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# MISSION STATEMENT

SATS aims to be the best handling agent in the world, providing airport ground handling, inflight catering and aviation security services of the highest quality, while giving value to customers and shareholders, and career fulfilment to staff.

# Statistical Highlights

	2006-07	2005-06	% CHANGE
FINANCIAL STATISTICS			
GROUP (\$ MILLIONS)			
Total revenue	945.7	932.0	1.5
Total expenditure	792.5	747.9	6.0
Operating profit	153.2	184.1	- 16.8
Profit before tax	219.8	246.1	- 10.7
Profit after tax	179.0	189.2	- 5.4
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	178.2	188.6	- 5.5
Share capital	215.6	179.8	19.9
Reserves			
Revenue reserve	1,111.3	1,018.2	9.1
Share-based compensation reserve	13.0	10.0	30.0
Foreign currency translation reserve	(31.2)	(9.5)	228.4
Statutory reserve	5.6	4.1	36.6
Fair value reserve	(0.1)	(0.1)	_
Equity attributable to equity holders of the Company	1,314.2	1,202.5	9.3
Return on equity holders' funds (%)	14.2	16.7	– 2.5 poir
Total assets	1,804.2	1,717.9	5.0
Total debt	202.8	247.5	- 18.1
Total debt equity ratio (times)	0.15	0.21	- 0.06 time
Value added	675.1	665.1	1.5
Economic value added	60.7	79.8	- 23.9
PER SHARE DATA			
Earnings before tax (cents)	20.9	23.7	- 11.8
Earnings after tax (cents)			
– basic	17.0	18.2	- 6.6
– diluted	16.9	18.1	- 6.6
Net asset value (\$)	1.24	1.15	7.8
DIVIDENDS			
Interim dividend (cents per share)	4.0	4.0	_
Proposed final dividend (cents per share)	6.0	6.0	_
Proposed special dividend (cents per share)	5.0	-	n.m.
Dividend cover (times)	1.4	2.3	- 0.9 time
OPERATING STATISTICS			
EMPLOYEE PRODUCTIVITY			
Average number of employees	7,461	7,660	- 2.6
Revenue per employee (\$)	126,747	121,675	4.2
Value added per employee (\$)	90,477	86,831	4.2
Value added per \$ employment costs	1.76	1.91	- 7.9
OPERATING DATA			
Airfreight throughput (in million tonnes)	1.55	1.49	3.7
Passengers served (in millions)	29.27	27.32	7.1
Inflight meals prepared (in millions)	24.74	24.19	2.3
Flights handled (in thousands)	84.53	84.11	0.5

#### NOTES:

- 1. SATS' financial year is from 1 April to 31 March. Throughout this report, all financial figures are stated in Singapore Dollars, unless stated otherwise.

- Returns on equity holders' funds is the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company expressed as a percentage of the average equity holders' funds.
   Total debt equity ratio is total debts divided by equity attributable to equity holders of the Company at 31 March.
   Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of fully paid shares in issue.
   Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of fully paid shares in issue after adjusting for dilution of shares under the employee share option plan.
- 6. Net asset value per share is computed by dividing equity attributable to equity holders of the Company by the ordinary shares in issue at 31 March.

  7. Dividend cover is profit attributable to equity holders of the Company divided by total dividend (net of tax).



# Financial Calendar

#### FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2007

01 August **2006** 

Announcement of First Quarter Results

27 October **2006** 

Announcement of Second Quarter and Half Year Results

30 October **2006** 

Media/Analysts' Briefing on Second Quarte

22 November **2006** 

Payment of FY2006-07 Interim Dividence

09 February **2007** 

mouncement of fillia quarter is

11 May **2007** 

Announcement of Fourth Quarter and Full Year Results

14 May **2007** 

Media/Analysts' Briefing on Fourth Quarter and Full Year Results

14 June **2007** 

Despatch of Summary Financial Report

28 June **2007** 

Despatch of Annual Report to Shareholders

26 July **2007** 

Annual General Meeting

02 August **2007** 

Proposed Books Closure Date

13 August **2007** 

Proposed Payment of FY2006-07 Final and Special Dividends

FINANCIAL YEAR ENDING 31 MARCH 2008

01 August **2007** 

Proposed Announcement of First Quarter Results

31 October **2007** 

Proposed Announcement of Second Quarter and Half Year Results

January / February 2008

Proposed Announcement of Third Quarter Results

May 2008

Proposed Announcement of Full Year Results



## Chairman's Statement

#### Dear Shareholders,

Financial year 2006-2007 has been a challenging and exciting year for SATS. We firmly defended our market share at Singapore Changi Airport, amidst continued pressure on our margins. At the same time, we continued to build on our regional presence and brand equity as a leading provider of ground handling and inflight catering services especially in our key target markets of China and India.

