectly, to owners of the Company.

Changes in the Company's ownership interest in a subsidiary that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions. In such circumstances, the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interest is adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

31 March 2021

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.7 Foreign currency

The financial statements are presented in Singapore Dollars, which is also the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are measured in the respective functional currencies of the Company and its subsidiaries at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the end of the reporting period. Non-monetary items in a foreign currency that are measured in terms of historical cost are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured.

Foreign currency differences arising on translation are generally recognised in profit or loss. However, foreign currency differences arising from the translation of a financial liability designated as a hedge of the net investment in a foreign operation to the extent that the hedge is effective.

Consolidated financial statements

For consolidation purposes, the assets and liabilities of foreign operations including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition are translated into Singapore Dollars at exchange rates at the reporting date and their profit or loss are translated at exchange rates at the date of the transactions. The exchange differences arising on the translation are recognised in other comprehensive income. On disposal of a foreign operation, the component of other comprehensive income relating to that particular foreign operation is recognised in profit or loss.

In the case of a partial disposal without loss of control of a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of the exchange differences are re-attributed to non-controlling interest and are not recognised in profit or loss. For partial disposals of associates or jointly controlled entities that are foreign operations, the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange differences is reclassified to profit or loss.

2.8 Property, plant and equipment

All items of property, plant and equipment are initially recorded at cost. Subsequent to recognition, property, plant and equipment other than freehold land and buildings are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. The cost includes the cost of replacing part of the property, plant and equipment and borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying property, plant and equipment. The accounting policy for borrowing costs is set out in Note 2.19. The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised as an asset if, and only if, it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced in intervals, the Group recognises such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation, respectively. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognised in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.8 Property, plant and equipment (cont'd)

An item of property, plant and equipment is de-recognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss on de-recognition of the asset is included in profit or loss in the year the asset is de-recognised.

The cost of self-constructed assets includes the cost of materials and direct labour, any other costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to a working condition for its intended use, and the cost of dismantling and removing the items and restoring the site on which they are located.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

Judgment is required in determining the useful lives of property, plant and equipment. In determining useful lives, which is based on the period over which an asset is expected to be available for efficient use, the Group considers factors like insurance coverage requirement, maintenance and repair cost, technical or commercial obsolescence, the assets replacement policy and legal or similar limits to the use of the property, plant and equipment.

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated on a straight-line basis at rates which are calculated to write-down their costs to their estimated residual values at the end of their operational lives. Operational lives and residual values are reviewed annually in the light of experience and changing circumstances, and adjusted as appropriate at each balance sheet date. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Freehold buildings – 50 to 55 years

Leasehold land and buildings – according to the lease period or 30 years whichever is the shorter

Office fittings and fixtures, office and commercial equipment, — 1 to 12 years

fixed and mobile ground support equipment

Motor vehicles – 1 to 10 years

Assets under construction included in plant and equipment are not depreciated as these assets are not yet available for use.

The carrying values of property, plant and equipment are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

2.9 Investment properties

Investment properties are properties that are either owned by the Group that are held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation, or both, rather than for use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes, or in the ordinary course of business. Investment properties comprise completed investment properties.

Investment properties are stated at cost, net of depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on the straight-line basis so as to write off the cost of the investment properties over its estimated useful lives of 10 to 30 years. Operational lives and residual values are reviewed annually in the light of experience and changing circumstances, and adjusted as appropriate at each balance sheet date.

Investment properties are de-recognised when either they have been disposed of or when the investment property is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefit is expected from its disposal. Any gains or losses on the retirement or disposal of an investment property are recognised in the profit or loss in the year of retirement or disposal.

Transfers are made to or from investment property only when there is a change in use. Transfers between investment property and owner-occupied property do not change the carrying amount of the property transferred and they do not change the cost of that property for measurement or disclosure purposes.

31 March 2021

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.10 Intangible assets

Goodwill

Goodwill is initially measured at cost. Following initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units.

The cash-generating units to which goodwill has been allocated are tested for impairment annually and whenever there is an indication that the cash-generating unit may be impaired. Impairment is determined for goodwill by assessing the recoverable amount of each cash-generating unit (or group of cash-generating units) to which the goodwill relates. Where the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than the carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised for goodwill are not reversed in subsequent periods.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that cash-generating unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative fair values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

Other intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured initially at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial acquisition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalised development costs, are not capitalised and expenditure is reflected in profit or loss in the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

The Group and Company do not have other intangible assets with indefinite useful life.

Intangible assets with finite useful lives are amortised over the estimated useful lives and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method are reviewed at least at each financial year end. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortisation period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Gains or losses arising from de-recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the profit or loss when the asset is de-recognised.

(i) Software development

Software development is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses, if any. The cost is amortised using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of 3 to 5 years.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.10 Intangible assets (cont'd)

Other intangible assets (cont'd)

(ii) Licences

Licences comprise the abattoir licence which was acquired in a business combination. The abattoir licence is amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 14 years.

(iii) Customer relationships

Customer relationships were acquired in business combinations. The customer relationships are amortised on a straight-line basis over its estimated useful life of 10 to 15 years.

2.11 Financial assets

(i) Recognition and initial measurement

Trade receivables and debt investments are initially recognised when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognised when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

(ii) Classification and subsequent measurement

Non-derivative financial assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortised cost; fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) or fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL).

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Group changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

Financial assets at amortised cost

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows;
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Equity investments at FVOCI

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held-for-trading, the Group may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

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2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.11 Financial assets (cont'd)

(ii) Classification and subsequent measurement (cont'd)

Financial assets at FVTPL

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortised cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortised cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

Financial assets: Business model assessment

The Group makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice;
- how the performance of the respective financial assets is evaluated and reported to the Group's management:
- · the risks that affect the performance of the business model and how those risks are managed; and
- the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered sales for this purpose, consistent with the Group's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held-for-trading or are managed and whose performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

Assessment of whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Group considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Group considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable rate features;
- prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Group's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse features).

A prepayment feature is consistent with the solely payments of principal and interest criterion if the prepayment amount substantially represents unpaid amounts of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, which may include reasonable additional compensation for early termination of the contract. Additionally, for a financial asset acquired at a significant discount or premium to its contractual par amount, a feature that permits or requires prepayment at an amount that substantially represents the contractual par amount plus accrued (but unpaid) contractual interest (which may also include reasonable additional compensation for early termination) is treated as consistent with this criterion if the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant at initial recognition.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.11 Financial assets (cont'd)

(ii) Classification and subsequent measurement (cont'd)

Non-derivative financial assets

Subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial assets at FVTPL

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets at amortised cost

These assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. The amortised cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognised in profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive income (OCI) and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

(iii) De-recognition

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Group neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset. The Group enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognised in its statement of financial position, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

(iv) Derivatives and hedge accounting

Derivatives are used to manage exposures to foreign exchange, interest rate risks arising from operational, financing and investment activities. Derivatives are not used for trading purposes. However, derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are accounted for as FVTPL. Embedded derivatives are separated from the host contract and accounted for separately if the host contract is not a financial asset and certain criteria are met.

Derivatives are initially measured at fair value and any directly attributable transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred. Subsequent to initial recognition, derivatives are measured at fair value, and changes therein are generally recognised in profit or loss.

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2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.11 Financial assets (cont'd)

(iv) Derivatives and hedge accounting (cont'd)

Where derivatives qualify for hedge accounting, at inception of designated hedging relationships, the Group documents the risk management objective and strategy for undertaking the hedge. The Group also documents the economic relationship between the hedged item and the hedging instrument, including whether the changes in cash flows of the hedged item and hedging instrument are expected to offset each other. The Group's accounting policy for Hedges of a Net Investment is set out in Note 2.24.

Hedging relationships designated under FRS 39 that were still existing as at 31 March 2018 are treated as continuing hedges and hedge documentations were aligned accordingly to the requirements of SFRS(I) 9.

2.12 Inventories

Inventories, which consist mainly of equipment spare parts and food supplies, are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Costs are determined using the weighted average cost basis, and comprise all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Where necessary, allowance is provided for damaged, obsolete and slow moving items to adjust the carrying value of inventories to the lower of cost and net realisable value.

2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and highly liquid fixed deposits that are readily converted to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in fair value.

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and cash equivalents in banks, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

2.14 Impairment of non-financial and financial assets

(i) Non-derivative financial assets

The Group recognises loss allowances for expected credit losses ("ECLs") on:

- financial assets measured at amortised costs;
- intra-group financial guarantee contracts.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.14 Impairment of non-financial and financial assets (cont'd)

(i) Non-derivative financial assets (cont'd)

Loss allowances of the Group are measured on either of the following bases:

- 12-month ECLs: these are ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 months after the reporting date (or for a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months); or
- Lifetime ECLs: these are ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

Simplified approach

The Group applies the simplified approach to provide for ECLs for all trade receivables and contract assets. The simplified approach requires the loss allowance to be measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

General approach

The Group applies the general approach to provide for ECLs on all other financial instruments and FGCs. Under the general approach, the loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs at initial recognition.

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether the credit risk of a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition. When credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition, loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECLs, the Group considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis, based on the Group's historical experience and informed credit assessment and includes forward-looking information.

If credit risk has not increased significantly since initial recognition or if the credit quality of the financial instruments improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, loss allowance is measured at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs.

The Group assumes that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly if it is more than 30 days past due.

The Group considers a financial asset to be in default when:

- the borrower is unlikely to pay its credit obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held); or
- the financial asset is more than 90 days past due.

The Group considers a contract asset to be in default when the customer is unlikely to pay its contractual obligations to the Group in full, without recourse by the Group to actions such as realising security (if any is held).

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

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2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.14 Impairment of non-financial and financial assets (cont'd)

(i) Non-derivative financial assets (cont'd)

Measurement of ECLs

ECLs are probability-weighted estimates of credit losses. Credit losses are measured at the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive). ECLs are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

Credit-impaired financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortised cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the debtor;
- breach of contract such as a default or being more than 90 days past due;
- the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise;
- it is probable that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

Presentation of allowance for ECLs in the statement of financial position

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of these assets.

Write-off

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off (either partially or in full) to the extent that there is no realistic prospect of recovery. This is generally the case when the Group determines that the debtor does not have assets or sources of income that could generate sufficient cash flows to repay the amounts subject to the write-off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Group's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

(ii) Non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when an annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount.

An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account, if available. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.14 Impairment of non-financial and financial assets (cont'd)

(ii) Non-financial assets (cont'd)

The Group bases its impairment calculation on detailed budgets and forecast calculations which are prepared separately for each of the Group's cash-generating units to which the individual assets are allocated. These budgets and forecast calculations generally cover a period of five years. For longer periods, a long-term growth rate is calculated and applied to project future cash flows after the fifth year.

Impairment losses of continuing operations are recognised in profit or loss.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognised impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Group estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the asset's recoverable amount since the last impairment loss was recognised. If that is the case, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to its recoverable amount. That increase cannot exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised previously. Such reversal is recognised in profit or loss.

2.15 Financial liabilities

(i) Initial recognition, classification, subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial liabilities are recognised when, and only when, the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. The Group determines the classification of its financial liabilities at initial recognition.

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortised cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognised in profit or loss. Directly attributable transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss as incurred.

Other financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value less directly attributable transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss. These financial liabilities comprised term loans, bank overdrafts, and trade and other payables.

(ii) De-recognition

The Group derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Group also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognised at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognised in profit or loss.

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2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.15 Financial liabilities (cont'd)

(iii) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the statements of financial position, when and only when, there is a currently enforceable legal right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.16 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) where, as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Provisions are reviewed at the end of each reporting period and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance costs.

2.17 Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

(i) As a lessee

At commencement or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of its relative stand-alone prices. However, for the leases of property, the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

The Group recognises a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term, unless the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group will exercise a purchase option. In that case the right-of-use asset will be depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset, which is determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.17 Leases (cont'd)

(i) As a lessee (cont'd)

The right-of-use asset is subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, except for right-of-use assets that meet the definition of investment property are carried at fair value in accordance with Note 15.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

The Group determines its incremental borrowing rate by obtaining interest rates from various external financing sources and makes certain adjustments to reflect the terms of the lease and type of the asset leased.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- the exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise, lease
 payments in an optional renewal period if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension
 option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain not to
 terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option or if there is a revised in-substance fixed lease payment.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Group presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment property in 'property, plant and equipment' and lease liabilities in 'loans and borrowings' in the statement of financial position.

Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for leases of low-value assets and short-term leases, including IT equipment. The Group recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

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2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.17 Leases (cont'd)

(ii) As a lessor

At inception or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices.

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease.

To classify each lease, the Group makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then it is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Group considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sub-lease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sub-lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. If a head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the exemption described above, then it classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, then the Group applies SFRS(I) 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers to allocate the consideration in the contract.

The Group recognises lease payments received from investment property under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as part of 'revenue'. Rental income from sub-leased property is recognised as "other income".

Generally, the accounting policies applicable to the Group as a lessor in the comparative period were not different from SFRS(I) 16 except for the classification of the sub-lease entered into during current reporting period that resulted in a finance lease classification.

2.18 Taxes

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period, in the countries where the Group operates and generates taxable income.

Current income taxes are recognised in profit or loss except to the extent that the tax relates to items recognised outside profit or loss, either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.18 Taxes (cont'd)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method on temporary differences at the end of reporting period between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all temporary differences, except:

- Where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised except:

- Where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition
 of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction,
 affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss; and
- In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of each reporting period.

Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside profit or loss is recognised outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity and deferred tax arising from a business combination is adjusted against goodwill on acquisition.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Tax benefits acquired as part of a business combination, but not satisfying the criteria for separate recognition at that date, would be recognised subsequently if new information about facts and circumstances changed. The adjustment would either be treated as a reduction to goodwill (as long as it does not exceed goodwill) if it is incurred during the measurement period or in profit or loss.

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2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.18 Taxes (cont'd)

Sales tax

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of sales tax except:

- Where the sales tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the sales tax is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- Receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of sales tax included.

The net amount of sales tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is included as part of receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

2.19 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are capitalised as part of the cost of qualifying asset if they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of that asset. Capitalisation of borrowing costs commences when the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress and the expenditure and borrowing costs are incurred. Borrowing costs are capitalised until the assets are substantially completed for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

2.20 Employee benefits

Equity compensation plans

The Group has in place an Employee Share Option Plan (the "Plan") for the granting of share options to senior executives and all other employees to subscribe for ordinary shares in the Company. The exercise price approximates the market value of the ordinary shares on the date of grant.

The Group has also implemented the Restricted Share Plan and Performance Share Plan for awarding of fully paid ordinary shares to key senior management and senior executives, when and after pre-determined performance or service conditions are accomplished. Details of the plans are disclosed in Note 12 to the financial statements.

The cost of the equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value of the options or awards at the date on which the share options or awards are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. In valuing the share options, no account is taken of any performance conditions, other than conditions linked to the price of the shares of the Company. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 12.

Costs related to share based payment are recognised in profit or loss, with a corresponding increase in the share-based compensation reserve, over the vesting period in which the service conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award ("the vesting date"). Non-market vesting conditions are included in the estimation of the number of shares under options that are expected to become exercisable on the vesting date. At each balance sheet date, the Group revises its estimates of the number of shares under options that are expected to become exercisable on the vesting date and recognises the impact of the revision of the estimates in profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to the share-based compensation reserve over the remaining vesting period.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.20 Employee benefits (cont'd)

Equity compensation plans (cont'd)

No expense is recognised for options or awards that do not ultimately vest, except for options or awards where vesting is conditional upon a market condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

The share-based compensation reserve is transferred to revenue reserve upon cancellation or expiry of the vested options or awards. When the options are exercised or awards are released, the share-based compensation reserve is transferred to share capital if new shares are issued, or to treasury shares if the options are satisfied by the reissuance of treasury shares.

Defined contribution plans

The Group participates in national pension schemes as defined by the laws of the countries in which it has operations. In particular, the Singapore companies in the Group make contributions to the Central Provident Fund ("CPF") scheme in Singapore, a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions to defined contribution pension schemes are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is performed.

Defined benefit plan

The Group has defined benefit plan in one of its overseas subsidiaries but the amount is not significant and is included under other payables (non-current).

The net defined benefit liability or asset is the aggregate of the present value of the defined benefit obligation (derived using a discount rate based on high quality corporate bonds) at the end of the reporting period reduced by the fair value of plan assets (if any), adjusted for any effect of limiting a net defined benefit asset to the asset ceiling. The asset ceiling is the present value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined separately for each plan using the projected unit credit method.

Defined benefit costs comprise the following:

- Service cost:
- Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset; and
- Remeasurements of net defined benefit liability or asset.

Service costs which include current service costs, past service costs and gains or losses on non-routine settlements are recognised as expense in profit or loss. Past service costs are recognised when plan amendment or curtailment occurs.

Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset is the change during the period in the net defined benefit liability or asset that arises from the passage of time which is determined by applying the discount rate based on high quality corporate bonds to the net defined benefit liability or asset. Net interest on the net defined benefit liability or asset is recognised as expense or income in profit or loss.

Remeasurements comprising actuarial gains and losses, return on plan assets and any change in the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding net interest on defined benefit liability) are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. Remeasurements are recognised in retained earnings within equity and are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods.

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2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.21 Revenue

Goods and services sold

Revenue from sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of business is recognised when the Group satisfies a performance obligation (PO) by transferring control of a promised good or service to the customer. The amount of revenue recognised is the amount of the transaction price allocated to the satisfied PO.

The transaction price is allocated to each PO in the contract on the basis of the relative stand-alone selling prices of the promised goods or services. The individual standalone selling price of a good or service that has not previously been sold on a stand-alone basis, or has a highly variable selling price, is determined based on the residual portion of the transaction price after allocating the transaction price to goods and/or services with observable stand-alone selling prices. A discount or variable consideration is allocated to one or more, but not all, of the performance obligations if it relates specifically to those POs.

The transaction price is the amount of consideration in the contract to which the Group expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring the promised goods or services. The transaction price may be fixed or variable and is adjusted for time value of money if the contract includes a significant financing component. Consideration payable to a customer is deducted from the transaction price if the Group does not receive a separate identifiable benefit from the customer. When consideration is variable, the estimated amount is included in the transaction price to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal of the cumulative revenue will not occur when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is resolved.

Revenue may be recognised at a point in time or over time following the timing of satisfaction of the PO. If a PO is satisfied over time, revenue is recognised based on the percentage of completion reflecting the progress towards complete satisfaction of that PO.

Rental income

Rental income arising from operating leases on investment properties is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Dividend income

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

Interest income

Interest income from investments and fixed deposits is recognised using the effective interest rate method.

2.22 Government grants

Government grants are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attaching conditions will be complied with.

Government grants receivable are recognised as income over the period necessary to match them with the related costs which they are intended to compensate, on a systematic basis. Government grants relating to expense are offset against the related expenses.

2.23 Treasury shares

The Group's own equity instruments, which are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognised at cost and deducted from equity (Note 12). No gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments. Any difference between the carrying amount of treasury shares and the consideration received, if reissued, is recognised directly in equity. Voting rights related to treasury shares are nullified for the Group and no dividends are allocated to them respectively.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (cont'd)

2.24 Hedges of a net investment

The Group uses loans as a hedge of its exposure to foreign exchange risk on its investments in foreign subsidiaries. For more details, refer to Note 27.

When a derivative instrument or a non-derivative financial liability is designated as the hedging instrument in a hedge of a net investment in a foreign operation, the effective portion of, for a derivative, changes in the fair value of the hedging instrument or, for a non-derivative, foreign exchange gains and losses is recognised in OCI and presented in the translation reserve within equity. Any ineffective portion of the changes in the fair value of the derivative or foreign exchange gains and losses on the non-derivative is recognised immediately in profit or loss. The amount recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment on disposal of the foreign operation.

2.25 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the senior management of the Group. The senior management are responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments. Additional disclosures on each of these segments are shown in Note 34, including the factors used to identify the reportable segments and the measurement basis of segment information.

2.26 Related parties

A related party is defined as follows:

- (i) A person or a close member of that person's family is related to the Group and Company if that person:
 - (a) has control or joint control over the Company;
 - (b) has significant influence over the Company; or
 - (c) is a member of the key management personnel of the Group or Company or of a parent of the Company.
- (ii) An entity is related to the Group and the Company if any of the following conditions applies:
 - the entity and the Company are members of the same group (which means that each parent, subsidiary and fellow subsidiary is related to the others);
 - (b) one entity is an associate or joint venture of the other entity (or an associate or joint venture of a member of a group of which the other entity is a member);
 - (c) both entities are joint ventures of the same third party;
 - (d) one entity is a joint venture of a third entity and the other entity is an associate of the third entity;
 - the entity is a post-employment benefit plan for the benefit of employees of either the Company or an entity related to the Company. If the Company is itself such a plan, the sponsoring employers are also related to the Company;
 - (f) the entity is controlled or jointly controlled by a person identified in (i); or
 - (g) a person identified in (i)(a) has significant influence over the entity or is a member of the key management personnel of the entity (or of a parent of the entity).

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3. Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with SFRS(I) requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Information about critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amount recognised in the financial statements; and information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment within the next financial year are discussed below.

3.1 Business impact and financial implications of the COVID-19 pandemic

The COVID-19 pandemic has significantly impacted the aviation industry with the cancellation of many international and regional flights by airlines and lockdown of various countries around the world. This has led to a sharp reduction in aviation passenger volumes and has an immediate and direct impact on the profitability for the Group.

In addition to the loss in revenue, the Group has also considered the impact of COVID-19 pandemic in the following areas:

(i) Accounting for government assistance grants

In view of the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic to the companies in Singapore, the Singapore Government has announced a series of reliefs in the Singapore Budget (and subsequent supplementary Budgets) to help ease the cost pressures of the Singapore companies. A significant portion of the reliefs comes under the Jobs Support Scheme ("JSS") whereby the Singapore Government provide wage support to employers to help them retain their local employees during this period of economic uncertainty.

Consequently, the Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants has issued a Financial Reporting Bulletin 6 ("FRB 6 – Revised Sep 2020"), COVID-19 Government Relief Measures: Accounting for the grant provided by the Singapore Government for wages paid to local employees under the Jobs Support Scheme, where it provides accounting guidance and key consideration in accounting for the government grants that were given by the Government. In line with SFRS(I) 1-20 Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosures of Government Assistance, government grant is recognised (i) when there is reasonable assurance that it will comply with the conditions attached to them and the grants will be received; and (ii) it shall be recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the period of 17 months in which the entity recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

Significant judgement is required in determining the timing of recognition of grant receivable and realisation to profit or loss on a systematic basis over a period. In recognition of the government grants, management has evaluated and assessed that the commencement of the grant recognition relating to JSS will be from February 2020 till June 2021. For the financial year ended 31 March 2021, the Group recorded a total of government grants amounting to \$210.7 million (2020: \$23.7 million) as a credit to staff costs (Note 5) in line with the intention of the grants to defray such expenses.

3. Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgements (cont'd)

3.1 Business impact and financial implications of the COVID-19 pandemic (cont'd)

(i) Accounting for government assistance grants (cont'd)

In February 2021, the Singapore Government has announced a further extension of the JSS to support wages for another six months. The Group will continue to recognise the additional wage support systematically over the period that the related expenses shall be incurred in the next financial year.

In addition, the Group has also obtained training grants from the Singapore Government in order to reskill and upskill its workforce. Training grants are recognised over the period in which the entity recognises the related training costs. For the financial year ended 31 March 2021, the Group recorded a total of training grants amounting to \$40.5 million as a credit to Other Costs in line with the intention of the grants to defray such expenses.

(ii) Estimated credit losses

As COVID-19 continues to evolve with economic uncertainties and adversely impact the aviation sector, certain airlines may potentially face the need to recapitalise and establish refinancing and capitalisation plans. The estimates on ECL have included the expected effects that pandemic may have on the recoverability of the Group's receivables from the airline customers (Note 31). Management has made a provision for the amount due from those airlines with a sign of financial distress but without a concrete recapitalisation or refinancing and capitalisation plan up to the date of these financial statements.

(iii) Solvency and liquidity

The Group's earnings and operating cashflows faced headwinds from the impact of COVID-19 pandemic and the Group is carefully managing its expenditure in this difficult environment. As at 31 March 2021, the Group has a cash balance of \$879.8 million (2020: \$549.2 million) giving a debt-equity ratio of 0.56 (2020: 0.39). This has further strengthened its balance sheet hence allowing the Group to weather the impact from COVID-19 pandemic. In addition, the Group maintains access to undrawn credit facilities and debt capital markets and has financial resources to meet its obligations when they fall due.

3.2 Impairment of non-financial assets

An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit ("CGU") exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. The fair value less costs of disposal calculation is based on available data from binding sales transactions in an arm's length transaction of similar assets or observable market prices less incremental costs for disposing the asset. The value in use for calculation is based on a discounted cash flow model. The cash flows are derived from the forecast for the next five to ten years and do not include restructuring activities that the Group has not commit to or significant future investments that may enhance the asset's performance of the cash-generating unit being tested. The recoverable amount is most sensitive to the discount rate used for the discounted cash flow model as well as the expected future cash inflows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes.

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3. Significant Accounting Estimates and Judgements (cont'd)

3.2 Impairment of non-financial assets (cont'd)

The travel restrictions due to the COVID-19 pandemic have resulted in a significant amount of economic uncertainty in the current and future economic environment in which the Group operates. Given the pervasiveness of the pandemic, the Group's management has considered and evaluated the impact of COVID-19 pandemic by reviewing the impairment assessment of the Group's significant CGUs in light of the economic and market conditions. Significant judgement is required in determining the recoverable amount of the investments which is subject to a high degree of estimation uncertainty in assessing the duration and severity of the economic downturn caused by the pandemic and recovery of air travel demand. Impairment charges of \$31.5 million (2020: \$11.9 million), \$12.5 million and \$24.7 million were recorded for investments in associates (Note 18), long-term investment (Note 20) and goodwill (Note 16) respectively. Further details of the key assumptions applied in the impairment assessment of goodwill are given in Note 16 to the financial statements.

The Group has also carried out a review on the recoverability of its property, plant and equipment that are impacted by COVID-19 pandemic. A total impairment loss of \$24.1 million (2020: \$2.3 million) and net write-off of nil (2020: \$4.4 million) were recorded in the income statement (Note 8).

3.3 Income taxes

Uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation of complex tax regulations and the amount and timing of future taxable income. Given the wide range of international business relationships and the long-term nature and complexity of existing contractual agreements, differences arising between the actual results and the assumptions made, or future changes to such assumptions, could necessitate future adjustments to tax provisions already recorded.

The Group establishes provisions, based on reasonable estimates, for possible consequences of audits by the tax authorities of the respective countries in which it operates. The amount of such provisions is based on various factors, such as experience of previous tax audits and differing interpretations of tax regulations by the taxable entity and the relevant tax authority. Such differences of interpretation may arise on a wide variety of issues depending on the conditions prevailing in the respective company's domicile.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

4. Revenue

The Group recognises revenue from the following sources:

		GROUP	
	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000	
Food Solutions	573,753	1,070,477	
Gateway Services	389,749	868,812	
Others (rental and other services)	6,495	1,927	
	969,997	1,941,216	

Revenue is measured based on consideration specified in contracts with customers.

Food Solutions

Revenue from Food Solutions comprises revenue from inflight and institutional catering, food processing, distribution and airline laundry services. Revenue is recognised when goods and services are delivered to the customer and all criteria to acceptance have been satisfied. Payments are due from customers based on the agreed billing term stipulated in the contracts.

Gateway Services

Revenue from Gateway Services comprises revenue from ground handling, airport cargo delivery, management services, aviation security services and cruise terminal services. Revenue is recognised when services are delivered to the customer and all criteria to acceptance have been satisfied. Payments are due from customers based on the agreed billing term stipulated in the contracts.

Others

Others include rental income and others services. Revenue is recognised when it transfers control of a product to a customer or as and when services are rendered.

5. Staff Costs

		GROUP	
	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000	
Salaries, bonuses and other costs*	514,976	789,137	
CPF and other defined contributions	69,250	103,241	
Share-based payment expense (Note 12)	8,787	10,756	
Government grants	(210,748)	(23,689)	
	382,265	879,445	

^{*} Included in salaries, bonuses and other costs are contract labour expenses of \$27,910,000 (2020: \$119,835,000).

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6. Operating (Loss)/Profit

		GROUP
	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000
The following items have been included in arriving at operating profit:		
Directors' fees (Note 29)	980	1,162
Audit fee paid to auditors of the Company	513	541
Audit fee paid to other auditors	336	380
Non-audit fee paid to auditors of the Company	118	102
Non-audit fee paid to other auditors of the Company	227	70
Allowance for doubtful receivables and bad debts written off, net	13,681	4,030
Maintenance of equipment and vehicles	30,680	43,980
Digitalisation and IT expenses	39,203	34,426
Lease of ground support equipment	5,882	9,667
Rental for leasehold land and premises	5,719	6,926
COVID-19 related government grants and reliefs	(271,796)	(26,967)
Exchange loss/(gain), net	1,616	(1,289)

7. Interest on Borrowings and Interest Income

		GROUP	
	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000	
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
- Interest expenses	(20,509)	(7,599)	
Financial assets measured at amortised cost			
- Interest income	4,816	3,860	
	(15,693)	(3,739)	

8. Other Non-Operating Loss, Net

	GRO	DUP
	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000
Gain/(loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	4	(1,757)
Write-back of earn-out consideration	13,693	_
Impairment loss on investment in associates, long-term investment and intangible assets	(68,751)	(11,900)
Impairment loss on property, plant and equipment	(24,079)	(2,307)
Accelerated recognition of government grant for impaired property, plant and equipment	7,498	_
Write-off of property, plant and equipment	_	(4,465)
Others	(24)	85
	(71,659)	(20,344)

9. Income Tax (Credit)/Expense

The major components of income tax expense for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020 are:

	GROUP	
	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000
Current income tax:		
Current income taxation	11,215	42,587
Under/(over) provision in respect of prior years	193	(5,610)
	11,408	36,977
Deferred income tax (Note 21):		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(48,530)	(1,498)
Over provision of deferred taxation in respect of prior years	(470)	(627)
Withholding tax expenses on share of results of associates/joint ventures	1,440	3,448
Income tax (credit)/expense recognised in profit or loss	(36,152)	38,300

Reconciliation of effective tax rate

	GROUP	
	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000
Profit before tax	(145,449)	213,906
Taxation at statutory tax rate of 17% (2020: 17%)	(24,726)	36,364
Adjustments:		
Non-deductible expenses	16,145	8,842
Effect of different tax rates in other countries	(9,952)	1,070
Effect of reduction in tax rate	(17)	_
Tax rebate	(58)	(51)
Under/(over) provision of current taxation in respect of prior years	193	(5,610)
Over provision of deferred taxation in respect of prior years	(470)	(627)
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses/capital allowances	(567)	(167)
Tax exempt income	(27,678)	(6,003)
Effect of share of results of associates/joint ventures	7,996	(1,924)
Withholding tax expenses on share of results of associates/joint ventures	1,440	3,448
Deferred tax assets not recognised	1,536	1,753
Others	6	1,205
Income tax (credit)/expense recognised in profit or loss	(36,152)	38,300

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10. (Loss)/Earnings Per Share

		GROUP
	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000
(Loss)/profit attributable to owners of the Company	(78,929)	168,362
		GROUP
	2020-21	2019-20
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue used		
for computing basic earnings per share	1,118,729,203	1,117,071,837
Adjustment for share options, RSP and PSP	4,290,538	5,327,529
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue used for computing diluted earnings per share	1,123,019,741	1,122,399,366
Earnings per share (cents)		
Basic	(7.1)	15.1
Diluted	(7.0)	15.0

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year.

For purposes of calculating diluted earnings per share, the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue is adjusted to take into account the dilutive effect of share based payment plans of the Company.

11. Dividends Paid

The following exempt (one-tier) dividends were declared and paid by the Group and Company to owners of the Company:

	GROUP A	AND COMPANY
	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000
Dividends paid:		
Final dividend of nil (2020: 13 cents) per ordinary share in respect of previous financial year	_	145,360
Interim dividend of nil (2020: 6 cents) per ordinary share in respect of current financial year	_	67,092
	-	212,452

No final tax exempt (one-tier) dividend was proposed for the financial year ended 31 March 2021.

12. Share Capital and Treasury Shares

Share Capital

	GROUP AND COMPANY 31 March			
	2021 2020 2021 Number of shares Number of shares \$'000			
Ordinary shares				
Balance at beginning and end of the year	1,124,056,275	1,124,056,275	367,947	367,947

The holders of ordinary shares (except treasury shares) are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company. All ordinary shares carry one vote per share without restriction. All issued shares are fully paid, with no par value.

No ordinary shares were issued pursuant to equity compensation plans during the year and in previous financial year.

Treasury Shares

	GROUP AND COMPANY 31 March			
	2021 Number of shares	2020 Number of shares	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
At beginning of the year	5,867,355	9,697,355	26,017	43,000
Shares acquired	535,000	_	1,568	_
Shares reissued pursuant to equity compensation plans	(2,039,400)	(3,830,000)	(8,787)	(16,983)
At end of the year	4,362,955	5,867,355	18,798	26,017

Treasury shares relate to ordinary shares of the Company that are held by the Company.

During the year, 2,039,400 (2020: 3,830,000) treasury shares were reissued pursuant to the equity compensation plans of which 2,039,400 (2020: 1,673,700) were reissued for the Restricted Share Plan, and nil (2020: 2,156,300) was reissued for the Performance Share Plan.

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12. Share Capital and Treasury Shares (cont'd)

Share-Based Incentive Plans

The Restricted Share Plan ("RSP") and Performance Share Plan ("PSP") are share-based incentive plans for management staff, which were approved by the shareholders of the Company on 19 July 2005. Both share plans which expired in July 2015 were subsequently approved during the 41st Annual General Meeting held on 23 July 2014 for further extension of 10 years to July 2025.

The details of the two plans are described below:

Restricted Share Plan ("R For grants in FY2017-18 a	RSP") nd FY2019-20 to FY2020-21				
Plan description	Award of fully-paid ordinary shares of the Company, conditional on achievement of both corporate pre-determined performance targets set over one-year period an individual performance.				
Performance conditions	Group Returns on Equity performance (FY2017-18). Company financial and operating achievements (FY2019-20 and FY 2020-21).				
Vesting condition	Equal vesting over a three-year period.				
Payout	0% – 120% depending on the achievement based on prior financial year.				
Plan description	Award of fully-paid ordinary shares of the Company, conditional on achievement of both				
Performance Share Plan For grants in FY2017-18 to	FY2020-21				
Performance conditions	pre-determined performance targets set at the start of a three-year overlapping performance period based on stretched long-term corporate objectives and individual performance. • Absolute Total Shareholder Return				
T chomianoe conditions	Relative Total Shareholder Return (FY2017-18)				
	Transformation Scorecard (FY2018-19 to FY2020-21)				
Vesting condition	Vesting based on meeting specified performance conditions over a three-year performance period.				
Payout	0% – 150% depending on the achievement of specified performance targets over the performance period.				

12. Share Capital and Treasury Shares (cont'd)

Share-Based Incentive Plans (cont'd)

Fair values of RSP and PSP

The fair value of services received in return for shares awarded is measured by reference to the fair value of shares granted each year under the SATS RSP and PSP. The estimate of the fair value of the services received is measured based on a Monte Carlo simulation model, which involves projection of future outcomes using statistical distributions of key random variables including share price and volatility of returns.

The following table lists the inputs to the model used for the awards:

RSP	Aug 2020	Jun 2019	Aug 2017
Expected dividend yield (%)	N	lanagement's foreca	st
Expected volatility (%)	28.3	13.8	14.5
Risk-free interest rate (%)	0.2 - 0.3	1.7 – 1.9	1.1 – 1.4
Expected term (years)	0.0 – 1.9	0.0 - 2.0	0.9 - 2.9
Share price at date of grant (\$)	2.91	5.27	4.85

PSP	Aug 2020	Aug 2019	Dec 2018	Aug 2017
Expected dividend yield (%)		Manageme	nt's forecast	
Expected volatility (%)	26.1	16.2	16.3	14.5
Risk-free interest rate (%)	0.3	1.72	1.99	1.44
Expected term (years)	2.9	2.9	2.6	2.9
Index (for Relative TSR)	STI	NA	NA	MSCI Asia Pacific ex-Japan Industrial Index
Index volatility (%)	17.6	NA	NA	12.95
Correlation with index (%)	0.7	NA	NA	1.7
Share price at date of grant (\$)	2.91	4.82	4.60	4.85

For non-market conditions, achievement factors are determined based on inputs from the Remuneration and Human Resource Committee for the purpose of accrual for the RSP until the achievement of the targets can be accurately ascertained.

Movement of RSP and PSP shares award during the year

RSP	Number of restricted shares								
Date of grant	Balance at 01.04.2020/ Date of grant	Vested	Forfeited	Adjustment	Balance at 31.03.2021				
01.08.2017	476,200	(472,400)	(3,800)	_	_				
24.06.2019	1,242,100	(626,600)	(46,800)	_	568,700				
20.08.2020	1,102,500	(377,000)	(67,300)	_	658,200				
01.10.2020	446,100	(446,100)	_	_	_				
12.10.2020	117,300	(117,300)	_	_	_				
	3,384,200	(2,039,400)	(117,900)	_	1,226,900				

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12. Share Capital and Treasury Shares (cont'd)

Share-Based Incentive Plans (cont'd)

Fair values of RSP and PSP (cont'd)

Movement of RSP and PSP shares award during the year (cont'd)

PSP	Number of performance shares								
Date of grant	Balance at 01.04.2020/ Date of grant	Vested	Forfeited	Adjustment#	Balance at 31.03.2021				
01.08.2017	1,437,000	_	_	(1,437,000)	_				
14.12.2018	745,000	_	(50,000)	_	695,000				
01.08.2019	700,000	_	(65,000)	_	635,000				
20.08.2020	1,282,500	_	(185,000)	_	1,097,500				
	4,164,500	_	(300,000)	(1,437,000)	2,427,500				

[#] Adjustments due to the performance factor at the end of the performance period upon meeting stated performance targets.

The estimated weighted average fair values at date of grant for each share granted during the year under the PSP is \$1.35 (2020: \$3.52) based on the Monte Carlo simulation model.

For performance share grants with non-market conditions, the Group revises its estimates of the number of share grants expected to vest and corresponding adjustments are made to the income statement and share-based compensation reserve.

Under the PSP, eligible key executives are required to hold a portion of the shares released to them under a share ownership guideline which requires them to maintain a beneficial ownership stake in the Company, thus further aligning their interests with shareholders.

The number of contingent shares granted but not released as at 31 March 2021 were 1,226,900 (2020: 1,718,300) and 2,427,500 (2020: 2,882,000) for RSP and PSP respectively. Based on the achievement factor, the actual release of the awards is 1,226,900 (2020: 1,718,300) and zero to a maximum of 3,641,250 (2020: zero to maximum of 4,323,000) fully-paid ordinary shares of the Company, for RSP and PSP respectively.

The total amount of share-based payment expenses recognised in profit or loss based on the fair values determined on grant date and estimation of share grants that will ultimately vest are summarised as follows:

		GROUP
	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000
Share-based payment expense		
Restricted share plan	6,747	8,094
Performance share plan	2,040	2,662
	8,787	10,756

13. Reserves

(a) Share-Based Compensation Reserve

Share-based compensation reserve represents the equity-settled share options, restricted and performance shares granted to employees. The reserve is made up of the cumulative value of services received from employees recorded on grant of equity-settled share options, restricted and performance shares, net of cumulative shares vested.

(b) Statutory Reserve

Certain countries in which some of the Group's associates are incorporated legally require statutory reserves to be set aside. The laws of the countries restrict the distribution and use of these statutory reserves.

(c) Foreign Currency Translation Reserve

The foreign currency translation reserve represents exchange differences arising from the translation of the financial statements of foreign operations whose functional currencies are different from that of the Group's presentation currency.

The foreign currency translation reserve is also used to record the effect of hedging of net investments in a foreign operation (Note 27).

(d) Fair Value Reserve

Fair value reserve represents the cumulative fair value changes, net of tax, of available-for-sale financial assets, until they are disposed or impaired.

(e) Capital Reserve

Capital reserve comprises acquisitions of non-controlling interests that do not result in a change of control.

(f) Gain or Loss on Reissuance of Treasury Shares

This represents the gain or loss arising from purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of treasury shares. No dividend may be paid, and no other distribution (whether in cash or otherwise) of the Company's assets (including any distribution of assets to members on a winding up) may be made in respect of this reserve.

14. Property, Plant and Equipment and Right-of-Use Assets

			GROUP	со	COMPANY		
	Note	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000		
Property, plant and equipment	14.1	519,671	602,297	18,780	16,861		
Right-of-use assets	14.2	187,716	205,957	63,336	67,037		
		707,387	808,254	82,116	83,898		

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14. Property, Plant and Equipment and Right-of-Use Assets (cont'd)

14.1 Property, Plant and Equipment

GROUP	Freehold land and buildings \$'000	Leasehold land and buildings \$'000	Office fittings and fixtures \$'000	Fixed ground support equipment \$'000	Mobile ground support equipment \$'000	Office and commercial equipment \$'000	Motor vehicles \$'000	Work in progress \$'000	Total \$'000
Cost									
At 1 April 2019	93,234	708,965	175,446	378,168	75,202	58,798	67,763	101,382	1,658,958
Translation	8,311	314	64	(74)	(11)	595	808	1,482	11,489
Reclassifications	_	46,331	17,932	24,880	6,571	572	(5,863)	(90,423)	_
Transfer from investment properties (Note 15)	_	31,865	_	_	_	_	_	_	31,865
Transfer to intangible assets (Note 16)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(11)	(11)
Acquisition of subsidiaries	_	17,929	1,797	14,134	_	606	2,488	853	37,807
Disposal of subsidiary		17,020	1,101	,		(981)	2, 100	555	(981)
•	4,364	4,930	9,512	10,500	7,173	8,253	5,804	23,281	73,817
Additions (Note 25) Disposals	(28)	(6,671)	(615)	(6,368)		(2,385)	•	(465)	•
Write-off	(20)	(0,071)	(1,457)	(2,404)	(2,170)	(2,303)	(3,640)	(2,138)	(22,342)
At 31 March 2020	105,881	803,663	202,679	418,836	86,765	65 150	67,360	33,961	(5,999)
At 31 March 2020	100,001	003,003	202,079	410,030	00,700	65,458	07,300	33,901	1,784,603
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	105,881	803,663	202,679	418,836	86,765	65,458	67,360	33,961	1,784,603
Translation	(9,543)	(1,442)	(358)	460	(261)	(1,141)	(983)	30	(13,238)
Reclassifications	(0,010)	(1,112)	4,103	13,694	410	(453)	(000)	(17,754)	(10,200)
Transfer to intangible assets (Note 16)	_	_	-,100	-	-	-	_	(28)	(28)
Additions (Note 25)	186	2,397	1,239	7,483	2,285	2,078	5,000	17,157	37,825
Disposals	(1,186)	(534)	(12,468)	(3,928)	(306)	(2,078)	(3,375)	(282)	(24,157)
At 31 March 2021	95,338	804,084	195,195	436,545	88,893	63,864	68,002	33,084	1,785,005

14. Property, Plant and Equipment and Right-of-Use Assets (cont'd)

14.1 Property, Plant and Equipment (cont'd)

GROUP	Freehold land and buildings \$'000	Leasehold land and buildings \$'000	Office fittings and fixtures \$'000	Fixed ground support equipment \$'000	Mobile ground support equipment \$'000	Office and commercial equipment \$'000	Motor vehicles \$'000	Work in progress \$'000	Total \$'000
Accumulated depreciation and impairment losses									
At 1 April 2019	18,072	524,565	112,746	314,009	33,542	40,575	36,286	_	1,079,795
Translation	3,059	372	128	_	3	369	437	_	4,368
Reclassifications	_	70	60	4	2,497	(124)	(2,507)	_	_
Transfer from investment properties (Note 15)		26,156						_	26,156
*	5,017	26,384	15,628	12,599	9,716	6,798	5.772	_	81,914
Depreciation	5,017	20,304	13,020	12,599	9,710	0,790	5,772	_	01,914
Acquisition of subsidiaries	_	1,973	1,031	4,827	_	426	1,668	_	9,925
Disposal of subsidiary	_	- 1,070	-	- 1,027	_	(593)	-	_	(593)
Disposals	(12)	(6,670)	(493)	(5,810)	(2,169)	(1,331)	(3,547)	_	(20,032)
Impairment	(/	1,989	(.00)	(0,0.0)	(=,::0)	318	(0,0)	_	2,307
Write off	_	-,,,,,	(517)	(1,017)	_	_	_	_	(1,534)
At 31 March 2020	26,136	574,839	128,583	324,612	43,589	46,438	38,109	_	1,182,306
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	26,136	574,839	128,583	324.612	43,589	46,438	38,109	_	1,182,306
Translation	(3,994)	(67)	(72)	430	(120)	(717)	(487)	_	(5,027)
Reclassifications	(0,001)	(0.)	()	514	(.20)	(514)	(.0.)	_	(0,021)
Depreciation	5,435	27,018	15,922	16,048	9,789	6,607	6,056	_	86,875
Disposals	(669)	(534)	(12,329)	(3,722)	(306)	(2,038)	(3,301)	_	(22,899)
Impairment	_	270	3,371	15,435	22	1,080	1,762	2,139	24,079
At 31 March 2021	26,908	601,526	135,475	353,317	52,974	50,856	42,139	2,139	1,265,334
Carrying amounts									
At 1 April 2019	75,162	184,400	62,700	64,159	41,660	18,223	31,477	101,382	579,163
At 31 March 2020	79,745	228,824	74,096	94,224	43,176	19,020	29,251	33,961	602,297
At 31 March 2021	68,430	202,558	59,720	83,228	35,919	13,008	25,863	30,945	519,671

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14. Property, Plant and Equipment and Right-of-Use Assets (cont'd)

14.1 Property, Plant and Equipment (cont'd)

COMPANY	Fixed ground support equipment \$'000	Mobile ground support equipment \$'000	Office and commercial equipment \$'000	Motor vehicles \$'000	Work in progress \$'000	Total \$'000
Cost						
At 1 April 2019	5,909	4	6,130	198	27,521	39,762
Reclassification/transfer to investment properties						
(Note 15)	1,390	_	24	_	(25,316)	(23,902)
Additions	_	_	1	_	8,549	8,550
Disposals	(43)	(4)	(14)	(82)	_	(143)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	7,256	_	6,141	116	10,754	24,267
Reclassification/transfer to investment properties						
(Note 15)	5,167	-	_	_	(7,209)	(2,042)
Additions	_	_	495	_	5,621	6,116
Disposals	(6)	_	(172)	(27)	_	(205)
At 31 March 2021	12,417		6,464	89	9,166	28,136
Accumulated depreciation						
At 1 April 2019	3,012	1	2,864	101	_	5,978
Depreciation	678	_	834	8	_	1,520
Disposals	(43)	(1)	(14)	(34)	_	(92)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	3,647	_	3,684	75	_	7,406
Depreciation	1,306	_	841	8	_	2,155
Disposals	(6)	_	(172)	(27)	_	(205)
At 31 March 2021	4,947		4,353	56	_	9,356
Carrying amounts						
At 1 April 2019	2,897	3	3,266	97	27,521	33,784
At 31 March 2020	3,609		2,457	41	10,754	16,861
At 31 March 2021	7,470	_	2,111	33	9,166	18,780
	.,		-, · · ·		-,	,

The Group's carrying amount of property, plant and equipment under finance leases is \$2,561,482 (2020: \$1,092,397). In addition to assets held under finance leases, the Group's property, plant and equipment with a carrying amount of \$13,543,000 (2020: \$13,257,000) are pledged to secure the Group's bank loans (Note 27).