We remain committed to creating long-term shareholder value through our relentless focus on our cost competitiveness, without compromising on our service quality, and staying the course on our expansion strategy.

#### **Financial Results**

This year, we turned in a reasonable financial performance. Revenue for the year increased by 1.5% to S\$945.7 million on the back of higher business volumes. However, costs also increased by 6% to S\$792.5 million due to a higher bonus provision resulting from a linkage to the SIA Group's profitability in FY2006-07.

Profit contribution from our overseas associates was \$\$52.1 million, a decline of 9.1%. This was mainly caused by exchange translation losses due to a stronger Singapore dollar as well as lower contribution from our Hong Kong associate, which incurred higher depreciation and operating costs from the addition of a new cargo terminal.

Profit before tax, at \$\$219.8 million, was 10.7% lower than the previous year. Net profit declined 5.5% to \$\$178.2 million. A favourable change in corporate tax rate (from 20% to 18%), resulting in a tax write-back of \$\$6.6 million, mitigated the decline in net profit.

#### **Dividends**

I am pleased to advise that the Board of Directors has recommended a final ordinary dividend of 6 cents gross per share. Together with the interim ordinary dividend of 4 cents gross per share paid, the total ordinary dividend for FY2006-07 would be 10 cents gross per share. The total ordinary dividend payout ratio is 48.1% of net profit, higher than the 44.4% payout ratio for FY2005-06.

In addition, we are proposing to pay a special dividend of 5 cents gross per share over and above the final ordinary dividend. The recommendation for both the final and the special dividends is subject to shareholder approval at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting on 26 July 2007. The final and special dividends proposed will substantially utilise the remaining Section 44 tax credits of the company.

#### Consolidating our position at home

At our home base, Singapore Changi Airport, I am pleased to report that we have won important contracts, in particular, the renewal of the Qantas passenger and apron handling contracts in May 2006 for a further 5-year period.

We also continued to strengthen our position within the budget carrier market segment – we were appointed by Jetstar Asia and Valuair to provide ground handling services under a 5-year contract and also commenced handling services for Cebu Pacific from the Budget Terminal in August 2006.

During the year, however, a few of our airline clients ceased operations in Singapore. Despite this, SATS continued to maintain its leadership position with a market share of more than 80% of flights operating at Singapore Changi Airport.

Excellent service delivery continues to be our focus. SATS was named by over 12,500 senior cargo industry professionals in Asia Pacific as the best air cargo terminal operator in Asia for an unprecedented 10th time at the 2006 Asia Freight & Supply Chain Awards that took place in May 2006.

Furthermore, SATS excelled once again at the annual national service excellence awards (EXSA) when we walked away with a total of 874 awards, improving on the 851 awards won the previous year. In January 2007 at the Changi Airport Service Personality Awards, SATS walked away with the lion's share of the awards – clinching 16 Outstanding Service Provider Awards and the important Outstanding Team Award, a testament to our resolute focus on providing superior service with world-class standards.

During the year in review, we took further steps towards improving our overall cost competitiveness. In April 2006, we concluded a profit-sharing bonus agreement with the staff unions to align staff bonuses with the performance of the SATS Group rather than the SIA Group. At the same time, we have been progressing with several initiatives to raise productivity, such as the Lean Management programme which initiated a review process to eliminate laborious work processes and wastage as well as to simplify work flows to provide clients with a better value-added proposition. First implemented in SATS Catering, the programme has been introduced throughout all other operational divisions. Credit must go to the staff and Unions for their support in helping the Company achieve its cost-reduction and productivity goals.

# Chairman's Statement

#### Extending our overseas reach

Our share of profits from overseas investments now constitutes 23.7% of our Group's profit before tax, an increase of 0.4% point over the preceding financial year.

We have stepped up efforts to increase the profit contribution from our overseas ventures. The potential presented by our key regional markets makes for exciting opportunities for SATS.

In the past financial year, we made significant investments into the growing markets of China and India. In May 2006, we announced a tie-up with Beijing Capital International Airport, Tianjin Binhai International Airport and Tianjin Wan Shi Long International Logistics to provide cargo handling and related services. In December 2006, together with our Chinese partner, Capital Airports Holding Company (CAH), we announced the expansion of our inflight catering and ground handling businesses to 8 other Chinese airports via our joint venture companies, Beijing Airport Inflight Kitchen (BAIK) and Beijing Aviation Ground Services (BGS). These additions bring to a total of 13 airports in China (including Macau and Hong Kong) where we have a presence.