14. Property, Plant and Equipment and Right-of-Use Assets (cont'd)

14.2 Right-of-Use Assets

GROUP	Leasehold land and buildings \$'000	Others \$'000	Total \$'000
Cost			7 000
Recognition of right-of-use asset on initial application			
of SFRS(I) 16 on 1 April 2019	177,999	6,181	184,180
Translation	4,337	(22)	4,315
Additions	39,338	_	39,338
Disposals	, _	(381)	(381)
Acquisition of subsidiaries	159	_	159
Disposal of subsidiary	(706)	_	(706)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	221,127	5,778	226,905
Translation	(6,425)	(109)	(6,534)
Additions	16,748	119	16,867
Disposals	(1,765)	(1,704)	(3,469)
At 31 March 2021	229,685	4,084	233,769
Accumulated depreciation Recognition of right-of-use asset on initial application of SFRS(I) 16 on 1 April 2019	_	_	_
Translation	128	12	140
Amortisation	18,509	2,459	20,968
Disposals	_	(160)	(160)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	18,637	2,311	20,948
Translation	(547)	(55)	(602)
Amortisation	25,750	1,526	27,276
Disposals	(744)	(825)	(1,569)
At 31 March 2021	43,096	2,957	46,053
Carrying amounts			
At 31 March 2020	202,490	3,467	205,957
At 31 March 2021	186,589	1,127	187,716

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14. Property, Plant and Equipment and Right-of-Use Assets (cont'd)

14.2 Right-of-Use Assets (cont'd)

	Leasehold land		
COMPANY	and buildings \$'000	Others \$'000	Total \$'000
Cost			
Recognition of right-of-use asset on initial application			
of SFRS(I) 16 on 1 April 2019	69,018	_	69,018
Additions	1,877	_	1,877
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	70,895	_	70,895
Additions	195	_	195
At 31 March 2021	71,090	_	71,090
Recognition of right-of-use asset on initial application of SFRS(I) 16 on 1 April 2019	_	_	_
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	_	_	_
Amortisation	3,858	_	3,858
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	3,858	_	3,858
Amortisation	3,896	_	3,896
Amortisation			3,090
At 31 March 2021	7,754	_	7,754
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-
At 31 March 2021	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	-

15. Investment Properties

	GROUP \$'000	COMPANY \$'000
Cost		
At 1 April 2019	48,157	775,723
Transfer (to)/from property, plant and equipment (Note 14)	(31,865)	23,902
Additions	_	29
Disposals	_	(553)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	16,292	799,101
Transfer from property, plant and equipment (Note 14)	_	2,042
Additions	_	16
Disposals	(6,663)	(6,663)
At 31 March 2021	9,629	794,496
Accumulated depreciation At 1 April 2019 Depreciation Transfer to property, plant and equipment (Note 14) Disposals	40,568 841 (26,156)	568,944 29,660 – (539)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	15,253	598,065
Depreciation	542	30,069
Disposals	(6,663)	(6,663)
At 31 March 2021	9,132	621,471
Carrying amount		
At 1 April 2019	7,589	206,779
At 31 March 2020	1,039	201,036
At 31 March 2021	497	173,025

The Group has no restrictions on the realisability of its investment properties and no contractual obligations to purchase, construct or develop investment property or for repairs, maintenance or enhancement.

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15. Investment Properties (cont'd)

Information relating to the fair values of the investment properties of the Group as at 31 March as follows:

	2021		2020	
	Carrying value \$'000	Fair value \$'000	Carrying value \$'000	Fair value \$'000
Investment properties	497	13,000	1,039	14,300

Information relating to the fair values of the investment properties of the Company rented to third parties as at 31 March as follows:

		2021		2020
	Carrying value \$'000	Fair value \$'000	Carrying value \$'000	Fair value \$'000
Investment properties rented				
by Company to third parties	497	13,000	1,039	14,300

The valuation is based on the Investment Method that makes reference to gross rental income of similar properties based on prevailing economic conditions.

The remaining investment properties of the Company are rented to the subsidiaries of the Group for their operational needs and therefore the Company does not consider the disclosure of fair value of these investment properties to be relevant.

Investment properties are categorised within level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. A significant increase (decrease) in gross rental income would result in a significantly higher (lower) fair value measurement.

The property rental income earned by the Group and Company for the year ended 31 March 2021 from its investment properties which are leased out under operating leases, amounted to nil and \$49,721,000 (2020: \$1,165,000 and \$49,465,000) respectively.

Direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance) incurred on rental-earning investment properties amounted to \$116,000 and \$37,838,000 (2020: \$802,000 and \$37,097,000) for the Group and Company respectively.

16. Intangible Assets

	Software development \$'000	Work in progress \$'000	Goodwill \$'000	Licence \$'000	Customer relationships \$'000	Total \$'000
GROUP			(Restated)		(Restated)	(Restated)
Cost						
At 1 April 2019	109,374	8,762	245,632	26,814	120,850	511,432
Translation	146	18	1,458	_	57	1,679
Reclassification/transfer from/(to) property, plant and equipment (Note 14)	3,071	(3,060)				11
Additions (Note 25)	1,504	7,488	_	_	_	8,992
Acquisition of subsidiaries	1,162	7,400	55,730	285	23,915	81,092
·		_	33,730	200	23,915	
Disposals At 31 March 2020 and	(745)		<u>_</u>		-	(745)
1 April 2020 (restated)	114,512	13,208	302,820	27,099	144,822	602,461
Translation	(631)	(19)	(1,782)	15	(1,033)	(3,450)
Transfer from/(to) property, plant and equipment (Note 14)	2 660	(2 622)				28
	3,660 592	(3,632) 24,195	_	_	_	24,787
Additions (Note 25)		24,195	_	_	_	
Disposals	(3,628)	_	(24.700)	_	_	(3,628)
Impairment	_	_	(24,700)	_	4 077	(24,700)
Other	-			07.44.4	1,877	1,877
At 31 March 2021	114,505	33,752	276,338	27,114	145,666	597,375
Accumulated depreciation						
At 1 April 2019	101,749	_	_	19,470	39,662	160,881
Translation	135	_	_	14	_	149
Amortisation	3,783	_	_	1,915	8,178	13,876
Acquisition of subsidiaries	562	_	_	271	_	833
Disposals	(653)	-	_	_	_	(653)
At 31 March 2020 and						
1 April 2020 (restated)	105,576	_	_	21,670	47,840	175,086
Translation	(578)	_	_	15	43	(520)
Amortisation	4,289	_	_	1,917	9,543	15,749
Disposals	(3,619)	_	_	_	_	(3,619)
At 31 March 2021	105,668	_	_	23,602	57,426	186,696
Carrying amounts						
At 1 April 2019	7,625	8,762	245,632	7,344	81,188	350,551
At 31 March 2020 (restated)	8,936	13,208	302,820	5,429	96,982	427,375
At 31 March 2021	8,837	33,752	276,338	3,512	88,240	410,679

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16. Intangible Assets (cont'd)

Customer relationships and licence

Customer relationships relate to the economic benefits that are expected to derive from business dealings with the existing customers in the Singapore, Japan, Malaysia, China and United Kingdom operations. These are acquired as part of the acquisition of the subsidiaries. The relationships include catering, ground handling services and supply contracts with customers as well as other non-contractual customer relationships which past transactions provide evidence that the Group is able to benefit from the future economic inflows from such relationships.

Licence refers to the abattoir licence granted by the Singapore Food Agency.

Amortisation expense

The amortisation of software development, licence and customer relationships is included in the "Depreciation and amortisation charges" in the consolidated income statement.

Impairment testing of goodwill

Goodwill arising from business combinations have been allocated to the following cash-generating units (CGU) for impairment testing:

- SATS Food Services ("SFS")
- TFK Corporation
- Ground Team Red Holdings Sdn. Bhd. ("GTRH")
- Nanjing Weizhou Airline Food Corp., Ltd ("NWA")
- Monty's Bakehouse UK Limited ("MBUK")

Impairment testing for CGU is carried out annually. Information about the Company's key underlying assumptions used is disclosed in Note 2.14(ii). The carrying amount of the CGU was determined to be higher than its recoverable amount and thus, an impairment loss was recognised. During the financial year, impairment loss of \$11,000,000 and \$13,700,000 were recognised for GTRH and MBUK respectively. The impairment loss was fully allocated to goodwill and included in "Other non-operating loss" in the consolidated income statement.

The carrying amounts of goodwill allocated to each CGU are as follows:

	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000
SFS	111,791	111,791
TFK Corporation	18,666	20,167
GTRH	101,329	114,582
NWA	29,767	29,139
MBUK	14,785	22,579
	276,338	298,258

16. Intangible Assets (cont'd)

Key assumptions used in the value in use calculations

The calculations of value in use for the CGUs are most sensitive to the following assumptions:

Forecast revenue and gross margins – Revenue and gross margins are based on average values achieved in the recent years preceding to the start of the forecast period. These are increased over the forecast period for anticipated retention of customers, expansion in business, synergies and efficiency improvements. The forecast revenue is dependent on the demand from key customers. A reasonable possible change in demand from key customers of the respective CGUs would not have an impact to the carrying value of goodwill in the CGUs.

Terminal growth rates – The forecasted terminal growth rates are based on the relevant industry outlook and do not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the industries relevant to the CGUs.

Discount rates – Discount rates represent the current market assessment of the risks specific to each CGU. This is the benchmark used by the Group to assess operating performance and to evaluate future investment proposals. In determining appropriate discount rates for each CGU, consideration has been given to the yield on a ten-year government bond at the beginning of the forecast year.

Market share assumptions – In addition to using industry data to estimate the growth rates (as noted above), the management assesses how the CGU's position, relative to its competitors, might change over the forecast period. The management expects the market share of the CGUs to be stable over the forecast period.

The recoverable amounts of the CGUs have been determined based on value in use calculations using cash flow projections from financial forecasts approved by management covering a five to ten years period. The financial forecasts include the impact of COVID-19 pandemic, management's estimated recovery of the aviation industry from COVID-19 pandemic and the long-term viability of the airline customers, which could be dependent on the refinancing or recapitalisation plan of the airlines. The recoverable amount of the CGU is highly sensitive to such financial projection. Should the first year forecasted operating performance of the CGUs be worse off by 50% and the second year forecasted operating performace be worse off by 25%, the impairment charge for the current financial year would have increased by approximately \$4 million. The discount rate applied to the cash flow projections and the forecasted terminal growth rates used to extrapolate cash flow projections beyond the terminal year are as follows:

	Terminal gr	Terminal growth rates		Pre-tax discount rates	
	31 Mar 2021 %	31 Mar 2020 %	31 Mar 2021 %	31 Mar 2020 %	
SFS	1.0	1.0	8.1	8.4	
TFK Corporation	0.8	0.8	10.4	9.5	
GTRH	2.3	2.4	12.7	10.9	
NWA	2.5	3.0	12.6	13.4	
MBUK	1.5	1.5	13.6	11.5	

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16. Intangible Assets (cont'd)

	0.6	Work in	T. (.)
COMPANY	Software \$'000	progress \$'000	Total \$'000
Cost			
At 1 April 2019	28,687	2,224	30,911
Additions	_	4,526	4,526
Reclassifications	2,535	(2,535)	_
Disposals	(203)	_	(203)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	31,019	4,215	35,234
Additions	_	13,155	13,155
Reclassifications	1,044	(1,044)	_
Disposals	(186)	_	(186)
At 31 March 2021	31,877	16,326	48,203
Accumulated amortisation			
At 1 April 2019	27,283	_	27,283
Amortisation	985	_	985
Disposals	(203)	_	(203)
At 31 March 2020 and 1 April 2020	28,065	_	28,065
Amortisation	1,267	_	1,267
Disposals	(185)	_	(185)
At 31 March 2021	29,147	-	29,147
Carrying amounts			
At 1 April 2019	1,404	2,224	3,628
At 31 March 2020	2,954	4,215	7,169
At 31 March 2021	2,730	16,326	19,056

17. Investment in Subsidiaries

	C	OMPANY
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000
Unquoted shares, at cost	779,983	775,173
Impairment loss	(26,000)	_
	753,983	775,173

The Company has recognised an impairment charge of \$26,000,000 relating to its investment in Ground Team Red Holdings Sdn. Bhd. in the current financial year.

The names of the subsidiaries are set out below and the country of incorporation and place of business is Singapore, unless otherwise stated:

		Cost of	investment	Equity held	
Name of companies	Principal activities (Place of business)	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 %	31 Mar 2020 %
Held by the Company					
SATS Airport Services Pte Ltd*, a	Airport ground handling services	16,500	16,500	100	100
SATS Catering Pte Ltd*,a	Inflight catering services	14,000	14,000	100	100
SATS Security Services Private Limited®	Security handling services	3,000	3,000	100	100
SATS Aero Laundry Pte. Ltd.ª	Providing and selling laundry and linen services	2,515	2,515	100	100
SATS Aerolog Express Pte. Ltd. ^a	Airport cargo delivery management services	1,340	1,340	100	100
SATS Institutional Catering Pte. Ltd. ^a	Supplier of food products and provision of expertise and manpower to manage central kitchens & catering operations	11,030	11,030	100	100
SATS Asia-Pacific Star Pte. Ltd.ª	Airport ground handling services and inflight catering services	#	#	100	100
SATS Food Services Pte. Ltd. a	Food processing and distribution services	487,260	487,260	100	100

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17. Investment in Subsidiaries (cont'd)

		Cost of	investment	Equity held	
Name of companies	Principal activities (Place of business)	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 %	31 Mar 2020 %
Held by the Company (cont'd)					
SATS Investments Pte. Ltd. ^a	Investment holding	#	#	100	100
SATS (India) Co. Private Limited ^b	Business development and marketing and product development (India)	228	228	100	100
SATS Investments (II) Pte. Ltd. ^a	Investment holding	#	#	100	100
Cemerlang Pte. Ltd. ^a	Investment holding	#	#	100	100
SATS Services Sdn. Bhd. ^b	Shared services to the Company and its subsidiaries (Malaysia)	201	201	100	100
SATS Saudi Arabia Company ^b	Cargo handling (Saudi Arabia)	145	145	80	80
SATS Consumer Services Pte. Ltd. ^a	Provide airline and airport services, including buy on board, lounge access and concierge	100	100	100	100
GTRSG Pte. Ltd. ^a	Ground handling	754	754	20	20
SATS Group Services Sdn. Bhd. ^b	Investment holding (Malaysia)	#	#	100	100
Ground Team Red Holdings Sdn. Bhd. ^b	Investment holding (Malaysia)	160,886	160,886	50	50
SATS China Co., Ltd. ^b	Investment holding (People's Republic of China)	82,024	77,214	100	100
		779,983	775,173		

17. Investment in Subsidiaries (cont'd)

		Equi		
Name of companies (Country of incorporation)	Principal activities (Place of business)	31 Mar 2021 %	31 Mar 2020 %	
Held through SATS Airport Services Pte Ltd				
SATS-Creuers Cruise Services Pte. Ltd. ^a	Management of international cruise terminal	60	60	
SATS Saudi Arabia Company ^b	Cargo handling (Saudi Arabia)	20	20	
SATS Seletar Aviation Services Pte. Ltd. ^a	Terminal management services	52	52	
Held through SATS Food Services Pte. Ltd.				
Primary Industries Private Limited and its subsidiary ^a	Provision of abattoir services	78.5	78.5	
– Hog Auction Market Pte Ltd ^a	Auctioneers of pigs	78.5	78.5	
Primary Industries (Qld) Pty Ltd ^b	Provision of land logistics and food solutions (Australia)	100	100	
Shanghai ST Food Industries Co., Limited ^c	Manufacture and sale of frozen foodstuffs (People's Republic of China)	100	100	
SFI Food Pte. Ltd. ^a	Food catering related ventures	100	100	
SFI Manufacturing Private Limited®	Supply of food products and catering services	100	100	
SATS Delaware North Pte. Ltd. ^a	Catering and food and beverages services at Singapore Sports Hub	70	70	
Country Foods Pte. Ltd. ^a	Food distribution, processing and manufacturing	100	100	

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17. Investment in Subsidiaries (cont'd)

			ty held
Name of companies (Country of incorporation)	Principal activities (Place of business)	31 Mar 2021 %	31 Mar 2020 %
Held through SATS Investments Pte. Ltd.			
TFK Corporation ^{b, g}	Inflight catering services (Japan)	59.4	59.4
SATS Investments Turkey Havacılık Yatırımları Anonim Şirketi ^j	Investment holding (Turkey)	100	100
SATS Food Turkey Gıda Hizmetleri Anonim Şirketi ^j	Food-related projects (Turkey)	100	100
Monty's Bakehouse UK Limited ^d	Providing hand-held meals and snacks to leading airline customers globally (United Kingdom)	100	100
SATS (Thailand) Co., Ltd. ⁱ	Investment holding company (Thailand)	100	-
Held through TFK Corporation			
Inflight Foods Co., Ltd. ^{g,h}	Preparation and sale of inflight meals, frozen foods, seafood, meat and rice products and vegetables and fruits (Japan)	59.4	59.4
Narita Dry Ice Co., Ltd. ^{g,h}	Manufacture and sale of dry ice and ice cubes and sale of refrigerant and packaging material (Japan)	59.4	59.4
New Tokyo Service Co., Ltd ^{g,h}	Inflight catering services, and provision of manpower to inflight catering operators (Japan)	59.4	59.4
Held through SATS China Co., Ltd.			
SATS (Tianjin) Food Co., Ltd. ^e	Food production, processing and distribution (People's Republic of China)	100	100
SATS (Kunshan) Food Co., Ltd ^b	Food production, processing and distribution (People's Republic of China)	100	100
Nanjing Weizhou Airline Food Corp., Ltd ^f	Aviation food manufacturer producing frozen food, ambient meals and related food components to aviation companies (People's Republic of China)	50	50

17. Investment in Subsidiaries (cont'd)

		Equity held		
Name of companies (Country of incorporation)	Principal activities (Place of business)	31 Mar 2021 %	31 Mai 2020 %	
Held through Nanjing Weizhou Airline Foo	od Corp., Ltd			
Ganzhou SATS Aviation Food Co., Ltdf	Aviation and railway food production and distribution (People's Republic of China)		50	
Huizhou Weilian Airline Food., Ltd ^f	Aviation food production 27.5 and distribution (People's Republic of China)		27.5	
Held through Ground Team Red Holdings	Sdn. Bhd.			
Ground Team Red Sdn. Bhd.b	Airport ground handling services (Malaysia)	49	49	
GTRSG Pte. Ltd. ^a	Ground handling	40		
Held through Monty's Bakehouse UK Lim	ited			
Monty's Bakehouse GCC and Asia General Trading FZE ^{d, j}	Manufacture and supply of hand-held savoury snacks and bakery to airlines and airline caterers (United Arab Emirates)	oury snacks and bakery to nes and airline caterers		
Monty's Bakehouse NL B.V. ^d	Manufacture and supply of hand-held savoury snacks and bakery to airlines and airline caterers (Netherlands)	100	100	

^a Audited by KPMG, Singapore.

^b Audited by member firms of KPMG International in the respective countries.

 $^{^{\}circ}$ $\,$ Audited by Shanghai YMD Certified Public Accountants (LLP).

^d Audited by Grant Thornton UK LLP.

^e Audited by CAC CPA Limited Liability Partnership.

^f Audited by Jonten Certified Public Accountants (Limited Liability Partnership).

^g Percentage of equity held excludes Treasury Shares held by TFK Corporation.

^h Not required to be audited under the laws of their countries of incorporation.

Incorporated during the year.

^j Under voluntary liquidation.

[#] Amount is less than \$1,000.

^{*} Significant subsidiaries in FY2019-20 in accordance to Rule 718 of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited – Listing Rules. Given that the Group is in a loss making position for FY2020-21 and net tangible assets have been used as the basis for the determination of significant subsidiary, there is no subsidiary that is considered to be significant in FY2020-21.

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17. Investment in Subsidiaries (cont'd)

Interest in subsidiaries with material non-controlling interest (NCI)

The Group has the following subsidiaries that have NCI that are material to the Group:

Name of subsidiaries (Place of business)	Proportion of ownership interest held by non-controlling interest %	(Loss)/profit allocated to NCI during the reporting period \$'000	Accumulated NCI at the end of reporting period \$'000	Dividends paid to NCI \$'000
TFK Corporation and its subsidiaries ("TFK") (Japan)				
31 March 2021	40.6	(14,412)	(47,300)	-
31 March 2020	40.6	212	(63,031)	1,015
Ground Team Red Holdings Sdn. Bhd. ('GTRH" (Malaysia))			
31 March 2021	50	(17,601)	(64,941)	-
31 March 2020	50	4,091	(82,592)	

Summarised financial information about subsidiaries with material NCI

Summarised financial information including goodwill on acquisition and consolidation adjustments but before intercompany eliminations of subsidiaries with material non-controlling interests are as follows:

Summarised statement of comprehensive income:

		TFK		GTRH*	
	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000	
Revenue	58,714	253,449	13,840	114,516	
(Loss)/profit before tax	(51,787)	1,139	(57,135)	4,756	
Income tax credit/(expense)	16,289	(90)	11,005	(1,456)	
(Loss)/profit after tax	(35,498)	1,049	(46,130)	3,300	
Other comprehensive income	(41,259)	11,527	(5,729)	(1,196)	
Total comprehensive income	(76,757)	12,576	(51,859)	2,104	

^{*} The figures disclosed include Ground Team Red Sdn. Bhd. ("GTR") and GTRSG Pte. Ltd. ("GTRSG") being subsidiaries of GTRH.

17. Investment in Subsidiaries (cont'd)

Summarised financial information about subsidiaries with material NCI (cont'd)

Summarised statement of financial position as at 31 March:

		TFK		GTRH*
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000
Current assets	39,138	86,198	6,846	50,653
Current liabilities	(34,185)	(41,045)	(12,884)	(23,234)
	4,953	45,153	(6,038)	27,419
Non-current assets	213,398	219,678	219,962	236,218
Non-current liabilities	(84,580)	(90,326)	(46,096)	(47,338)
	128,818	129,352	173,866	188,880
Net assets	133,771	174,505	167,828	216,299

Other summarised information:

		TFK		GTRH*
	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000
Net cash (outflows)/inflows from operations	(19,467)	10,015	(14,820)	18,635
Acquisition of significant property, plant and equipment,				
and intangible assets	(2,651)	(12,061)	(838)	(8,974)

^{*} The figures disclosed include GTR and GTRSG being subsidiaries of GTRH.

Acquisition of subsidiaries - Monty's Bakehouse UK Limited ("MBUK")

On 29 February 2020, the Group, through its subsidiary, SATS Investment Pte. Ltd. acquired 100% equity interest in Monty's Bakehouse UK Limited ("MBUK"). Upon the acquisition, MBUK became subsidiary of the Group. As at 31 March 2020, purchase price allocation for the acquisition of MBUK was not completed and the goodwill was accounted for on a provisional basis.

The Group has subsequently concluded the purchase price allocation review and adjusted the provisional goodwill, net assets acquired and consideration amounts recognised at the acquisition date to reflect new information obtained based on facts and circumstances that existed as of the acquisition date. The adjusted fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities of MBUK as at the date of acquisition are presented in the following table.

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17. Investment in Subsidiaries (cont'd)

Acquisition of subsidiaries - Monty's Bakehouse UK Limited ("MBUK") (cont'd)

The fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities as at 31 March 2020 were:

	A	Amount as at 31 March 20	020
	Provisional amount previously reported \$'000	Fair value adjustments* \$'000	Restated amount \$'000
Property, plant and equipment	2,592	_	2,592
Intangible assets	5,503	(801)	4,702
Trade and other receivables	3,745	_	3,745
Other current assets	7,037	(3,067)	3,970
Cash and bank balances	8,765	_	8,765
	27,642	(3,868)	23,774
Trade and other payables	(4,850)	417	(4,433)
Other current liabilities	(1,517)	535	(982)
	(6,367)	952	(5,415)
Total net identifiable assets at fair value	21,275	(2,916)	18,359
Consideration transferred	30,577	(436)	30,141
Deferred consideration	13,836	2,082	15,918
Less: Goodwill arising from acquisition	(23,138)	(4,562)	(27,700)
	21,275	(2,916)	18,359

^{*} Fair value adjustments made during measurement period.

Upon completion of the purchase price allocation review, the Group's management has considered and reviewed and subsequently revised the earn-out targets of MBUK in view of the impact of COVID-19 pandemic. An adjustment of \$13,700,000 was made to the deferred consideration as the earn-out targets of MBUK was not achievable.

Loan to and from subsidiaries

	C	COMPANY		
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000		
Loan to subsidiaries:				
Non-current	360,722	380,086		

Non-current loan amounting to \$45,000,000 (2020: \$45,000,000) is unsecured, bears interest at 1.5% per annum above the 12 months SGD SIBOR and is repayable by 31 March 2024.

17. Investment in Subsidiaries (cont'd)

Loan to and from subsidiaries (cont'd)

The remaining non-current loans to subsidiaries amounting to \$315,722,000 (2020: \$335,086,000) are unsecured, non-interest bearing, repayable on demand and not expected to be repaid in the next 12 months.

	СО	COMPANY		
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000		
Loan from subsidiaries:				
Current	169,900	67,500		

Loan from subsidiaries is unsecured, bears interest at 1 month SIBOR less 0.3% per annum and repayable on demand.

18. Investment in Associates

		GROUP	c	COMPANY		
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000		
Quoted shares, at cost	116,428	116,428	_	_		
Unquoted shares, at cost	478,048	478,048	375,474	375,474		
Impairment loss	(58,365)	(26,813)	(40,053)	(34,753)		
Share of post-acquisition results	191,101	247,636	_	_		
Accumulated amortisation of intangible assets	(76,976)	(69,941)	-	_		
Share of statutory reserves of associates	13,343	11,980	-	_		
Share of changes recognised directly in associates' equity	(13,957)	(14,145)	_	_		
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(128,828)	(125,393)	_	_		
	520,794	617,800	335,421	340,721		

During the financial year, total impairment charge of \$31,500,000 was recognised for investment in Evergreen Airline Services Corporation, Brahim's SATS Investment Holdings Sdn. Bhd. and PT Purantara Mitra Angkasa Dua (2020: \$11,900,000 was recognised for Brahim's SATS Investment Holdings Sdn. Bhd., Beijing Aviation Ground Services Co., Ltd and Beijing Airport Inflight Kitchen Limited).

Amortisation of intangible assets

Customer-related intangible assets that arose from the acquisition of associates are recorded as part of the investment in associates. The useful lives of these intangible assets with definite useful lives were determined to be 2.5 to 18 years and these assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over their respective useful lives. The amortisation expense is included in the "Share of results of associates/joint ventures, net of tax" in the consolidated income statement.

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18. Investment In Associates (cont'd)

Amounts due from associates

The amounts due from associates amounting to \$1,095,000 (2020: \$1,199,000) are unsecured, trade-related and are repayable on demand. Impairment loss of \$952,000 (2020: \$2,900,000) was provided for in the financial year for amount due from the associates.

Associates

			GF	ROUP	
		Cost of	investment	Equi	ty held
Name of companies	Principal activities (Place of business)	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 %	31 Mar 2020 %
Held by the Company					
Maldives Inflight Catering Private Limited b, k	Inflight catering services (Republic of Maldives)	287	287	35.0	35.0
Beijing Airport Inflight Kitchen Limited ^{c, k}	Inflight catering services (People's Republic of China)				28.0
Beijing Aviation Ground Services Co., Ltd e, k	Airport ground handling services (People's Republic of China)	17,101 17,101		29.0	29.0
Aviserv Limited ^{f, k} (Incorporated in Ireland)	Inflight catering services (Pakistan)	3,313	3,313	49.0	49.0
Tan Son Nhat Cargo Services Joint Stock Company Limited ^{g, k}	Air cargo handling services (Vietnam)	979 979		15.0	15.0
Asia Airfreight Terminal Company Limited ^b	Air cargo handling services (Hong Kong)	92,663 92,663		49.0	49.0
Servair-SATS Holding Company Pte Ltd h, k	Investment holding company (Singapore)	509	509	49.0	49.0

18. Investment In Associates (cont'd)

Associates (cont'd)

		GR	ROUP		
		Cost of	investment	Equi	ty held
Name of companies	Principal activities (Place of business)	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 %	31 Mar 2020 %
Held by the Company (cont'd)					
MacroAsia Catering Services, Inc. h, k	Inflight catering services (Philippines)	11,604	11,604	33.0	33.0
Evergreen Airline Services Corporation ^{g, k}	Airport ground handling services (Taiwan)	5,404	5,404	20.0	20.0
Evergreen Air Cargo Services Corporation ^{i, k}	Air cargo handling services (Taiwan)	16,163	16,163	25.0	25.0
Taj SATS Air Catering Limited ^b	Catering services (India)	24,646	24,646	49.0	49.0
PT Jasa Angkasa Semesta, Tbk ^{h, k}	Ground and cargo handling (Indonesia)	105,532	105,532 105,532		49.8
Evergreen Sky Catering Corporation 9, k	Inflight catering services (Taiwan)	39,765	39,765	25.0	25.0
SATS HK Limited ^{i, k}	Ramp services, passenger handling services and operations control services (Hong Kong)	14,813 14,813		49.0	49.0
KrisShop Pte. Ltd.ª	Travel retail business, offer inflight and ground-based duty-free and duty paid goods (Singapore)	7,316 7,316		15.0	15.0
Beijing CAH SATS Aviation Services Co., Ltd. d, k	Ground and cargo handling services (People's Republic of China)	21,497	21,497	40.0	40.0
		275 474	275 474		
		375,474	375,474		

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18. Investment In Associates (cont'd)

Associates (cont'd)

			GROUP				
		Cost of	investment	Equit	y held		
Name of companies	Principal activities (Place of business)	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 %	31 Mar 2020 %		
Held through TFK Corporation							
Tasco Foods Co., Ltd.	Production and sales of confectionery (Japan)	2,748	2,748	29.6	29.6		
Held through SATS Investments F	te. Ltd.						
Brahim's SATS Investment Holdings Sdn. Bhd. ^{j, k}	Investment holding company (Malaysia)	49,057	49,057	49.0	49.0		
Oman SATS LLC ^{i, k} (Formerly known as Oman Air SATS Cargo LLC)	Air cargo handling services (Oman)	23,038	23,038	33.0	33.0		
Held through SATS Investments (II) Pte. Ltd. & Cemerlang Pte. Ltd.						
PT Cardig Aero Services Tbk ^{h, k}	Aviation support and catering services (Indonesia)	116,428	116,428	41.7	41.7		
Held through SATS Investments (II) Pte. Ltd.						
Mumbai Cargo Service Center Airport Private Limited ^b	Air cargo handling services (India)	16,363	16,363	49.0	49.0		
Held through SATS Catering Pte.	Ltd.						
PT Purantara Mitra Angkasa Dua h. k	Aviation catering services (Indonesia)	11,368	11,368	20.0	20.0		
		594,476	594,476				

- ^a Audited by KPMG, Singapore.
- ^b Audited by member firms of KPMG International in the respective countries.
- ^c Audited by Ruihua Certified Public Accountants Co., Ltd.
- d Audited by ShineWing Certified Public Accountants, Beijing.
- e Audited by Grant Thornton, China.
- ^f Audited by Fitzgerald & Associates, Ireland.
- ⁹ Audited by Deloitte and Touche and its member firms.
- h Audited by Ernst & Young and its member firms.
- Audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers and its member firms.
- Audited by Baker Tilly Monteiro Heng PLT.
- k Financial year end on 31 December.

178. Renewed Vigour

Not required to be audited under the laws of their countries of incorporation.

There was no associate company that was considered as significant in accordance to Rule 718 of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited – Listing Rules.

18. Investment In Associates (cont'd)

The Group has not recognised losses where its share of losses exceeds the Group's interest in the associate. The Group's cumulative share of unrecognised losses at the end of the reporting period was \$27,726,000 (2020: \$1,915,000), of which \$25,811,000 was the share of the current year's losses. The Group has no obligation in respect of these unrecognised losses.

Corporate Guarantee

The Group has provided a proportionate guarantee up to a maximum amount of approximately \$35,146,000 (2020: \$38,466,000) to financial institutions for providing credit and banking facilities to an associate, which the Group is liable for in the event of default by the associate.

The Group's material investments in associates are summarised below:

	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000
PT Jasa Angkasa Semesta, Tbk ("PT Jas")	56,354	51,836
Asia Airfreight Terminal Company Limited ("AAT")	127,542	126,743
PT Cardig Aero Services Tbk ("PT Cas")	89,969	88,950
Evergreen Sky Catering Corporation ("ESCC")	68,981	78,231
Other associates	177,948	272,040
	520,794	617,800
Fair value of PT Cas based on the quoted market price at reporting date		
(Level 1 in the fair value hierarchy)	28,616	40,836

Aggregate information about the Group's investments in associates that are not individually material are as follows:

	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000
Share of (loss)/profit after tax	(57,514)	447
Other comprehensive income	(3,951)	4,714
Total comprehensive income	(61,465)	5,161

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18. Investment In Associates (cont'd)

The summarised financial information in respect of PT Jas, AAT, PT Cas and ESCC, based on their respective financial statements and a reconciliation with the carrying amount of the investment in consolidated financial statements are as follows:

Summarised statement of comprehensive income:

	P	PT Jas		AAT		PT Cas		ESCC	
	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000	
Revenue	81,870	157,200	145,672	139,957	101,035	210,329	19,306	146,496	
Profit/(loss) after tax Other comprehensive	7,868	34,178	27,591	(5,897)	(6,663)	(19,666)	(27,406)	20,835	
income	_	(1,227)	-	_	(454)	776	547	(522)	
Total comprehensive income	7,868	32,951	27,591	(5,897)	(7,117)	(18,890)	(26,859)	20,313	

Summarised statement of financial position as at 31 March:

	P.	T Jas		AAT		T Cas	ESCC	
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000						
Current assets	44,018	40,822	180,478	152,121	58,081	62,675	45,925	58,045
Non-current assets excluding goodwill	34,619	35,786	240,508	295,038	78,974	82,600	326,997	330,963
Goodwill	-	_	_	_	1,428	1,305	-	_
Total assets	78,637	76,608	420,986	447,159	138,483	146,580	372,922	389,008
Current liabilities	41,444	40,446	182,867	53,829	74,691	72,392	18,679	41,314
Non-current liabilities	9,121	11,673	9,338	168,119	16,255	19,682	104,975	68,404
Total liabilities	50,565	52,119	192,205	221,948	90,946	92,074	123,654	109,718
Net assets	28,072	24,489	228,781	225,211	47,537	54,506	249,268	279,290

18. Investment In Associates (cont'd)

	P	T Jas	-	AAT		PT Cas		ESCC	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	
Net assets excluding goodwill	28,072	24,489	228,781	225,211	46,109	53,202	249,268	279,290	
Less: Non-controlling interest	_	_	_	_	(12,567)	(15,051)	_	_	
	28,072	24,489	228,781	225,211	33,542	38,151	249,268	279,290	
Proportion of the Group's ownership	49.8%	49.8%	49.0%	49.0%	41.7%	41.7%	25.0%	25.0%	
Group's share of net assets	13,980	12,196	112,103	110,353	13,970	15,890	62,317	69,822	
Goodwill on acquisition and intangible assets	42,374	39,640	15,439	16,390	75,999	73,060	6,664	8,409	
Carrying amount of the investment	56,354	51,836	127,542	126,743	89,969	88,950	68,981	78,231	
Group's interest in net assets of investee at beginning of the year	51,836	57,083	126,743	118,338	88,950	107,088	78,231	71,319	
Reclassified from asset held for sale	-	- -	-	10,519	-	-	-	7 1,51 9 -	
Group's share of:									
Profit/(loss)	3,918	17,020	13,520	(2,890)	(4,971)	(10,433)	(8,824)	3,364	
Other comprehensive income	3,544	(5,516)	(7,607)	7,732	5,990	(7,705)	433	5,025	
Total comprehensive income	7,462	11,504	5,913	15,361	1,019	(18,138)	(8,391)	8,389	
Dividends received during the year	(2,944)	(16,751)	(5,114)	(6,956)	_	_	(859)	(1,477)	
Carrying amount of interest in investee									
at end of the year	56,354	51,836	127,542	126,743	89,969	88,950	68,981	78,231	

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19. Investment in Joint Ventures

	GR	OUP	COMPANY	
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000
Unquoted shares, at cost	34,126	34,126	12,014	12,014
Post-acquisition revenue reserve capitalised as share capital	3,090	3,090	_	_
Share of post-acquisition results	34,212	46,605	_	_
Others	(470)	(101)	_	_
Foreign currency translation	(13,573)	(12,534)	_	_
	57,385	71,186	12,014	12,014

Amounts due from/to joint ventures

The amounts due from joint ventures amounting to \$108,000 (2020: \$1,639,000) and amount due to joint ventures amounting to \$11,400,000 (2020: \$10,450,000) are unsecured, trade-related and are repayable on demand. Impairment loss of \$1,369,000 (2020: nil) was provided for in the financial year for amount due from a joint venture.

Joint ventures

			GF	ROUP	
		Cost of	investment	Equi	ty held
Name of companies	Principal activities (Place of business)	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 %	31 Mar 2020 %
Held by the Company					
Air India SATS Airport Services Private Limited ^a	Ground handling and cargo handling services (India)	12,014	12,014	50.0	50.0
Unquoted shares held by Compar	ny, at cost	12,014	12,014		

19. Investment in Joint Ventures (cont'd)

Joint ventures (cont'd)

			G	ROUP	
		Cost of	investment	Equ	ity held
Name of companies	Principal activities (Place of business)	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 %	31 Mar 2020 %
Held through SATS Food Se	rvices Pte. Ltd				
SG IPF Pte. Ltd. ^b	Investment holding (Singapore)	12,957	12,957	60.0	60.0
Held through SATS Asia-Page	cific Star Pte. Ltd.				
DFASS SATS Pte. Ltd. ^b	Inflight duty-free and duty-paid sales, offer mail order and pre-order service, supply liquor for inflight pantry services, and operate ground based duty-free and duty-paid retail sales (Singapore)	9,019	9,019	50.0	50.0
Held through SATS Airport S	Services Pte Ltd				
SATS PPG Singapore Pte. Ltd. ^b	Manage and operate airport lounge (Singapore)	136	136	50.0	50.0
		34,126	34,126		

^a Audited by member firm of KPMG International.

^b Audited by KPMG, Singapore.

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19. Investment in Joint Ventures (cont'd)

The Group's material investments in joint ventures are summarised below:

	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000
Air India SATS Airport Services Private Limited ("AISATS")	32,758	46,232
Other joint ventures	24,627	24,954
	57,385	71,186

Aggregate information about the Group's investments in joint ventures that are not individually material are as follows:

	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000
Share of loss after tax	(596)	(16)
Other comprehensive income	270	(30)
Total comprehensive income	(326)	(46)

The summarised financial information in respect of Air India SATS Airport Services Private Limited ("AISATS") and Country Foods Pte. Ltd. ("CFPL") based on their respective financial statements and a reconciliation with the carrying amount of the investment in consolidated financial statements are as follows:

	AIS	SATS	CFPL*	
	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000
Revenue	76,369	146,887	_	84,571
Operating expenses	(98,297)	(134,711)	_	(83,960)
Interest (expenses)/income	(5,240)	(2,222)	_	3
(Loss)/profit before tax	(27,168)	9,954	_	614
Income tax credit/(expense)	3,575	(2,036)	_	_
(Loss)/profit after tax	(23,593)	7,918	_	614
Other comprehensive income	_	_	_	_
Total comprehensive income	(23,593)	7,918	_	614

^{*} CFPL became a subsidiary in FY2019-20 subsequent to step up acquisition of remaining 49% equity interest and FY2019-20 only consisted of 5 months results prior to the step up acquisition.

19. Investment in Joint Ventures (cont'd)

Summarised statement of financial position as follow:

		AISATS		CFPL
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	845	1,947	_	_
Inventories	2,283	3,043	_	_
Other receivable	2,096	2,118	_	_
Trade receivable	28,751	64,067	_	_
Current assets	33,975	71,175	_	_
Non-current assets	99,391	92,289	_	_
Total assets	133,366	163,464	-	_
Current liabilities	42,196	53,473	_	_
Non-current liabilities	25,653	17,527	_	_
Total liabilities	67,849	71,000	-	_
Net assets	65,517	92,464	_	_
Net assets excluding goodwill	65,517	92,464	-	-
Proportion of the Group's ownership	50.0%	50.0%	_	_
Group's share of net assets	32,758	46,232	_	_
Carrying amount of the investment	32,758	46,232	-	_
Group's interest in net assets of investee at beginning of the year/at acquisition date	46,232	44,275	_	34,610
Group's share of total comprehensive income for the year	(13,474)	2,189	-	313
Dividends received during the year	_	(232)	_	_
Reclassification to subsidiary	_	_	_	(34,923)
Carrying amount of interest in investee at end of the year	32,758	46,232	_	_

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20. Long-Term Investments

		GROUP		COMPANY	
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	
Quoted equity investment	303	211	-	_	
Unquoted equity investment	6,060	6,060	6,060	6,060	
Loan, secured	8,065	21,312	_	_	
Others	113	122	_	_	
	14,541	27,705	6,060	6,060	

The secured loan of \$8,065,000 (2020: \$21,312,000) refers to an investment in a 5-year secured loan of US\$5,833,000 (2020: US\$14,963,000) with interest rate of 6.5% (2020: 6.5%) per annum (Note 31(c)).

An impairment charge of \$12,500,000 has been made on the secured loan during the financial year (Note 31(c)).

21. Deferred Taxation

	GROUP			
	Consolidated Statement of Financial Position		Conso Income S	
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000
Deferred tax liabilities				
Property, plant and equipment	47,143	47,843	726	1,298
Intangible assets	18,354	21,855	2,864	2,522
Provisions	(683)	(1,101)	(414)	(1,297)
Defined benefit plan	58	58	_	_
Unremitted foreign dividend and interest income	6,478	6,478	_	(10)
Fair value gain	1,112	1,089	_	_
Unutilised tax losses/capital allowances	(18,391)	(2,246)	16,146	(1,226)
Undistributed earnings of associates/ joint ventures	13,557	17,078	2,082	(3,086)
Other temporary differences	1,048	(352)	563	384
	68,676	90,702		
Deferred tax assets				
Provisions	2,561	4,661	272	(1,202)
Unutilised tax losses	28,770	6,249	24,628	1,292
Property, plant and equipment	2,976	2,768	694	2
	34,307	13,678	47,561	(1,323)

21. **Deferred Taxation** (cont'd)

	C	COMPANY
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000
Deferred tax liabilities		
Property, plant and equipment	22,311	20,765
Provision	(1,146)	(1,218)
Unremitted foreign dividend and interest income	6,478	6,478
	27,643	26,025

Unrecognised tax losses

At the end of the reporting period, the Group has tax losses of approximately \$33,236,000 (2020: \$26,018,000) that are available for offset against future taxable profits of the companies in which the losses arose, for which no deferred tax asset is recognised due to uncertainty of its recoverability. The use of these tax losses is subject to the agreement of the tax authorities and compliance with certain provisions of the tax legislation of the respective countries in which the companies operate.

22. Other Non-Current Assets

Other non-current assets relate mainly to long-term prepayments and lease deposits.

23. Trade and Other Receivables

		GROUP		COMPANY
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000
Trade and other receivables:				
Trade receivables	132,512	153,507	3,050	1,750
Staff loans	563	203	363	35
Sundry receivables	24,189	35,144	1,519	3,010
Government grant receivables	63,532	79,996	11,825	4,681
Amounts due from related parties – Trade	70,710	117,114	-	_
Amounts due from related companies				
- Non-trade	-	_	65,429	87,441
	291,506	385,964	82,186	96,917

Trade receivables are generally on 30 – 90 day terms.

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23. Trade and Other Receivables (cont'd)

Trade receivables denominated in foreign currencies at 31 March are as follows:

	GROUP		(COMPANY	
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	
United States Dollar	9,311	2,011	_	_	

The carrying amount of trade receivables impaired by credit losses is reduced through the use of an allowance account unless on the date the impairment loss is recognised, the Group ascertains the amount to be uncollectible whereby it would be reduced directly. In subsequent periods when a trade receivable is ascertained to be uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account.

Significant financial difficulties of the debtors, probability that the debtors will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments (more than 90 days aging of receivables balances) are considered indicators that the amounts owing by the debtors are impaired. Individual trade receivable is written off when management deems the amount not collectible.

Trade receivables are stated after impairment. Analysis of the impairment account is as follows:

		GROUP		COMPANY
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000
Balance at 1 April	2,663	1,305	22	146
Exchange differences	(124)	28	_	_
Write-off against provisions	(287)	(15)	_	_
Charge/(write-back) to income statement	11,379	1,070	94	(124)
Acquisition of subsidiary	_	424	_	_
Disposal of subsidiary	-	(149)	_	_
Balance at 31 March	13,631	2,663	116	22
Bad debts (recovered)/write-off directly				
to income statement	(1,416)	60	1	_

23. Trade and Other Receivables (cont'd)

Staff loans

There was no interest charge on the staff loans for FY2020-21 and FY2019-20.

Sundry receivables

Sundry receivables are unsecured, interest-free and repayable upon demand.

Amounts due from related parties

The amounts due to the Group are trade-related, with a credit term of 45 days. The amounts due to the Company are unsecured, interest-free and are repayable upon demand.

24. Inventories

	(GROUP	C	COMPANY	
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000 (Restated)	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	
Food supplies and dry stores	119,488	56,452	_	_	
Technical spares	10,121	10,146	_	_	
Other consumables	445	796	265	381	
	130,054	67,394	265	381	
Income Statement:					
Inventories recognised as an expense	228,593	339,591	_	_	
Inclusive:					
 Inventories written down 	1,584	402	_	_	

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25. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash at banks earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates ranging from 0.00% to 1.6% (2020: 0.00% to 2.2%) per annum. Short-term deposits are made for varying periods of between 7 days and 12 months depending on the expected cash requirements of the Group, and earn interest at the effective interest rate ranging from 0.00% to 1.8% (2020: 0.00% to 2.6%) per annum.

(a) Cash and cash equivalents included in the consolidated statement of cash flows comprise the following amounts in statements of financial position:

		GROUP	(COMPANY	
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	
Fixed deposits	767,753	434,052	745,000	369,000	
Cash and bank balances	112,096	115,153	16,558	6,386	
	879,849	549,205	761,558	375,386	

(b) Analysis of capital expenditure cash flows:

	GROUP	
	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000
Additions of property, plant and equipment (Note 14)	37,825	73,817
Additions of intangible assets (Note 16)	24,787	8,992
Accrual for additions of property, plant and equipment (Note 26)	(1,078)	(7,165)
Cash invested in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	61,534	75,644

(c) Cash and cash equivalents denominated in foreign currencies at 31 March are as follows:

	GROUP		(COMPANY	
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	
Australian Dollar	21	5,437	_	_	
United States Dollar	934	3,104	1,870	1,695	
Japanese Yen	-	514	471	514	

26. Trade and Other Payables

		GROUP	(COMPANY	
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000 (Restated)	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	
Current:					
Trade payables	158,777	178,985	10,659	8,313	
Other payables:					
Tender deposits	3,661	3,840	2,539	2,556	
Accrued expenses	178,782	170,756	17,089	22,336	
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	16,774	15,696	15	1,533	
Others	125	824	-	16	
	199,342	191,116	19,643	26,441	
Amounts due to related companies	404	2,398	225	_	
Deposits placed by subsidiaries	-	_	91,534	33,445	
Trade and other payables	358,523	372,499	122,061	68,199	
Non-current:					
Deferred considerations	18,537	29,455	_	_	
Accrued expenses	26,419	30,999	8,219	8,679	
Other payables	44,956	60,454	8,219	8,679	

Trade and other payables are non-interest bearing. Trade payables are normally settled on 60-day terms while other current payables have an average term of three to six months.

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26. Trade and Other Payables (cont'd)

Trade and other payables denominated in foreign currencies are as follows:

		GROUP		COMPANY	
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	
Australian Dollar	146	455	_	_	
Euro	55	161	-	_	
United States Dollar	2,256	2,986	_	_	
Japanese Yen	79	20	_	_	

Amounts due to related companies

These amounts are trade-related, unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand. Purchases from related companies are made at agreed terms.

27. Term Loans

	•	GROUP	С	OMPANY
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000
Unsecured:				
Repayable within one year	134,062	106,000	94,801	100,000
Repayable after one year	234,850	102,430	150,000	102,430
	368,912	208,430	244,801	202,430
Secured:				
Repayable within one year	9,231	6,405	-	_
Total term loans	378,143	214,835	244,801	202,430
Represented by:				
Current	143,293	112,405	94,801	100,000
Non-current	234,850	102,430	150,000	102,430
	378,143	214,835	244,801	202,430

27. Term Loans (cont'd)

As at 31 March 2021, there were six (2020: six) unsecured loans held by the Group and three (2020: four) unsecured loans held by the Company. The unsecured loans, held by the Company, have an interest rate of 0.49% to 1.66% per annum and maturity date of November 2021 and July 2023. On 30 April 2021, the Company has fully prepaid a term loan of \$150,000,000 ahead of its maturity.

There were ten (2020: eight) secured term loans held by the Group as at 31 March 2021. The loans as at 31 March 2021 were secured on the property, plant and equipment and other assets of the subsidiaries.

The weighted average effective interest rate at the end of reporting period were as follows:

Interest Rates		GROUP		COMPANY	
	31 Mar 2021 %	31 Mar 2020 %	31 Mar 2021 %	31 Mar 2020 %	
Unsecured term loans:					
Fixed rate	1.20% - 2.49%	1.48% - 2.00%	1.66%	1.48%	
Floating rate	0.49%	0.47%	0.49%	0.47%	
Secured term loans:					
Fixed rate	3.20% - 5.80%	4.35% - 6.54%	-	_	
Floating rate	_	_	_	_	

Hedge of net investments in foreign operations

Included in loans as at 31 March 2021 was the term loans of JPY 7.8 billion (2020: JPY 7.8 billion), approximately \$94.8 million (2020: \$102.4 million), which have been designated as a hedge of the net investment in its subsidiary, TFK Corporation in Japan, and is being used to hedge the Group's exposure to foreign exchange risk on this investment. Foreign exchange gains or losses on the translation of this term loan are transferred to equity to offset any gains or losses on translation of the net investment in the subsidiary. There is no ineffectiveness portion transferred to profit or loss in the year ended 31 March 2021 (2020: nil).

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27. Term Loans (cont'd)

Reconciliation of movements of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities

		Liabi	lities	
	Term Loans \$'000	Leases \$'000	Note Payables \$'000	Total \$'000
Balance at 1 April 2019	95,437	295		95,732
Effect of SFRS(I) 16	_	182,001	_	182,001
Adjustment to SFRS(I) 16 at 1 April 2019	-	4,791	-	4,791
Changes from financing cash flows				
Proceeds from term loans and note payables	106,000	-	198,930	304,930
Repayment of term loans	(3,594)	_	_	(3,594)
Repayment of finance leases and related charges	_	(17,145)	-	(17,145)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	7,373	4,095	_	11,468
Other changes				
Acquisition of subsidiaries	9,619	_	-	9,619
Addition of lease liabilities	_	30,646	-	30,646
Interest expense/professional fees	_	4,923	1,070	5,993
Balance at 31 March 2020	214,835	209,606	200,000	624,441
Balance at 1 April 2020	214,835	209,606	200,000	624,441
Changes from financing cash flows				
Proceeds from term loans and note payables	383,211	-	99,465	482,676
Repayment of term loans	(209,064)	-	-	(209,064)
Repayment of finance leases and related charges	-	(29,120)	-	(29,120)
Effect of changes in foreign exchange rates	(7,490)	(6,267)	_	(13,757)
Other changes				
Addition of lease liabilities	_	17,285	_	17,285
Interest expense/professional fees	2,202	5,449	535	8,186
Termination of contracts	_	(1,662)	-	(1,662)
Upon recognition of loan	(5,551)	_	-	(5,551)
Balance at 31 March 2021	378,143	195,291	300,000	873,434
	· · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-

28. Note Payables

	GROUP		(COMPANY	
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	
Note payables	300,000	200,000	300,000	200,000	

Notes payables at 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020 comprised unsecured notes issued by the Company. The details are set out below.

Multicurrency Medium Term Note Programme

	Fixed interest rate per annum			31 Mar 2021	31 Mar 2020
Series	Year of issuance	(%)	Date payable	\$'000	\$'000
001	2020	2.88	Mar 2025	200,000	200,000
002	2021	2.60	Apr 2025	100,000	_

29. Related Party Transactions

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

Key Management Personnel of the Group are those persons having the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group. The Group considers the Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer and all Business Unit Heads to be Key Management Personnel of the Group.

In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following significant related party transactions took place on terms agreed between the parties during the financial year:

Sale and purchase of goods and services

		GROUP
	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000
Services rendered by:		
Related parties	24,453	30,784
Associates/joint ventures	-	6,187
	24,453	36,971
Sales to:		
Related parties	234,832	811,512
Associates/joint ventures	-	990
	234,832	812,502
Rental income:		
Associates/joint ventures	_	485

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29. Related Party Transactions (cont'd)

Directors' and key executives' remuneration

		GROUP
	2020-21 \$'000	2019-20 \$'000
Directors		
Directors' fees (Note 6)		
- paid by the Company	980	1,162
Key executives		
Salary, bonuses and other costs	6,710	7,568
CPF and other defined contributions	58	53
Share-based compensation expense	3,111	4,200
	9,879	11,821

Shares awarded to key executives of the Group during the year and since the commencement of the Restricted Share Plan ("RSP") and Performance Share Plan ("PSP") are as follows:

Name of participant	Shares granted during financial year	Aggregate shares granted since commencement of plan to end of financial year#	Aggregate shares vested since Aggre commencement shares of plan to end of released at financial year of financial	
Alexander Charles Hungate	514,500	4,673,636	(3,428,236)	1,245,400
Yacoob Bin Ahmed Piperdi	142,500	1,898,735	(1,594,435)	304,300
Seah Kok Khong, Manfred	142,500	317,600	(66,900)	250,700
Mok Tee Heong Kerry	142,500	277,500	(16,700)	260,800
Denis Suresh Kumar Marie	115,000	978,848	(786,248)	192,600

[#] Share grant is adjusted due to achievement of performance condition(s).

30. Capital and Other Commitments

The Group and the Company have commitments for capital expenditure. Such commitments aggregated to \$118.3 million (2020: \$104.3 million) for the Group and \$21.6 million (2020: \$18.4 million) for the Company. In aggregate, these commitments are not at prices in excess of current market prices.

31. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management

Financial Risk Management

The Group operates principally in Singapore and generates revenue mainly in Singapore Dollars. The Group also has investments outside of Singapore and it operates in more than 13 countries. The Group's operations carry certain financial and commodity risks, including the effects of changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates. The Group's overall risk management approach is to minimise the effects of such volatility on its financial performance. It is, and has been throughout the current and previous financial year, the Group's policy that no derivatives shall be undertaken except for the use as hedging instruments for specific exposures where appropriate and cost-efficient.

Financial risk management policies are periodically reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors. The Group has exposure to the following risks arising from the financial investments:

(a) Foreign Currency Risk

The Group is exposed to the effects of fluctuations in certain foreign exchange rates because of its foreign currency denominated operating revenue and expenses. However, the effects of foreign exchange rate fluctuations on the Group's operations are not significant because the Group's sales and purchases are mainly denominated in the respective functional currencies of the Group's entities, except for those disclosed as follows.

Exposure to currency risk

The summary of quantitative data about the exposure to currency risk (excluding the JPY-denominated bank loan that is designated as a hedge of the Group's net investment in its Japan subsidiary) as reported to the management of the Group is as follows:

	31 Mar	2021	31 Mar	2020
GROUP	USD \$'000	AUD \$'000	USD \$'000	AUD \$'000
Trade and other receivables	9,311	_	2,011	_
Cash and cash equivalents	934	21	3,104	5,437
Loan, secured	8,065	_	21,312	_
Trade and other payables	(2,256)	(146)	(2,986)	(455)
	16,054	(125)	23,441	4,982

The following significant exchange rates have been applied.

	Ave	Average rate		spot rate	
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	
USD	1.363	1.374	1.345	1.424	
AUD	0.985	0.932	1.024	0.877	

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31. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

(a) Foreign Currency Risk (cont'd)

Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening (weakening) of the Singapore dollar, as indicated below against the USD and AUD at 31 March would have increased (decreased) profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables remain constant.

	Effect or	profit before tax
GROUP	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000
USD (5% strengthening)	(803)	(1,172)
AUD (5% strengthening)	6	(249)
USD (5% weakening)	803	1,172
AUD (5% weakening)	(6)	249

(b) Interest Rate Risk

The Group's earnings are affected by changes in interest rates due to the impact that such changes have on its interest income from cash and cash equivalents and its interest expense on term loans.

The Group's interest-bearing assets and interest-bearing liabilities are predominantly denominated in SGD, JPY and USD. Information relating to other interest-bearing assets and liabilities are disclosed in the cash and cash equivalents (Note 25) and term loans (Note 27).

The interest rate sensitivity analysis is based on the following assumptions:

- Changes in market interest rates affecting the interest income or finance charges of variable interest financial instruments.
- Changes in market interest rates affecting the carrying value of financial instruments with fixed interest rates if these are recognised at their fair value.

31. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

(b) Interest Rate Risk (cont'd)

Under these assumptions, an increase or decrease in market interest rates of 50 basis points for all currencies in which the Group had deposits and term loans at 31 March would have the following effects:

		GROUP	C	OMPANY
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000
Effect of an increase in 50 basis points in market interest rates				
Profit before tax	94	71	(1,016)	(593)
Effect of a decrease in 50 basis points in market interest rates				
Profit before tax	(94)	(71)	1,016	593

(c) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers, cash and cash equivalents and loan receivable.

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event that counterparties fail to perform their obligations as at 31 March 2021 in relation to each class of recognised financial assets was the carrying amount of those assets as indicated in the statement of financial position.

The Group only transacts with credit-worthy counterparties. Surplus funds are placed as interest-bearing deposits with reputable financial institutions. Credit risks are managed by limiting aggregate exposure on all outstanding financial instruments to any individual counterparty, taking into account its credit rating. Such credit risk exposures are regularly reviewed, and adjusted as necessary. This mitigates the risk of material loss arising in the event of non-performance by counterparties.

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic, industry or geographical factors affect the group of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Group's total credit exposure.

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31. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

(c) Credit Risk (cont'd)

The Group determines concentration of credit risk by monitoring the industry, country and credit rating of its counterparties. The table below shows an analysis of credit risk exposures of the financial assets of the Group and the Company as at 31 March:

GROUP		tanding lance	Percentage of total financial assets	
Credit profiles	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 %	31 Mar 2020 %
By Industry				
Airlines	90,644	194,619	7.7	20.7
Financial institutions	876,072	549,554	74.7	58.6
Others	205,843	193,834	17.6	20.7
	1,172,559	938,007	100.0	100.0
By Region				
Singapore	1,076,632	746,798	91.8	79.6
Japan	33,909	77,821	2.9	8.3
Others	62,018	113,388	5.3	12.1
	1,172,559	938,007	100.0	100.0

COMPANY		tstanding palance	Percentage of total financial assets		
Credit profiles	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 31 N 2021 20 %		
By Industry					
Airlines	3,749	4,370	0.3	0.5	
Financial institutions	761,558	375,473	63.2	43.9	
Related parties	426,152	467,255	35.4	54.7	
Others	13,810	7,686	1.1	0.9	
	1,205,269	854,784	100.0	100.0	
By Region					
Singapore	1,204,543	852,712	99.9	99.8	
Others	726	2,072	0.1	0.2	
	1,205,269	854,784	100.0	100.0	

31. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

(c) Credit Risk (cont'd)

Trade receivables

At the end of the reporting period, approximately:

- 35% (2020: 44%) of the Group's trade receivables were due from a major customer located in Singapore.
- 36% (2020: 45%) of the Group's trade receivables were due from related parties.

There is no concentration of customers' credit risk at the Company level.

The Group uses an allowance matrix to measure the lifetime expected credit loss allowance for trade receivables. In measuring the expected credit losses, trade receivables are grouped based on similar credit risk characteristics and days past due. In calculating the expected credit loss rates, the Group considers historical observed default rates analysed in accordance to days past due by segmenting customers based on industry and geographical classification. Trade and other receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

The following table provides information about the exposure to credit risk and ECLs for trade receivables for individual customers as at reporting date. There is no disclosure on the exposure to credit risk and ECLs for the Company's trade receivables balance as the amount is not material.

	Weighted loss	•	Carrying value		Impairment loss allowance	
GROUP	31 Mar 2021 %	31 Mar 2020 %	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000
Not past due	0.1	0.17	141,427	185,163	143	317
Past due 1 to 30 days	1.08	0.53	30,022	34,368	323	182
Past due 31 to 90 days	0.96	1.82	13,287	38,467	127	702
More than 90 days	40.60	9.56	32,117	15,286	13,038	1,462
			216,853	273,284	13,631	2,663

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31. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

(c) Credit Risk (cont'd)

Financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired

Trade and other receivables that are neither past due nor impaired are with creditworthy debtors with good payment record with the Group. Cash and cash equivalents are entered into with reputable financial institutions or companies with high credit ratings and no history of default.

Financial assets that are either past due or impaired

Information regarding financial assets that are either past due or impaired is disclosed as above.

No aging analysis of other receivables are presented as the majorities of outstanding balances as at 31 March 2021 are current. The Group assesses that no allowance for impairment loss on other receivables is required.

In the current financial year, the associates and joint ventures of the Group has recorded an allowance for credit losses of \$11,800,000 (2020: \$28,600,000) arising mainly from a review of its trade and other receivables in view of COVID-19 pandemic. This is recorded in the "Share of results of associates/joint ventures, net of tax" in the consolidated income statements.

Amount due from related companies - non-trade and loan to subsidiaries

The Company held non-trade receivables due from its related companies of \$65,429,000 (2020: \$87,441,000) and loan to subsidiaries of \$360,722,000 (2020: \$380,086,000). These balances are amounts for working capital requirements. Based on an assessment of qualitative and quantitative factors that are indicative of the risk of default (including but not limited to audited financial statements, management accounts and cash flow projections, and applying experienced credit judgement), these exposures are considered to have low credit risk. Therefore impairment on these balances has been measured on the 12-month expected credit loss basis; and the amount of the allowance is insignificant.

Financial guarantees

The Group has issued financial guarantees to financial institution for granting of credit and banking facilities to its associate (see Note 18). These guarantees are subject to the impairment requirements of SFRS(I) 9. The Group has assessed that its associate has adequate financial capacity to meet the contractual cash flow obligations in the near future and hence, does not expect credit losses arising from these guarantees.

31. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

(c) Credit Risk (cont'd)

Cash and cash equivalents

The Group held cash and cash equivalents of \$879.8 million as at 31 March 2021 (2020: \$549.2 million). The cash and cash equivalents are held with bank and financial institution counterparties.

		GROUP			
	31 Mar 2021 \$'000	31 Mar 2020 \$'000	31 Mar 2021 %	31 Mar 2020 %	
Investment grade (A to Aaa)	864,911	526,139	98.3	95.8	
Others	14,938	23,066	1.7	4.2	
	879,849	549,205	100.0	100.0	

Impairment on cash and cash equivalents has been measured on the 12-month expected loss basis and reflects the short maturities of the exposures. The Group considers that its cash and cash equivalents have low credit risk based on the external credit ratings of the counterparties.

The amount of the allowances of cash and cash equivalents is negligible.

Loan, secured

The Group held a 5-year secured loan of \$8,065,000 (2020: \$21,312,000) which has been fully collaterised with quoted equity shares. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the quoted market price has declined and the estimated fair value of the pledged shares is lower than carrying value of the secured loan as at date of financial statements. The Group has performed an assessment on the recoverable amount of the investment using the quoted share price and has made an impairment charge of \$12,500,000 in the financial year.

(d) Liquidity Risk

As at 31 March 2021, the Group had at its disposal, cash and cash equivalents amounting to \$879.8 million (2020: \$549.2 million). In addition, the Group has available short-term credit facilities of approximately \$545.1 million (2020: \$484.3 million) from revolving credit facilities granted by commercial banks. The Group also has a Medium Term Note Programme to issue Notes up to \$2 billion (2020: \$500.0 million), out of which the Group has issued \$300.0 million (2020: \$200.0 million) Notes as at 31 March 2021.

The Group's holdings of cash, short-term deposits and investments, together with non-committed funding facilities and net cash flow from operations, are expected to be sufficient to cover the cost of all capital expenditure and any cash outflow from operating activities due in the next financial year. The shortfall, if any, could be met by further bank borrowings or public market funding.

The maturity profile of the financial assets and liabilities of the Group and the Company is shown in the table that follows. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

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31. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

(d) Liquidity Risk (cont'd)

GROUP	Within 1 year \$'000	1–2 years \$'000	2–5 years \$'000	More than 5 years \$'000	Total \$'000
31 March 2021					
Financial assets:					
Trade and other receivables	291,506	_	_	_	291,506
Amount due from associates/					
joint ventures	1,204	_	_	_	1,204
Cash and cash equivalents	879,849	_	_	_	879,849
Total undiscounted financial assets	1,172,559	_	_	_	1,172,559
Financial liabilities:					
Trade and other payables	320,967	25,929	3,634	9,745	360,275
Amount due to associates/					
joint ventures	11,400	_	_	_	11,400
Term loans	165,046	60,071	154,054	6,822	385,993
Note payable	8,360	8,360	316,720	_	333,440
Lease liabilities	23,052	18,813	51,047	155,452	248,364
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	528,825	113,173	525,455	172,019	1,339,472
Total net undiscounted financial assets/(liabilities)	643,734	(113,173)	(525,455)	(172,019)	(166,913)
31 March 2020 (Restated)					
Financial assets:					
Trade and other receivables	385,964	_	_	_	385,964
Amount due from associates/					
joint ventures	2,838	_	_	_	2,838
Cash and cash equivalents	549,205	_	_	_	549,205
Total undiscounted financial assets	938,007	_	_		938,007
Financial liabilities:					
Trade and other payables	309,071	20,100	29,480	10,874	369,525
Amount due to associates/					
joint ventures	10,450	_	_	_	10,450
Term loans	114,303	102,753	_	_	217,056
Note payable	5,760	5,760	217,280	_	228,800
Lease liabilities	29,442	23,832	44,470	169,033	266,777
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	469,026	152,445	291,230	179,907	1,092,608
Total net undiscounted financial					
assets/(liabilities)	468,981	(152,445)	(291,230)	(179,907)	(154,601)

31. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

(d) Liquidity Risk (cont'd)

	Within	1–2	2–5	More than	Tota
COMPANY	1 year \$'000	years \$'000	years \$'000	5 years \$'000	Tota \$'00
31 March 2021					
Financial assets:					
Trade and other receivables	82,186	_	_	_	82,186
Amount due from associates/					
joint ventures	803	_	_	_	80
Loan to subsidiaries	_	_	45,000	315,722	360,72
Cash and cash equivalents	761,558	_	_	_	761,55
Total undiscounted financial assets	844,547	_	45,000	315,722	1,205,26
Financial liabilities:					
Loan from subsidiaries	169,922	_	_	_	169,92
Term loans	95,112	_	152,490	_	247,60
Note payable	8,360	8,360	316,720	_	333,44
Trade and other payables	119,551	6,738	_	_	126,28
Total undiscounted financial liabilities	392,945	15,098	469,210	_	877,25
31 March 2020					
Financial assets:					
Trade and other receivables	96,917	_	_	_	96,91
Amount due from associates/	2 205				2 20
joint ventures Loan to subsidiaries	2,395	_	_	200.006	2,39
	275 296	_	_	380,086	380,08
	375,386			200.006	375,38
	474,698			380,086	375,38
Total undiscounted financial assets				380,086	375,38
Total undiscounted financial assets		-	-	380,086	375,38 854,78
Total undiscounted financial assets Financial liabilities: Loan from subsidiaries	474,698	- - 102,753		380,086 — —	375,38 854,78 67,96
Total undiscounted financial assets Financial liabilities: Loan from subsidiaries Term loans	474,698 67,965	- 102,753 5,760	_ _ _ _ _ 217,280	380,086 - - -	375,38 854,78 67,96 204,04
Total undiscounted financial assets Financial liabilities: Loan from subsidiaries Term loans Note payable	474,698 67,965 101,295		- - 217,280 8,679	380,086 - - -	375,38 854,78 67,96 204,04 228,80
Cash and cash equivalents Total undiscounted financial assets Financial liabilities: Loan from subsidiaries Term loans Note payable Trade and other payables Total undiscounted financial liabilities	474,698 67,965 101,295 5,760			380,086 - - - -	375,386 854,78 67,96 204,04 228,80 73,47 574,28
Total undiscounted financial assets Financial liabilities: Loan from subsidiaries Term loans Note payable Trade and other payables	474,698 67,965 101,295 5,760 64,793	5,760 –	8,679	- - - -	375,38 854,78 67,96 204,04 228,80 73,47

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31. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

Classification of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured on an ongoing basis either at fair value or at amortised cost. The principal accounting policies in Note 2 describe how the classes of financial instruments are measured, and how income and expenses, including fair value gains and losses, are recognised. The following table analyses the financial assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position by the class of financial instrument to which they are assigned, and therefore by the measurement basis:

	Amortised			Other financial	
GROUP	costs \$'000	FVOCI \$'000	FVTPL \$'000	liabilities \$'000	Total \$'000
	\$ 000	4 000	\$ 000	¥ 000	\$ 000
31 March 2021					
Assets					
Long-term investments	8,178	303	6,060	_	14,541
Trade and other receivables	291,506	_	_	_	291,506
Amount due from associates/joint ventures	1,204	-	_	_	1,204
Cash and cash equivalents	879,849	-	_	_	879,849
	1,180,737	303	6,060	_	1,187,100
Total non-financial assets					1,904,718
Total assets					3,091,818
Liabilities					
Amount due to associates/joint ventures	_	_	_	11,400	11,400
Term loans	_	_	_	378,143	378,143
Note payables	_	_	_	300,000	300,000
Lease liabilities	_	_	_	195,291	195,291
Trade and other payables	_	_	_	340,569	340,569
Deferred consideration	_	_	18,537	_	18,537
	_	_	18,537	1,225,403	1,243,940
Total non-financial liabilities					149,078
Total liabilities					1,393,018

31. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

Classification of Financial Instruments (cont'd)

GROUP	Amortised costs \$'000	FVOCI \$'000	FVTPL \$'000	Other financial liabilities \$'000	Total \$'000
31 March 2020 (Restated)					
Assets					
Long-term investments	21,434	211	6,060	-	27,705
Trade and other receivables	385,964	_	_	-	385,964
Amount due from associates/joint ventures	2,838	_	_	-	2,838
Cash and cash equivalents	549,205	_	_	_	549,205
	959,441	211	6,060	-	965,712
Total non-financial assets					2,044,816
Total assets					3,010,528
Liabilities					
Amount due to associates/joint ventures	_	_	_	10,450	10,450
Term loans	_	_	_	214,835	214,835
Note payables	_	_	_	200,000	200,000
Lease liabilities	_	_	_	209,606	209,606
Trade and other payables	_	_	_	329,474	329,474
Deferred consideration	_	_	29,455	_	29,455
	_	_	29,455	964,365	993,820
Total non-financial liabilities					211,185
Total liabilities					1,205,005

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31. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

Classification of Financial Instruments (cont'd)

COMPANY	Amortised costs \$'000	FVTPL \$'000	Other financial liabilities \$'000	Total \$'000
	\$ 500	4 000	4 000	\$ 555
31 March 2021				
Assets		0.000		2 222
Long-term investment	_	6,060	_	6,060
Trade and other receivables	82,186	_	_	82,186
Loan to subsidiaries	360,722	_	_	360,722
Amount due from associates/joint ventures	803	_	_	803
Cash and cash equivalents	761,558	_	_	761,558
	1,205,269	6,060		1,211,329
Total non-financial assets				1,378,302
Total assets				2,589,631
Liabilities				
Loan from subsidiaries	_	_	169,900	169,900
Term loans	_	_	244,801	244,801
Note payables	_	_	300,000	300,000
Trade and other payables	_	_	126,289	126,289
Lease liabilities	_	_	63,729	63,729
	_	_	904,719	904,719
Total non-financial liabilities				46,776
Total liabilities				951,495
31 March 2020				
Assets				
Long-term investment	_	6,060	_	6,060
Trade and other receivables	96,917	-	_	96,917
Loan to subsidiaries	380,086			380,086
Amount due from associates/joint ventures	2,395	_	_	2,395
Cash and cash equivalents		_	_	
Cash and cash equivalents	375,386	6.060	_	375,386
Total non financial accets	854,784	6,060		860,844
Total goods				1,421,977
Total assets				2,282,821
Liabilities				
Loan from subsidiaries	_	_	67,500	67,500
Term loans	_	_	202,430	202,430
Note payables	-	_	200,000	200,000
Trade and other payables	_	_	73,541	73,541
Lease liabilities			66,485	66,485
	_		609,956	609,956
Total non-financial liabilities				39,758
Total liabilities				649,714

31. Financial Instruments and Financial Risk Management (cont'd)

Fair Values

Financial assets and financial liabilities are measured on an ongoing basis either at fair value or at amortised cost. When measuring the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group uses observable market data as far as possible. Fair values are categorised into different levels in a fair value hierarchy based on the inputs used in the valuation techniques.

The quoted equity instruments classified as long-term investments are categorised within Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy. Fair value hierarchy Level 1 refers to quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities. These quoted equity instruments represent ordinary shares in companies that are traded in an active stock exchange market.

The deferred consideration classified as other payables are categories within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The valuation model considers the present value of the expected future payments, discounted using a risk adjusted discount rate. Significant unobservable inputs will include the expected cash flows as well as the discount rate used in the valuation.

Financial assets and financial liabilities that are classified as measured at amortised cost with carrying amounts being a reasonable approximation of their fair values, either due to their short-term nature or that they are floating rate instruments that are re-priced to market interest rates on or near the balance sheet date or the fixed interest rates approximate the market interest rates for such assets/liabilities. These financial assets include trade and other receivables, amount due from associates/joint ventures, loan to subsidiaries, cash and cash equivalents. These financial liabilities include trade and other payables, term loans and finance leases. The carrying amount of the secured loan receivables approximate the fair value of the quoted price of the pledge shares.

32. Leases

Leases as Lessee

The Group leases offices, warehouse and factory facilities. The leases typically run for a period of 17 months to 50 years, with an option to renew the lease after that date. Lease payments are renegotiated upon renewal to reflect market rentals. Some leases provide for additional rent payments that are based on changes in local price indices.

The Group leases IT equipment with contract terms of one to three years. These leases are short-term and/or leases of low-value items. The Group has elected not to recognise right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

Information about leases for which the Group is a lessee is presented below.

Group 2020-21 \$'000	Group 2019-20 \$'000
5,449	5,795
997	5,641
3,281	4,270
29.120	17,145
	5,449 997

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32. Leases (cont'd)

Extension Options

Some property leases contain extension options exercisable by the Group up to one year before the end of the non-cancellable contract period. Where practicable, the Company seeks to include extension options in new leases to provide operational flexibility. The extension options held are exercisable only by the Group and not by the lessors. The Group assesses at lease commencement date whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the extension options. The Company reassesses whether it is reasonably certain to exercise the options if there is a significant event or significant changes in circumstances within its control.

33. Capital Management

The primary objective of management of the Group's capital structure is to maintain an efficient mix of debt and equity in order to achieve a low cost of capital, while taking into account the desirability of retaining financial flexibility to pursue business opportunities and adequate access to liquidity to mitigate the effect of unforeseen events on cash flows.

The Directors have reviewed the Group's capital structure. The Directors will continue to regularly review the Group's capital structure in line with this objective. For the financial years ended 31 March 2021 and 31 March 2020, no changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes relating to the management of the Group's capital structure.

The Group monitors capital based on the total debt-equity ratio, which is total debt divided by equity attributable to owners of the Company. The Group keeps the total debt-equity ratio at a level below the required ratio under its debt covenants. The Group includes within total debt, loans and borrowings, finance lease commitments and bank overdraft.

		GROUP		COMPANY	
		31 March		31 March	
	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	2021 \$'000	2020 \$'000	
Term loans (Note 27)	378,143	214,835	244,801	202,430	
Note payable (Note 28)	300,000	200,000	300,000	200,000	
Lease liabilities	195,291	209,606	63,729	66,485	
Total debt	873,434	624,441	608,530	468,915	
Equity attributable to owners	4.540.040	4 047 404	4 000 400	4 000 400	
of the Company	1,546,342	1,617,491	1,638,136	1,633,109	
Total debt-equity ratio	0.56	0.39	0.37	0.29	

34. Segment Reporting

For management purposes, the Group's operating businesses are organised and managed according to the nature of products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and services. The Group has three reportable operating segments as follows:

- The Food Solutions segment provides mainly inflight and institutional catering, food processing, distribution services and airline laundry services.
- 2. The Gateway Services segment provides both airport and cruise terminal services. The airport terminal services include airfreight handling services, passenger services, aviation security services, baggage handling services and apron services to the Group's airline customers. On the provision of cruise terminal services, the segment manages and operates Marine Bay Cruise Centre.
- The others segment provides rental of premises and other services.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on revenue and profit after taxation.

Segment accounting policies are the same as the policies described in Note 2. Segment assets comprise primarily of inventories, receivables, prepayments, amount due from associates/joint ventures, cash and cash equivalents, other non-current assets and other long-term investments.

Capital expenditure comprises additions to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets, excluding those acquired through business combinations and finance leases.

Transfer prices between operating segments are on arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties.

The Group generally accounts for inter-segment sales and transfers as if the sales and transfers were to third parties at current market prices.

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34. Segment Reporting (cont'd)

By Business

	Food Solutions \$'000	Gateway Services \$'000	Others \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial year ended 31 March 2021				
Revenue	573,753	389,749	6,495	969,997
Operating (loss)/profit	(46,856)	39,039	(2,294)	(10,111)
Net finance (expense)	(4,602)	(3,916)	(7,175)	(15,693)
Share of results of associates/				
joint ventures, net of tax	(35,461)	(12,525)	_	(47,986)
Write back of earn-out consideration	13,693	_	_	13,693
Impairment loss on investment in associates,				
long-term investment and intangible assets	(39,951)	(16,300)	(12,500)	(68,751)
Impairment loss on property,				
plant and equipments	(8,623)	(7,958)	_	(16,581)
Other non-operating income/(expenses)	181	(1,260)	1,059	(20)
Loss before tax	(121,619)	(2,920)	(20,910)	(145,449)
Income tax credit/(expense)	24,823	13,780	(2,451)	36,152
(Loss)/profit for the year	(96,796)	10,860	(23,361)	(109,297)
As at 31 March 2021				
Segment assets	516,726	260,140	583,903	1,360,769
Property, plant and equipment, ROU assets and investment properties	329,205	250,928	127,751	707,884
Associates/joint ventures	170,494	407,685	-	578,179
Deferred tax assets	25,167	9,101	39	34,307
Intangible assets	207.219	184,404	19,056	410,679
Total assets	1,248,811	1,112,258	730,749	3,091,818
Current liabilities	245,117	153,373	130,770	529,260
Long-term liabilities	192,774	44,113	522,166	759,053
Tax liabilities	26,178	35,579	42,948	104,705
Total liabilities	464,069	233,065	695,884	1,393,018
Capital expenditure	26,174	17,150	19,288	62,612
Depreciation and amortisation charges	52,184	62,276	15,982	130,442

34. Segment Reporting (cont'd)

By Business (cont'd)

	Food Solutions \$'000	Gateway Services \$'000	Others \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial year ended 31 March 2020				
Revenue	1,070,477	868,812	1,927	1,941,216
Operating profit/(loss)	136,127	101,141	(11,043)	226,225
Net finance (expense)/income	(2,538)	(3,291)	2,090	(3,739)
Share of results of associates/				
joint ventures, net of tax	7,073	4,691	_	11,764
Impairment loss on investment in associates and property, plant and equipment	(12,034)	(6,638)	_	(18,672)
(Loss)/gain on disposal of property,				
plant and equipment	(749)	82	(1,090)	(1,757)
Other non-operating income/(expenses)	683	(1,409)	811	85
Profit/(loss) before tax	128,562	94,576	(9,232)	213,906
Income tax (expense)/credit	(24,837)	(15,461)	1,998	(38,300
Profit/(loss) for the year	103,725	79,115	(7,234)	175,606
As at 31 March 2020 (Restated) Segment assets	438.806	256.772	375.618	1,071,196
Property, plant and equipment, ROU assets and investment properties	375,031	297,955	136,307	809,293
Associates/joint ventures	235,835	453,151	_	688,986
Deferred tax assets	13,661	-	17	13,678
Intangible assets	220,781	199,426	7,168	427,375
Total assets	1,284,114	1,207,304	519,110	3,010,528
Current liabilities	197,107	178,513	139,176	514,796
Long-term liabilities	121,955	41,902	389,191	553,048
Tax liabilities	49,621	51,039	36,501	137,161
Total liabilities	368,683	271,454	564,868	1,205,005
Capital expenditure	37,699	32,005	13,105	82,809
Depreciation and amortisation charges	45,534	57,472	14,636	117,642

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34. Segment Reporting (cont'd)

By Geographical Location

Revenue, total assets and capital expenditure information based on the geographical location of the subsidiaries deriving the revenue and owning the assets respectively are as follows:

	Singapore \$'000	Japan \$'000	Others \$'000	Total \$'000
Financial year ended 31 March 2021				
Revenue	850,407	58,714	60,876	969,997
As at 31 March 2021				
Segment assets	1,254,459	60,623	45,687	1,360,769
Property, plant and equipment and investment property	433,285	148,488	126,111	707,884
Associates/joint ventures	29,270	2,022	546,887	578,179
Deferred tax assets	1,740	23,248	9,319	34,307
Intangible assets	166,263	19,310	225,106	410,679
Total assets	1,885,017	253,691	953,110	3,091,818
Capital expenditure Financial year ended 31 March 2020	50,953	2,652	9,007	62,612
Revenue	1,549,347	253,449	138,420	1,941,216
As at 31 March 2020 (Restated)				
Segment assets	867,587	98,439	105,170	1,071,196
Property, plant and equipment and investment property	504,150	171,930	133,213	809,293
Associates/joint ventures	31,375	3,063	654,548	688,986
Deferred tax assets	830	12,212	636	13,678
Intangible assets	150,477	20,899	255,999	427,375
Total assets	1,554,419	306,543	1,149,566	3,010,528
Capital expenditure	48,666	14,985	19,158	82,809

Information about major customers

Revenue from two major customers amounted to \$352.8 million (2020: \$811.0 million), arising from sales by all segments.

35. Comparative Information

On 29 February 2020, the Group acquired 100% equity interest in Monty's Bakehouse UK Limited ("MBUK"). As at 31 March 2020, purchase price allocation for the acquisition of MBUK was not completed and the goodwill was accounted for on a provisional basis.

In the financial year 2021, the purchase price allocation review was finalised, resulting in retrospective adjustment to the fair value attributable to MBUK (Note 17 for details). Following the adjustments, the revised balances as at 31 March 2020 in the statement of financial position and relevant notes to the accounts were restated accordingly.

Additional Information

required by the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST")

1. Interested Person Transactions

The interested person transactions entered into during the financial year ended 31 March 2021 are as follows:

Name of interested person	Nature of relationship	Aggregate value of all interested person transactions during the financial year under review (excluding transactions less than \$\$100,000 and transactions conducted under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920 of the SGX-ST Listing Manual) \$'000	Aggregate value of all interested person transactions conducted under the shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920 of the SGX-ST Listing Manual (excluding transactions less than S\$100,000)
Transactions for the Sale of Goods and Services			
SG IPF Pte. Ltd.	An associate of the Company's Controlling Shareholder	-	204
Scoot TigerAir Pte. Ltd.	An associate of the Company's Controlling Shareholder	-	433,700
ST Engineering Synthesis Pte. Ltd.	An associate of the Company's Controlling Shareholder	-	1,600
Singapore Airlines Limited	An associate of the Company's Controlling Shareholder	-	13,603
KrisShop Pte. Ltd.	An associate of the Company's Controlling Shareholder	-	1,527
ST Engineering Aerospace Services Company Pte. Ltd.	An associate of the Company's Controlling Shareholder	-	391
SIA Engineering Company Limited	An associate of the Company's Controlling Shareholder	-	1,657
SMRT Buses Pte. Ltd.	An associate of the Company's Controlling Shareholder	-	106
			452,788

Additional Information

required by the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") (cont'd)

1. Interested Person Transactions (cont'd)

Name of interested person	Nature of relationship	Aggregate value of all interested person transactions during the financial year under review (excluding transactions less than \$\$100,000 and transactions conducted under shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920 of the \$\$GX-ST Listing Manual) \$\$1000	Aggregate value of all interested person transactions conducted under the shareholders' mandate pursuant to Rule 920 of the SGX-ST Listing Manual (excluding transactions less than \$\$100,000) \$'000
Transactions for the Purchase of Goods and Services			
Singapore Telecommunications Limited	An associate of the Company's Controlling Shareholder	-	37,465
Singapore Airlines Limited	An associate of the Company's Controlling Shareholder	-	135
ST Engineering Synthesis Pte. Ltd.	An associate of the Company's Controlling Shareholder	-	27,370
		_	64,970

Note:

All the transactions set out in the above table were based on records from the Group's Register of Interested Person Transactions for the financial period under review, and include transactions whose durations exceed the financial period under review and/or multiple transactions with the same interested person. The transactions were based on actual or estimated values of the transactions for the entire duration of the relevant transactions in the case of fixed term contracts or annual/periodic values of the transactions in the case of open-ended contracts, taking into account agreed rates.

All the above interested person transactions were done on normal commercial terms.

2. Material Contracts

Except as disclosed above and in the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2021, there were no material contracts entered into by the Company and its subsidiaries involving the interests of its President and Chief Executive Officer, Directors or controlling shareholders, which are either still subsisting at the end of the financial year or, if not then subsisting, entered into since the end of the previous financial year.

3. Appointment of Auditors

The Company confirms that it has complied with Rules 712 and 715 of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST in relation to its auditing firms.

SATS Acronym

Acronym	Name of Companies
SAS	SATS Airport Services Pte Ltd
SCAT	SATS Catering Pte Ltd
SSS	SATS Security Services Private Limited
SAL	SATS Aero Laundry Pte. Ltd
AeroL	SATS Aerolog Express Pte. Ltd.
SIC	SATS Institutional Catering Pte. Ltd.
SATSAPS	SATS Asia-Pacific Star Pte. Ltd.
SFS	SATS Food Services Pte. Ltd.
SIPL	SATS Investments Pte. Ltd.
SATSIndia	SATS (India) Co. Private Limited
SIPL2	SATS Investments (II) Pte. Ltd.
CPL	Cemerlang Pte. Ltd.
SSSB	SATS Services Sdn. Bhd.
SATSSaudi	SATS Saudi Arabia Company
CS3	SATS Consumer Services Pte. Ltd.
GTRSG	GTRSG Pte. Ltd.
SGSSB	SATS Group Services Sdn. Bhd.
GTRH	Ground Team Red Holdings Sdn. Bhd.
SChina	SATS China Co., Ltd.
SCCS	SATS-Creuers Cruise Services Pte. Ltd.
SATS Seletar	SATS Seletar Aviation Services Pte. Ltd.
PIPL	Primary Industries Private Limited
HAM	Hog Auction Market Pte Ltd
PIQ	Primary Industries (Qld) Pty Ltd
SSTF	Shanghai ST Food Industries Co., Limited
SFIF	SFI Food Pte. Ltd.
SFIM	SFI Manufacturing Private Limited
SDN	SATS Delaware North Pte. Ltd.
CFPL	Country Foods Pte. Ltd.
TFK	TFK Corporation
SITH	SATS Investments Turkey Havacılık Yatırımları Anonim Şirketi
SFTG	SATS Food Turkey Gıda Hizmetleri Anonim Şirketi
MBUK	Monty's Bakehouse UK Limited
IFC	Inflight Foods Co., Ltd.
NDI	Narita Dry Ice Co., Ltd.
NTS	New Tokyo Service Co., Ltd

SATS Acronym

Acronym	Name of Companies
STJ	SATS (Tianjin) Food Co., Ltd.
SKF	SATS (Kunshan) Food Co., Ltd
NWA	Nanjing Weizhou Airline Food Corp., Ltd
GSA	Ganzhou SATS Aviation Food Co., Ltd
HWA	Huizhou Weilian Airline Food., Ltd
GTR	Ground Team Red Sdn. Bhd.
MBGCC	Monty's Bakehouse GCC and Asia General Trading FZE
MBNL	Monty's Bakehouse NL B.V.
MIC	Maldives Inflight Catering Private Limited
BAIK	Beijing Airport Inflight Kitchen Limited
BGS	Beijing Aviation Ground Services Co., Ltd
AVIS	Aviserv Limited
TCS	Tan Son Nhat Cargo Services Joint Stock Company Limited
AAT	Asia Airfreight Terminal Company Limited
Servair	Servair-SATS Holding Company Pte Ltd
MACS	MacroAsia Catering Services, Inc.
TMFK	Taj Madras Flight Kitchen Private Limited
EGAS	Evergreen Airline Services Corporation
EGAC	Evergreen Air Cargo Services Corporation
TSAC	Taj SATS Air Catering Limited
PT JAS	PT Jasa Angkasa Semesta, Tbk
ESCC	Evergreen Sky Catering Corporation
SATSHK	SATS HK Limited
KSPL	KrisShop Pte. Ltd.
BCS	Beijing CAH SATS Aviation Services Co., Ltd.
Tasco	Tasco Foods Co., Ltd.
BSH	Brahim's SATS Investment Holdings Sdn. Bhd.
OmanSATS	Oman Air SATS Cargo LLC
PT CAS	PT Cardig Aero Services Tbk
MCSC	Mumbai Cargo Service Center Airport Private Limited
PMAD	PT Purantara Mitra Angkasa Dua
AISATS	Air India SATS Airport Services Private Limited
SGIPFPL	SG IPF Pte. Ltd.
DSPL	DFASS SATS Pte. Ltd.
SATSPPG	SATS PPG Singapore Pte. Ltd.

Information on Shareholdings

as at 1 June 2021

Number of Issued Shares : 1,124,056,275

Number of Issued Shares (excluding Treasury Shares) : 1,119,693,320

Class of Shares : Ordinary shares

Number/Percentage of Treasury Shares : 4,362,955 / 0.39%

Number of Shares/Percentage held by Subsidiary Holdings : Nil

Voting Rights : 1 vote per share

Analysis of Shareholdings

	No. of		No. of shares	
Range of shareholdings	shareholders	%	(excluding treasury shares)	%*
1 – 99	1,153	2.51	51,558	0.01
100 – 1,000	20,007	43.54	12,695,597	1.13
1,001 – 10,000	21,138	46.01	77,750,067	6.94
10,001 - 1,000,000	3,624	7.89	106,484,405	9.51
1,000,001 and above	25	0.05	922,711,693	82.41
Total	45,947	100.00	1,119,693,320	100.00

Twenty Largest Shareholders

No.	Name	No. of shares held	%*
1	VENEZIO INVESTMENTS PTE. LTD.	446,123,158	39.84
2	DBS NOMINEES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	158,884,091	14.19
3	CITIBANK NOMINEES SINGAPORE PTE LTD	111,698,187	9.98
4	HSBC (SINGAPORE) NOMINEES PTE LTD	65,334,151	5.83
5	DBSN SERVICES PTE. LTD.	51,342,939	4.59
6	RAFFLES NOMINEES (PTE.) LIMITED	29,081,494	2.60
7	UNITED OVERSEAS BANK NOMINEES (PRIVATE) LIMITED	9,246,440	0.83
8	BPSS NOMINEES SINGAPORE (PTE.) LTD.	7,484,843	0.67
9	PHILLIP SECURITIES PTE LTD	6,257,750	0.56
10	OCBC NOMINEES SINGAPORE PRIVATE LIMITED	5,069,516	0.45
11	ALEXANDER CHARLES HUNGATE	3,564,236	0.32
12	OCBC SECURITIES PRIVATE LIMITED	3,535,409	0.32
13	DB NOMINEES (SINGAPORE) PTE LTD	2,904,775	0.26
14	IFAST FINANCIAL PTE LTD	2,785,813	0.25
15	HENG SIEW ENG	2,475,000	0.22
16	CGS-CIMB SECURITIES (SINGAPORE) PTE. LTD.	2,413,645	0.21
17	MORGAN STANLEY ASIA (SINGAPORE) SECURITIES PTE LTD	2,255,188	0.20
18	TAN CHUAN LYE	1,923,301	0.17
19	UOB KAY HIAN PRIVATE LIMITED	1,855,314	0.16
20	YIM CHEE CHONG	1,692,500	0.15
		915,927,750	81.80

^{*} The shareholding percentage has been calculated based on the number of issued ordinary shares of the Company as at 1 June 2021, excluding any ordinary shares held in treasury and subsidiary holdings as at that date.

Information on Shareholdings

as at 1 June 2021

Substantial Shareholders

As at 1 June 2021, the substantial shareholders of the Company and their direct and deemed interests, as shown in the Company's Register of Substantial Shareholders, were as follows:

Name of substantial shareholder	No. of shares in which the substantial shareholder has a direct interest (representing percentage¹ of total shareholding)	No. of shares in which the substantial shareholder has a deemed interest (representing percentage¹ of total shareholding)	Total no. of shares in which the substantial shareholder is interested (representing percentage' of total shareholding)
Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited	-	447,886,336 ² (approximately 40.00%)	447,886,336 (approximately 40.00%)
Tembusu Capital Pte. Ltd.	-	448,097,188 ² (approximately 40.02%)	448,097,188 (approximately 40.02%)
Napier Investments Pte. Ltd.	-	446,123,158 ² (approximately 39.84%)	446,123,158 (approximately 39.84%)
Venezio Investments Pte. Ltd.	446,123,158 (approximately 39.84%)	_	446,123,158 (approximately 39.84%)

Notes:

Shareholdings Held by the Public

Based on information available to the Company as at 1 June 2021, approximately 59.03% of the issued ordinary shares of the Company are held by the public (as defined in the Listing Manual of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST")). The Company hence confirms that Rule 723 of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST has been complied with.

Notice of Annual General Meeting

SATS Ltd.

(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore) Company Registration No. 197201770G

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the 48th Annual General Meeting of SATS Ltd. (the "**Company**") will be convened and held by way of electronic means on Thursday, 22 July 2021 at 10.00 a.m. (Singapore time) to transact the following business:

Ordinary Business

- 1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Statement and Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 and the Auditors' Report thereon.
- To re-elect Mr Alexander Charles Hungate, who will retire by rotation in accordance with Article 90 of the Constitution of the Company and who, being eligible, offers himself for re-election as a Director of the Company.
- To re-elect Mr Tan Soo Nan, who will retire by rotation in accordance with Article 90 of the Constitution of the Company and who, being eligible, offers himself for re-election as a Director of the Company.
- 4. To re-elect Mr Michael Kok Pak Kuan, who will retire by rotation in accordance with Article 90 of the Constitution of the Company and who, being eligible, offers himself for re-election as a Director of the Company.
- 5. To re-elect Ms Deborah Tan Yang Sock (Mrs Deborah Ong), who will retire in accordance with Article 96 of the Constitution of the Company and who, being eligible, offers herself for re-election as a Director of the Company.
- 6. To re-elect Ms Vinita Bali, who will retire in accordance with Article 96 of the Constitution of the Company and who, being eligible, offers herself for re-election as a Director of the Company.
- 7. To approve payment of Directors' fees of up to S\$1,300,000 for the financial year ending 31 March 2022 (2021: up to S\$1,200,000) (2020: up to S\$1,300,000).
- 8. To re-appoint Messrs KPMG LLP as Auditors of the Company to hold office until the next Annual General Meeting and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration.

Special Business

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modifications, the following resolutions which will be proposed as Ordinary Resolutions:

- P. That authority be and is hereby given to the Directors of the Company to:
 - (a) (i) issue shares of the Company ("Shares") whether by way of rights, bonus or otherwise; and/or
 - (ii) make or grant offers, agreements or options (collectively, "**Instruments**") that might or would require Shares to be issued, including but not limited to the creation and issue of (as well as adjustments to) warrants, debentures or other instruments convertible into Shares,
 - at any time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes and to such persons as the Directors may in their absolute discretion deem fit; and
 - (b) (notwithstanding the authority conferred by this Resolution may have ceased to be in force) issue Shares in pursuance of any Instruments made or granted by the Directors while this Resolution was in force,

¹ The shareholding percentage has been calculated based on the number of issued ordinary shares of the Company as at 1 June 2021, excluding any ordinary shares held in treasury and subsidiary holdings as at that date.

² Derived mainly through the direct interest of Venezio Investments Pte. Ltd.

Notice of Annual General Meeting

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provided that:

- i) the aggregate number of Shares to be issued pursuant to this Resolution (including Shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this Resolution) does not exceed 50 percent of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (ii) below), of which the aggregate number of Shares to be issued other than on a *pro rata* basis to shareholders of the Company (including Shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this Resolution) does not exceed 5 percent of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (ii) below);
- (ii) (subject to such manner of calculation as may be prescribed by the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST")) for the purpose of determining the aggregate number of Shares that may be issued under sub-paragraph (i) above, the percentage of issued Shares shall be based on the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) at the time this Resolution is passed, after adjusting for:
 - (aa) new Shares arising from the conversion or exercise of any convertible securities or employee share options or vesting of share awards which were issued and are outstanding or subsisting at the time this Resolution is passed; and
 - (bb) any subsequent bonus issue, consolidation or subdivision of Shares,
 - and, in sub-paragraph (i) above and this sub-paragraph (ii), "**subsidiary holdings**" has the meaning given to it in the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST;
- (iii) in exercising the authority conferred by this Resolution, the Company shall comply with the provisions of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST for the time being in force (unless such compliance has been waived by the SGX-ST) and the Constitution of the Company; and
- (iv) (unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting) the authority conferred by this Resolution shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier.
- 10. That the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to:
 - grant awards in accordance with the provisions of the SATS Performance Share Plan and/or the SATS Restricted Share Plan; and
 - (b) allot and issue from time to time such number of ordinary shares of the Company ("**Shares**") as may be required to be issued pursuant to the vesting of awards under the SATS Performance Share Plan and/or the SATS Restricted Share Plan.

provided that:

- i) the aggregate number of new Shares to be allotted and issued pursuant to the SATS Performance Share Plan, the SATS Restricted Share Plan and the SATS Employee Share Option Plan shall not exceed 15 percent of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) from time to time; and
- (ii) the aggregate number of Shares under awards to be granted pursuant to the SATS Performance Share Plan and/or the SATS Restricted Share Plan during the period commencing from the date of this Annual General Meeting of the Company and ending on the date of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier, shall not exceed 1 percent of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) from time to time,

and in this Resolution, "subsidiary holdings" has the meaning given to it in the Listing Manual of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited.

11. That:

- (a) approval be and is hereby given, for the purposes of Chapter 9 of the Listing Manual ("Chapter 9") of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited, for the Company, its subsidiaries and associated companies that are entities at risk (as that term is used in Chapter 9), or any of them, to enter into any of the transactions falling within the types of interested person transactions described in the Appendix to the Letter to Shareholders dated 30 June 2021 (the "Letter to Shareholders") with any party who is of the class of interested persons described in the Appendix to the Letter to Shareholders, provided that such transactions are made on normal commercial terms and in accordance with the review procedures for such interested person transactions;
- (b) the approval given in paragraph (a) above (the "**IPT Mandate**") shall, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company; and
- the Directors of the Company and/or any of them be and are hereby authorised to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing all such documents as may be required) as they and/or he may consider expedient or necessary or in the interests of the Company to give effect to the IPT Mandate and/or this Resolution.

12. That:

- (a) for the purposes of Sections 76C and 76E of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 of Singapore (the "Companies Act"), the exercise by the Directors of the Company of all the powers of the Company to purchase or otherwise acquire issued ordinary shares of the Company ("Shares") not exceeding in aggregate the Maximum Limit (as hereafter defined), at such price or prices as may be determined by the Directors of the Company from time to time up to the Maximum Price (as hereafter defined), whether by way of:
 - (i) market purchase(s) on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST"); and/or
 - (ii) off-market purchase(s) (if effected otherwise than on the SGX-ST) in accordance with any equal access scheme(s) as may be determined or formulated by the Directors of the Company as they consider fit, which scheme(s) shall satisfy all the conditions prescribed by the Companies Act,

and otherwise in accordance with all other laws and regulations and rules of the SGX-ST as may for the time being be applicable, be and is hereby authorised and approved generally and unconditionally (the "Share Purchase Mandate"):

- (b) unless varied or revoked by the Company in general meeting, the authority conferred on the Directors of the Company pursuant to the Share Purchase Mandate may be exercised by the Directors of the Company at any time and from time to time during the period commencing from the date of the passing of this Resolution and expiring on the earliest of:
 - (i) the date on which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is held;
 - (ii) the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held; and
 - (iii) the date on which purchases and acquisitions of Shares pursuant to the Share Purchase Mandate are carried out to the full extent mandated.

222. Renewed Vigour 223.

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(c) in this Resolution:

"Maximum Limit" means that number of issued Shares representing 2 percent of the issued Shares as at the date of the passing of this Resolution (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings (as defined in the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST)); and

"Maximum Price" in relation to a Share to be purchased or acquired, means the purchase price (excluding related brokerage, commission, applicable goods and services tax, stamp duties, clearance fees and other related expenses) which shall not exceed, in the case of both a market purchase of a Share and an off-market purchase of a Share, 105 percent of the Average Closing Price of the Shares;

where:

"Average Closing Price" means the average of the last dealt prices of a Share for the five consecutive trading days on which the Shares are transacted on the SGX-ST immediately preceding the date of the market purchase by the Company or, as the case may be, the date of the making of the offer pursuant to the off-market purchase, and deemed to be adjusted in accordance with the listing rules of the SGX-ST for any corporate action that occurs during the relevant five-day period and the date of the market purchase by the Company or, as the case may be, the date of the making of the offer pursuant to the off-market purchase; and

"date of the making of the offer" means the date on which the Company announces its intention to make an offer for the purchase or acquisition of Shares from holders of Shares, stating therein the purchase price (which shall not be more than the Maximum Price calculated on the basis set out herein) for each Share and the relevant terms of the equal access scheme for effecting the off-market purchase; and

(d) the Directors of the Company and/or any of them be and are hereby authorised to complete and do all such acts and things (including executing such documents as may be required) as they and/or he may consider expedient or necessary or in the interests of the Company to give effect to the transactions contemplated and/or authorised by this Resolution.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Prema d/o K Subramaniam

Company Secretary

Singapore, 30 June 2021

Explanatory Notes

- (a) In relation to Ordinary Resolution No. 2, Mr Alexander Charles Hungate will be retiring from office at the Annual General Meeting pursuant to Article 90 of the Constitution of the Company, and will be standing for re-election at the Annual General Meeting. Mr Hungate will, upon re-election, continue to serve as the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company and a member of the Board Executive Committee.
 - In relation to Ordinary Resolution No. 3, Mr Tan Soo Nan will be retiring from office at the Annual General Meeting pursuant to Article 90 of the Constitution of the Company, and will be standing for re-election at the Annual General Meeting. Mr Tan will, upon re-election, continue to serve as a member of the Audit Committee and a member of the Board Risk and Safety Committee. Mr Tan is considered an independent Director.
 - (c) In relation to Ordinary Resolution No. 4, Mr Michael Kok Pak Kuan will be retiring from office at the Annual General Meeting pursuant to Article 90 of the Constitution of the Company, and will be standing for re-election at the Annual General Meeting. Mr Kok will, upon re-election, continue to serve as a member of the Board Executive Committee and a member of the Remuneration and Human Resource Committee. Mr Kok is considered an independent Director.
 - d) In relation to Ordinary Resolution No. 5, Mrs Deborah Ong will be retiring from office at the Annual General Meeting pursuant to Article 96 of the Constitution of the Company, and will be standing for re-election at the Annual General Meeting. Mrs Ong will, upon re-election, continue to serve as a member of the Audit Committee. Mrs Ong is considered an independent Director.
 - In relation to Ordinary Resolution No. 6, Ms Vinita Bali will be retiring from office at the Annual General Meeting pursuant to Article 96 of the Constitution of the Company, and will be standing for re-election at the Annual General Meeting. Ms Bali is considered an independent Director.
 - f) Mr Yap Chee Meng will be retiring from office at the Annual General Meeting pursuant to Article 90 of the Constitution of the Company. Mr Yap has notified the Company that he will not be seeking re-election as a Director of the Company at the Annual General Meeting. His retirement from the Board will take effect upon the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting. Mr Yap will, upon retirement, cease to be the Chairman of the Audit Committee and a member of the Board Risk and Safety Committee.

Detailed information on the Directors who are standing for re-election (including information as set out in Appendix 7.4.1 of the Listing Manual of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited) can be found in the section on "Additional information on Directors seeking re-election" in the SATS Annual Report for the financial year ended 31 March 2021.

2. Ordinary Resolution No. 7 is to approve the payment of an aggregate sum of up to S\$1,300,000 as Directors' fees for the non-executive Directors of the Company for the current financial year ending 31 March 2022 ("FY2021-22").

At the last Annual General Meeting of the Company, shareholders' approval was sought and obtained for the payment of a reduced aggregate sum of up to S\$1,200,000 as Directors' fees for the non-executive Directors for the financial year ended 31 March 2021 ("FY2020-21"). This was because, as announced on 9 March 2020, the Board took a voluntary 15% reduction in Directors' fees with effect from 1 March 2020 as part of a series of cost-saving measures taken due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on the Company's business. The aggregate amount of Directors' fees paid and/or to be paid to the non-executive Directors for FY2020-21 is S\$980,405.14, after taking into account the voluntary 15% reduction in Directors' fees.

The proposed fees for FY2021-22 of S\$1,300,000 (which represents an increase of S\$100,000 over the sum approved for FY2020-21) factors in the cessation of the voluntary 15% reduction in Directors' fees with effect from 1 April 2021, which is in line with the cessation of the salary cuts for the President and Chief Executive Officer (PCEO) and the Management of the Company. With the cessation of the 15% voluntary reduction of Directors' fees for the non-executive Directors, the Directors' fees for FY2021-22 are accordingly proposed to be reinstated to the same level as for the financial year ended 31 March 2020.

224. Renewed Vigour 225.

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The proposed fees for FY2021-22, if approved, will facilitate the payment of Directors' fees during or soon after the financial year in which such fees are incurred. The amount of Directors' fees has been computed on the basis of the anticipated number of Board and Board Committee meetings for FY2021-22, assuming attendance by all the Directors at such meetings, and also caters for additional fees (if any) which may be payable due to additional board representations on the Company's subsidiary(ies) and/or joint ventures, or due to additional Board or Board Committee members being appointed in the course of FY2021-22. If, for unforeseen reasons, payments are required to be made to the Directors in excess of the amount proposed, the Company will revert to shareholders for approval at the next Annual General Meeting in the year 2022 (the "2022 AGM") before any such payments are made.

If approved, each of the non-executive Directors (including the Chairman) will receive approximately 70 percent of his/her total Directors' fees for FY2021-22 in cash and approximately 30 percent in the form of ordinary shares of the Company ("**Shares**") (FY2020-21: 70 percent in cash and 30 percent in Shares).

The Share component of the Directors' fees for FY2021-22 is intended to be paid out in the form of awards under the SATS Restricted Share Plan. The awards will consist of fully paid Shares with no performance conditions attached and no vesting periods imposed. However, the non-executive Directors will be required to retain a base shareholding worth up to one year's retainer fee for as long as he/she is on the Board of the Company, and for a period of one year after stepping down as a Director, in order to better align the interests of non-executive Directors with the interests of shareholders. A non-executive Director who steps down before the payment of the Share component of his/her fees will receive all of his/her fees (calculated on a pro-rated basis, where applicable) in cash. Further details regarding the Directors' fees can be found under the heading "Non-Executive Directors Remuneration" in the Corporate Governance Report in the SATS Annual Report for FY2020-21.

The cash component of the Directors' fees for FY2021-22 is intended to be paid half-yearly in arrears. The current intention is for the Share component of the Directors' fees for FY2021-22 to be paid after the 2022 AGM has been held. The actual number of Shares to be awarded will be determined by reference to the volume-weighted average price of a Share on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited over the 10 trading days after the 2022 AGM, rounded down to the nearest hundred Shares, and any residual balance will be settled in cash.

The non-executive Directors will abstain from voting his/her holding of Shares (if any), and will procure that their respective associates abstain from voting their respective holdings of Shares (if any), in respect of this Resolution. The Chairman of the Meeting will accept appointment as proxy for any other shareholder to vote in respect of this Resolution, where such shareholder has given specific instructions in a validly completed and submitted instrument appointing a proxy as to voting, or abstentions from voting, in respect of this Resolution.

Ordinary Resolution No. 9, if passed, will empower the Directors to issue Shares, make or grant instruments convertible into Shares and to issue Shares pursuant to such instruments, from the date of this Annual General Meeting until the date of the next Annual General Meeting. The number of Shares which the Directors may issue under this Resolution will not exceed 50 percent of the issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) with a sub-limit of 5 percent for issues other than on a *pro rata* basis. The 5 percent sub-limit for non-*pro rata* issues is lower than the 20 percent sub-limit allowed under the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST. For the purpose of determining the aggregate number of Shares which may be issued, the percentage of issued Shares shall be based on the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) at the time this Resolution is passed, after adjusting for (a) new Shares arising from the conversion or exercise of any convertible instruments or share options or vesting of share awards which were issued and are outstanding at the time this Resolution is passed and (b) any subsequent bonus issue, consolidation or subdivision of Shares. As at 1 June 2021, the Company had 4,362,955 treasury shares and no subsidiary holdings.

- 4. Ordinary Resolution No. 10 is to empower the Directors to grant awards and to allot and issue Shares pursuant to the SATS Performance Share Plan and/or the SATS Restricted Share Plan, provided that:
 - (i) the aggregate number of new Shares which may be issued under the SATS Performance Share Plan, the SATS Restricted Share Plan and the SATS Employee Share Option Plan is limited to 15 percent of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) from time to time; and
 - the aggregate number of Shares under awards which may be granted pursuant to the SATS Performance Share Plan and/or the SATS Restricted Share Plan from this Annual General Meeting to the next Annual General Meeting shall not exceed 1 percent of the total number of issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) from time to time.

The SATS Employee Share Option Plan was adopted by the Company in February 2000 and the last grant of options thereunder was made on 1 July 2008. The SATS Performance Share Plan and the SATS Restricted Share Plan, which were adopted at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 19 July 2005 for an initial duration of 10 years and subsequently at the Annual General Meeting held on 23 July 2014, were extended for a further period of 10 years up to 18 July 2025. The SATS Restricted Share Plan was altered at the Annual General Meeting held on 18 July 2019 to (*inter alia*) permit grants of fully paid Shares to be made to the non-executive Directors of the Company as part of their remuneration in respect of their office as such in lieu of cash.

- 5. Ordinary Resolution No. 11 is to renew the mandate to allow the Company, its subsidiaries and associated companies that are entities at risk (as the term is used in Chapter 9 of the Listing Manual of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited) or any of them, to enter into certain interested person transactions with certain classes of interested persons as described in the Letter to Shareholders. The authority will, unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting, continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company. Please refer to the Letter to Shareholders for more details.
- Ordinary Resolution No. 12 is to renew the mandate to allow the Company to purchase or otherwise acquire Shares, on the terms and subject to the conditions set out in the Resolution.

The Company intends to use its internal sources of funds, external borrowings or a combination of internal resources and external borrowings, to finance the purchases or acquisitions of its Shares. The amount of financing required for the Company to purchase or acquire its Shares, and the impact on the Company's financial position, cannot be ascertained as at the date of this Notice as these will depend on the number of Shares purchased or acquired, the price at which such Shares were purchased or acquired and whether the Shares purchased or acquired are held in treasury or cancelled.

Based on the existing issued Shares as at 1 June 2021 (the "Latest Practicable Date"), the purchase by the Company of 2 percent of its issued Shares (excluding treasury shares and subsidiary holdings) will result in the purchase or acquisition of a maximum number of 22,393,866 Shares.

In the case of both market purchases and off-market purchases by the Company and assuming that the Company purchases or acquires the maximum number of 22,393,866 Shares at the Maximum Price of S\$4.03 for one Share (being the price equivalent to 5 percent above the average closing prices of the Shares for the five consecutive market days on which the Shares were traded on the SGX-ST immediately preceding the Latest Practicable Date), the maximum amount of funds required for the purchase of 22,393,866 Shares is approximately S\$90,247,280.

The financial effects of the purchase or acquisition of such Shares by the Company pursuant to the proposed Share Purchase Mandate on the audited financial statements of the Company and the Company and its subsidiaries for the financial year ended 31 March 2021, based on certain assumptions, are set out in paragraph 3.7.4 of the Letter to Shareholders dated 30 June 2021 (the "Letter to Shareholders").

Please refer to the Letter to Shareholders for more details.

Notice of Annual General Meeting

SATS Ltd. (Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore) Company Registration No. 197201770G

Notes:

The Annual General Meeting is being convened, and will be held, by way of electronic means pursuant to the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020. We seek your understanding that hard copies of this Notice will not be printed nor sent to members. Instead, this Notice will be sent to members by electronic means via publication on the Company's website at the URL https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements.

Participation in the AGM via electronic means

2. Alternative arrangements relating to attendance at the Annual General Meeting via electronic means (including arrangements by which the meeting can be electronically accessed via live audio-visual webcast or live audio-only stream), submission of questions to the Chairman of the Meeting in advance of, or live at, the Annual General Meeting, addressing of substantial and relevant questions in advance of, or live at, the Annual General Meeting and voting by appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy at the Annual General Meeting, are set out in the accompanying Company's announcement dated 30 June 2021. This announcement may be accessed at the Company's website at the URL https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements.

Voting by appointing Chairman of the Meeting as proxy

As a precautionary measure due to the current COVID-19 situation in Singapore, a member will not be able to attend the Annual General Meeting in person. A member (whether individual or corporate) must appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy to attend, speak and vote on his/her/its behalf at the Annual General Meeting if such member wishes to exercise his/her/its voting rights at the Annual General Meeting. The accompanying proxy form for the Annual General Meeting may be accessed at the Company's website at the URL https://www.sqx.com/securities/company-announcements. A member may also appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy via the pre-registration website at the URL https://www.sqts.com.sg/AGM2021.

Where a member (whether individual or corporate) appoints the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy, he/she/it must give specific instructions as to voting, or abstentions from voting, in respect of a resolution in the instrument appointing a proxy, failing which the appointment of the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy for that resolution will be treated as invalid.

CPF and SRS investors who wish to appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy should approach their respective CPF Agent Banks or SRS Operators to submit their votes by 5.00 p.m. on 9 July 2021.

- 4. The Chairman of the Meeting, as proxy, need not be a member of the Company.
- 5. The instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy must be submitted to the Company in the following manner:
 - (a) if submitted by post, be lodged at the office of the Company's Share Registrar, M & C Services Private Limited, at 112 Robinson Road #05-01, Singapore 068902; or
 - (b) if submitted electronically:
 - (i) be submitted via email to the Company's Share Registrar at ape@mncsingapore.com; or
 - (ii) be submitted via the pre-registration website at the URL https://www.sats.com.sg/AGM2021,

in each case not less than 72 hours before the time appointed for holding the Annual General Meeting.

A member who wishes to submit an instrument appointing a proxy by post or via email must first download, complete and sign the proxy form, before submitting it by post to the address provided above, or before scanning and sending it by email to the email address provided above.

Due to the current COVID-19 situation in Singapore, members are strongly encouraged to submit completed instruments appointing a proxy electronically via email or via the pre-registration website at the URL https://www.sats.com.sg/AGM2021.

Annual Report 2020-21 and Letter to Shareholders

6. The Annual Report 2020-21 and the Letter to Shareholders dated 30 June 2021 (in relation to the proposed renewal of the mandate for interested person transactions and the proposed renewal of the share purchase mandate) may be accessed at the Company's website at the URL https://www.sats.com.sq/AGM2021.

The above documents will also be made available on the SGX website at the URL https://www.sqx.com/securities/company-announcements.

Personal Data Privacy

By submitting an instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy to attend, speak and vote at the Annual General Meeting and/or any adjournment thereof, a member of the Company consents to the collection, use and disclosure of the member's personal data by the Company (or its agents or service providers) for the purpose of the processing, administration and analysis by the Company (or its agents or service providers) of the appointment of the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy for the Annual General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof) and the preparation and compilation of the attendance lists, minutes and other documents relating to the Annual General Meeting (including any adjournment thereof), and in order for the Company (or its agents or service providers) to comply with any applicable laws, listing rules, take-over rules, regulations and/or guidelines.

(Information as at 1 June 2021)

Name of Director	Alexander Charles Hungate	Tan Soo Nan	Michael Kok Pak Kuan	Deborah Tan Yang Sock (Mrs Deborah Ong)	Vinita Bali
Date of appointment	27 July 2011	25 April 2016	6 March 2015	16 November 2020	10 May 2021
Date of last re-appointment (if applicable)	19 July 2018	19 July 2018	18 July 2019	NA	NA
Age	55	73	70	62	66
Country of principal residence	Singapore	Singapore	Singapore	Singapore	India
The Board's comments on this appointment (including rationale, selection criteria, and the search and nomination process)	The Board considered the Nominating Committee's recommendation and assessment on Mr Hungate's background, expertise, experience and commitment in the discharge of his duties as an Executive Director and President and Chief Executive Officer of SATS Ltd., and is satisfied that he will continue to provide the Board with insights into the business.	The Board considered the Nominating Committee's recommendation and assessment on Mr Tan's background, expertise, experience, independence and commitment in the discharge of his duties as an Independent Director of SATS Ltd., and is satisfied that he will continue to contribute to the Board.	The Board considered the Nominating Committee's recommendation and assessment on Mr Kok's background, expertise, experience, independence and commitment in the discharge of his duties as an Independent Director of SATS Ltd., and is satisfied that he will continue to contribute to the Board.	The Board considered the Nominating Committee's recommendation and assessment on Mrs Deborah Ong's background, expertise, experience, independence and commitment in the discharge of her duties as an Independent Director of SATS Ltd., and is satisfied that she will continue to contribute to the Board.	The Board considered the Nominating Committee's recommendation and assessment on Ms Bali's background, expertise, experience, independence and commitment in the discharge of her duties as an Independent Director of SATS Ltd., and is satisfied that she will continue to contribute to the Board.
Whether appointment is executive, and if so, the area of responsibility	Executive	Non-Executive	Non-Executive	Non-Executive	Non-Executive
Job Title (e.g. Lead ID, AC Chairman, AC Member etc.)	Executive Director President & Chief Executive Officer Member, Board Executive Committee	Non-Executive and Independent Director Member, Board Risk and Safety Committee Member, Audit Committee	Non-Executive and Independent Director Member, Board Executive Committee Member, Remuneration and Human Resource Committee	Non-Executive and Independent Director Member, Audit Committee	Non-Executive and Independent Director
Professional qualifications	Master of Arts in Engineering, Economics and Management, Oxford University, UK Master of Business Administration (Baker Scholar), Harvard Business School, USA	Bachelor of Business Administration, University of Singapore Associate, IFS School of Finance (formerly the Chartered Institute of Bankers) Program for Management Development, Harvard Business School	Senior Executive Programme, London Business School, UK Advanced Management Program, Harvard Business School, USA	Bachelor of Accountancy (Honours), National University of Singapore Fellow, Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants Fellow, Certified Practising Accountants (CPA) Australia	Bachelor of Economics – University of Delhi Master of Management Studies – Jamnalal Bajaj Institute of Management Studies, Bombay University

230. Renewed Vigour 231.

(Information as at 1 June 2021)

Name of Director	Alexander Charles Hungate	Tan Soo Nan	Michael Kok Pak Kuan	Deborah Tan Yang Sock (Mrs Deborah Ong)	Vinita Bali
Working experience and occupation(s) during the past 10 years	Mr Hungate was the Chief Executive Officer of HSBC Singapore. He joined HSBC in 2007 as Group Managing Director of Personal Financial Services and Marketing, based in London. With over 25 years of global leadership experience, Mr Hungate also served as the Managing Director, Asia Pacific for Reuters, based in Hong Kong, and Co-Chief Executive Officer, Americas and Global Chief Marketing Officer for Reuters, based in New York. Mr Hungate first joined the Board as an Independent Director on 27 July 2011 and was subsequently appointed as the President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company on 1 January 2014. He is currently a Non-Executive and Independent Director and the Chairman of the Remuneration and Human Capital Committee of United Overseas Bank Limited. He also serves as a member of the Singapore Economic Development Board and the Future Economy Council ("FEC"), and co-chairs the FEC Sub-Committee for Connectivity.	Mr Tan had previously held the positions of Chief Executive Officer at Singapore Pools (Private) Limited, Singapore Totalisator Board, and Temasek Capital (Private) Limited as well as Senior Managing Director of DBS Bank. He was also previously a Director of OSIM International Ltd, Chairman of Temasek Foundation Management Services CLG Limited and has had over 30 years of experience in banking and financial services. He is currently an Executive and Non-Independent Director of Raffles Medical Group Ltd and Raffles Health Insurance Pte. Ltd. He is also serving on the board of various companies.	Mr Kok joined Dairy Farm International Holdings Limited in 1973 and held various senior management positions within the group, before he retired as Group Chief Executive Officer of Dairy Farm International Holdings Limited in 2012. Mr Kok currently serves as a Director of various companies.	Mrs Ong was a partner of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Singapore from 1 July 1993 to 31 October 2020. She is currently serving as Board member and Council member of various Singapore Government Agencies.	Ms Bali was the Chief Executive Officer of Britannia Industries Ltd., a publicly listed bakery and dairy company in India, from 2005 to 2014. Since 2014, she has been serving as a Non-Executive Director on global and Indian boards. She is currently an Independent Director of Cognizant Technology Solutions Corporation, and a Non-Executive Director of CRISIL Ltd and Syngene International Ltd.
Shareholding interest in the listed issuer and its subsidiaries	3,564,236 ordinary shares in SATS Ltd. 190,400 unvested shares awarded under the SATS Restricted Share Plan 1,055,000 contingent awards under the SATS Performance Share Plan	Direct Interest: 43,500 ordinary shares in SATS Ltd. Deemed Interest: 4,088 ordinary shares in SATS Ltd. through his spouse	15,300 ordinary shares in SATS Ltd.	Nil	Nil
Any relationship (including immediate family relationships) with any existing director, existing executive officer, the issuer and/or substantial shareholder of the listed issuer or of any of its principal subsidiaries	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Conflict of interest (including any competing business)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
Undertaking (in the format set out in Appendix 7.7) under Rule 720(1) has been submitted to the listed issuer	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

232. Renewed Vigour 233.

(Information as at 1 June 2021)

Name of Director	Alexander Charles Hungate	Tan Soo Nan	Michael Kok Pak Kuan	Deborah Tan Yang Sock (Mrs Deborah Ong)	Vinita Bali
Other Principal Commitments* including Directorships					
Past (for the last 5 years)	Other listed companies Nil Other principal commitments Chairman, Country Foods Pte. Ltd. (FKA SATS BRF Food Pte. Ltd.) Chairman, SATS HK Limited Chairman, SATS-Creuers Cruise Services Pte. Ltd. Director, Air India SATS Airport Services Private Limited Director, Food & Allied Support Services Corporation Pte. Ltd. Director, SATS Yihai Kerry (Langfang) Food Co., Ltd. Director, SATS Kunshan Food Co., Ltd. (FKA SATS Yihai Kerry (Kunshan) Food Co., Ltd.) Director, Singapore International Chamber of Commerce	Other listed companies Non-Executive and Independent Director, OSIM International Pte. Ltd. (Delisted on 29 August 2016) Other principal commitments Nil	Other listed companies Non-Executive Director, Dairy Farm International Holdings Limited Other principal commitments KPK & Son Realty Pte Ltd	Other listed companies Nil Other principal commitments • Partner, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, Singapore • Deputy Chairperson, Ngee Ann Polytechnic • Board member, Singapore Tourism Board • Board member, CPA Australia	Other listed companies Non-Executive Director, Smith & Nephew plc. (LSE) Non-Executive Director, Titan Company Ltd. (BSE/NSE) Non-Executive Director, Bunge Ltd. (NYSE) Other principal commitments Chairman, Global Alliance for Improved Nutrition Non-Executive Director, Syngenta Ltd. Chair, Board of Governors of Welham Girls' School
Present	Other listed companies Non-Executive and Independent Director/Chairman of the Remuneration and Human Capital Committee, United Overseas Bank Limited Other principal commitments Member, Singapore Economic Development Board Member, Future Economy Council Co-Chairman, Connectivity, Sub-Committee of The Future Economy Council Member, National Youth Achievement Award Association Advisory Board Chairman, Asia Airfreight Terminal Company Limited Chairman, SATS China Co., Ltd. Director, Mumbai Cargo Service Center Airport Private Limited Director, SATS (India) Co. Private Limited Director, SATS Investments Pte. Ltd.	Other listed companies Executive and Non-Independent Director, Raffles Medical Group Ltd. Non-Executive and Independent Director, Engro Corporation Limited Other principal commitments Executive and Non-Independent Director, Raffles Health Insurance Pte. Ltd. Director, ICE Futures Singapore Pte. Ltd. Director, ICE Clear Singapore Pte. Ltd. Director, ICE Singapore Holdings Pte. Ltd. Director, Temasek Foundation Ltd. (formerly known as Temasek Foundation Management Services CLG Limited) Director, Woh Hup Trust Director, TF IPC Pte. Ltd.	Other listed companies Non-Executive and Independent Director / Chairman of Remuneration Committee, Jardine Cycle and Carriage Limited Non-Executive and Independent Director, Mapletree North Asia Commercial Trust Management Ltd. (formerly known as Mapletree Great China Commercial Trust Management Limited) (The Manager of Mapletree North Asia Commercial Trust) Other principal commitments Nil	Other listed companies Nil Other principal commitments Board member, Monetary Authority of Singapore Board member, Lee Kong Chian School of Medicine Governing Board at Nanyang Technological University Board member, Workforce Singapore Board member, SkillsFuture Singapore Council member, Council for Estate Agencies Member, Legal Service Commission	Other listed companies Independent Director, Cognizant Technology Solutions Corporation (NASDAQ) Non-Executive Director, CRISIL Ltd (BSE/NSE) Non-Executive Director, Syngene International Ltd. (BSE/NSE) Other principal commitments Member, Board of Governors, India Institute of Management, Bangalore Non-Executive Director, Fabindia Overseas Pvt. Ltd.

^{* &}quot;Principal Commitments" has the same meaning as defined in the Code of Corporate Governance 2018.

234. Renewed Vigour 235.

(Information as at 1 June 2021)

Information required

Disclose the following matters concerning an appointment of director, chief executive officer, chief financial officer, chief operating officer, general manager or other officer of equivalent rank. If the answer to any questions is "yes", full details must be given.

Name of Director	Alexander Charles Hungate	Tan Soo Nan	Michael Kok Pak Kuan	Deborah Tan Yang Sock (Mrs Deborah Ong)	Vinita Bali
(a) Whether at any time during the last 10 years, an application or a petition under any bankruptcy law of any jurisdiction was filed against him or against a partnership of which he was a partner at the time when he was a partner or at any time within 2 years from the date he ceased to be a partner?	No	No	No	No	No
(b) Whether at any time during the last 10 years, an application or a petition under any law of any jurisdiction was filed against an entity (not being a partnership) of which he was a director or an equivalent person or a key executive, at the time when he was a director or an equivalent person or a key executive of that entity or at any time within 2 years from the date he ceased to be a director or an equivalent person or a key executive of that entity, for the winding up or dissolution of that entity or, where that entity is the trustee of a business trust, that business trust, on the ground of insolvency?	No	No	No	No	No
(c) Whether there is any unsatisfied judgment against him?	No	No	No	No	No
(d) Whether he has ever been convicted of any offence, in Singapore or elsewhere, involving fraud or dishonesty which is punishable with imprisonment, or has been the subject of any criminal proceedings (including any pending criminal proceedings of which he is aware) for such purpose?	No	No	No	No	No
(e) Whether he has ever been convicted of any offence, in Singapore or elsewhere, involving a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, or has been the subject of any criminal proceedings (including any pending criminal proceedings of which he is aware) for such breach?	No	No	No	No	No
(f) Whether at any time during the last 10 years, judgment has been entered against him in any civil proceedings in Singapore or elsewhere involving a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere, or a finding of fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty on his part, or he has been the subject of any civil proceedings (including any pending civil proceedings of which he is aware) involving an allegation of fraud, misrepresentation or dishonesty on his part?	No	No	No	No	No
(g) Whether he has ever been convicted in Singapore or elsewhere of any offence in connection with the formation or management of any entity or business trust?	No	No	No	No	No
(h) Whether he has ever been disqualified from acting as a director or an equivalent person of any entity (including the trustee of a business trust), or from taking part directly or indirectly in the management of any entity or business trust?	No	No	No	No	No
(i) Whether he has ever been the subject of any order, judgment or ruling of any court, tribunal or governmental body, permanently or temporarily enjoining him from engaging in any type of business practice or activity?	No	No	No	No	No
(j) Whether he has ever, to his knowledge, been concerned with the management or conduct, in Singapore or elsewhere, of the affairs of:					
(i) any corporation which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing corporations in Singapore or elsewhere; or	No	No	No	No	No
(ii) any entity (not being a corporation) which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing such entities in Singapore or elsewhere; or	No	No	No	No	No
(iii) any business trust which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement governing business trusts in Singapore or elsewhere; or	No	No	No	No	No
(iv) any entity or business trust which has been investigated for a breach of any law or regulatory requirement that relates to the securities or futures industry in Singapore or elsewhere,	No	No	No	No	No
in connection with any matter occurring or arising during that period when he was so concerned with the entity or business trust?					
(k) Whether he has been the subject of any current or past investigation or disciplinary proceedings, or has been reprimanded or issued any warning, by the Monetary Authority of Singapore or any other regulatory authority, exchange, professional body or government agency, whether in Singapore or elsewhere?	No	No	No	No	No

Proxy Form

(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore) Company Registration No. 197201770G

- 1. The Annual General Meeting is being convened, and will be held, by way of electronic means pursuant to the COVID-19 (Temporary Measures) (Alternative Arrangements for Meetings for Companies, Variable Capital Companies, Business Trusts, Unit Trusts and Debenture Holders) Order 2020. Printed copies of the Notice of Annual General Meeting will not be sent to members. Instead, the Notice of Annual General Meeting will be sent to members. by electronic means via publication on the Company's website at the URL https://www.sats.com.sg/AGM2021 and the SGX website at the URL https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements.
- Alternative arrangements relating to attendance at the Annual General Meeting via electronic means (including arrangements by which the meeting can be electronically accessed via live audio-visual webcast or live audio-only stream), submission of questions to the Chairman of the Meeting in advance of, or live at, the Annual General Meeting, addressing of substantial and relevant questions in advance of, or live at, the Annual General Meeting and voting by appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy at the Annual General Meeting, are set out in the accompanying Company's announcement dated 30 June 2021. This announcement may be accessed at the Company's website at the URL https://www.sats.com.sg/AGM2021 and the SGX website at the URL https://www.sgx.com/securities/company-announcements.
- As a precautionary measure due to the current COVID-19 situation in Singapore, a member will not be able to attend the Annual General Meeting in person. A member (whether individual or corporate) must appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as his/her/its proxy to attend, speak and vote on his/her/its behalf at the Annual General Meeting if such member wishes to exercise his/her/its voting rights at the Annual General Meeting.
- CPF and SRS investors who wish to appoint the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy should approach their respective CPF Agent Banks or SRS Operators to submit their votes by 5.00 p.m. on 9 July 2021.
- 5. By submitting an instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy, the member accepts and agrees to the personal data privacy terms set out in the Notice of Annual General Meeting dated 30 June 2021.
- Please read the notes overleaf which contain instructions on, *inter alia*, the appointment of the Chairman of the Meeting as a member's proxy to attend, speak and vote on his/her/its behalf at the Annual General Meeting.

*I/We				(Name)
		(*NRIC/	Passport No./0	Co. Regn. No.)
of				(Address)
speal	a *member/members of SATS Ltd. (the " Company ") hereby appoint the Chairman of and vote for *me/us on *my/our behalf at the Annual General Meeting of the Company on the conjugate on Thursday, 22 July 2021 at 10.00 a.m. (Singapore time) and at any adjoint means on Thursday, 22 July 2021 at 10.00 a.m.	any to be co	nvened and h	eld by way of
No.	Resolutions	**For	**Against	**Abstain
Ordi	nary Business			
1	Adoption of the Directors' Statement, the Audited Financial Statements and the Auditors' Report thereon			
2	Re-election of Mr Alexander Charles Hungate as Director			
3	Re-election of Mr Tan Soo Nan as Director			
4	Re-election of Mr Michael Kok Pak Kuan as Director			
5	Re-election of Ms Deborah Tan Yang Sock (Mrs Deborah Ong) as Director			
6	Re-election of Ms Vinita Bali as Director			
7	Approval of Directors' fees for the financial year ending 31 March 2022			
8	Re-appointment of Auditors and authorisation for Directors to fix their remuneration			
Spec	cial Business			
9	To grant authority to the Directors to issue additional shares and convertible instruments pursuant to Section 161 of the Companies Act, Chapter 50 of Singapore			
10	To grant authority to the Directors to grant awards and issue shares in accordance with the provisions of the SATS Performance Share Plan and the SATS Restricted Share Plan			
11	To approve the proposed renewal of the Mandate for Interested Person Transactions			
12	To approve the proposed renewal of the Share Purchase Mandate			
** Votin "For resp in re box	the accordingly may be accordingly may be accordingly may be accordingly may libe conducted by poll. If you wish the Chairman of the Meeting as your proxy to cast all your votes "For" or "Against" box provided in respect of that resolution. Alternatively, please indicate the number of votes "For" or ect of that resolution. If you wish the Chairman of the Meeting as your proxy to abstain from voting on a resolution, pospect of that resolution. Alternatively, please indicate the number of shares the Chairman of the Meeting as your provided in respect of that resolution. In the absence of specific directions in respect of a resolution, the apply for that resolution will be treated as invalid.	or " Against " in the lease indicate wit oxy is directed to	e " For " or " Agains th a (√) in the " Abs abstain from votin	t" box provided in tain" box provided g in the "Abstain"
Dated	d this day of 2021			
Signa	ature(s) of Member(s) or Common Seal	Tota	l Number of Sha	res Held
Impo	rtant: Please read notes on the reverse side			

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- Notes:

 1. If the member has shares entered against his name in the Depository Register (maintained by The Central Depository (Pte) Limited), he should insert that number of shares. If the member has shares registered in his name in the Register of Members (maintained by or on behalf of the Company), he should insert that number of shares. If the member has shares entered against his name in the Depository Register and shares registered in his name in the Register of Members, he should insert the aggregate number of shares. If no number is inserted, this proxy form will be deemed to relate to all the shares held by the member.

 2. As a precuriting measure due to the current COVID-19 situation in Singapore, a member will not be able to attend the Annual General Meeting in person. A member (whether

- In the inferior has shales effected against his faint in the Depository Register (Maintained by The Carbar Depository (Feb) Inferior). In small, the Register of Members (maintained by or on behalf of the Company), he should insert that rumber of shares. If the member has shares entered against his name in the Depository Register and shares registered in his name in the Register of Members, he should insert the aggregate number of shares. If no number is inserted, this proxy form will be deemed to relate to all the shares held by the member.

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 The instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy must be a proxy should approach their respective CPF Agent Banks or SRS Operators to submit their votes by 5.00 p.m. on 9 July 2021.

 The instrument appointing the Chairman of the Meeting as proxy must be a submitted to the Company is Share Registrar, M. & C Services Private Limited, at 112 Robinson Road #05-01, Singapore 068902; or b. if submitted by post, be lodged at the office of the Company's Share Registrar, M. & C Services Private Limited, at 112 Robinson Road #05-01, S

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Please affix postage stamp

3rd fold along this line and glue overleaf. Do not staple

The Company Secretary SATS Ltd.

c/o M & C Services Private Limited 112 Robinson Road #05-01 Singapore 068902