We have likewise employed this model of partnership with similar success in India. In May and October 2006, together with our consortium partner Air India, we successfully clinched the 15-year cargo handling and 7-year ground handling concessions at the upcoming Bangalore International Airport. The concessions are just the first of more cooperative efforts by the Air India-SATS consortium. In June 2007, together with Indian Airlines, the consortium secured a 7-year concession for the provision of ground handling services at the new Hyderabad International Airport scheduled to commence operations by April 2008.

# SATS operates at 3 AIRPORTS

in 10 Asian countries

SATS currently has a network of 16 joint ventures, operating at 34 airports in 10 Asian countries. We are confident that this network will grow significantly within the next few years.

#### Acknowledgements

I would like to express my appreciation to our Board members. In particular, I would like to acknowledge the distinguished service of Mr Michael Tan Jiak Ngee who is retiring as a member of the Board at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. Being our longest-serving director, Michael has contributed significantly to SATS' growth over the past 30 years, through his invaluable experience and insight into the aviation industry.

I would also like to express my gratitude to our airline customers, partners and business associates for their continuous support. We look forward to further strengthening our partnerships in the year ahead.

In the following months, President and Chief Executive Officer, Mr Ng Chin Hwee will be leaving SATS to rejoin SIA once a suitable successor is identified. Since early 2004, Chin Hwee has ably guided SATS through some of the most challenging periods in its history. He has been instrumental in sharpening SATS' competencies and building its strengths in an increasingly competitive market in Singapore. Under his leadership, SATS has successfully expanded to key overseas markets and has greatly enhanced its reputation as a valued ground handling and inflight catering service partner in the industry. On behalf of the Board, I would like to extend our thanks to him for his stellar service to SATS and we wish him well in all his future endeavours.

I applaud the Management and staff for their contributions, loyalty, dedication and commitment. I would also like to thank the Unions for their understanding and support.

Last but not least, I would like to express my appreciation to our shareholders for your continuing support and confidence during the year in review.

Thank you.

Edmund Cheng Wai Wing Chairman





# Board of Directors

#### Mr Cheng Wai Wing Edmund, 54 Chairman

Mr Cheng is the Deputy Chairman and Deputy Managing Director of Wing Tai Holdings Limited.

Besides his experience as a property developer, Mr Cheng is also active in both the public and private sectors. He is currently the Chairman of Mapletree Investments Pte Ltd, National Arts Council and DesignSingapore Council. Mr Cheng is also a board member of a number of public and private companies, including SNP Corporation Ltd and DNP Holdings Berhad. He is a member of the International Council for Asia Society. A Past President of the Real Estate Developers' Association of Singapore (REDAS), Mr Cheng remains a Member of its Presidential Council.

Mr Cheng has previously served as Chairman of the Singapore Tourism Board from 1993 to 2001 and The Esplanade Co Ltd as well as on the boards of the Urban Redevelopment Authority, the Construction Industry Development Board, The Old Parliament House Ltd and Singapore Airlines Limited. He was awarded the Public Service Star Award (PBB) in 1999.

Mr Cheng graduated with a Bachelor of Science degree in Civil Engineering from Northwestern University, USA, and also holds a Masters of Architecture degree from Carnegie-Mellon University, USA.

Past principal directorships in the preceding 3 years: The Old Parliament House Ltd; CIH Limited; SNP Leefung Holdings Limited; Singapore Airlines Limited; The Esplanade Co Ltd.

#### Mr Chew Choon Seng, 60 Deputy Chairman

Mr Chew is the Chief Executive Officer and a Director of Singapore Airlines Limited. He joined the company in 1972.

Mr Chew is the Deputy Chairman of SIA Engineering Company Limited as well as a Director of Singapore Exchange Limited and the Government of Singapore Investment Corporation Pte Ltd. He is presently the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the International Air Transport Association (IATA).

Mr Chew holds a Bachelor of Mechanical Engineering degree from the University of Singapore, and a Masters degree in Operations Research and Management Studies from Imperial College, University of London.

Past principal directorships and appointments in the preceding 3 years: Singapore Aircraft Leasing Enterprise Pte. Ltd.; Member of the Board of Governors of the Singapore International Foundation; Virgin Atlantic Limited.







Mr Khaw Kheng Joo, 59 Director

Mr Khaw is a Director and the Chief Executive Officer of Mediaring Ltd. He is also a Director of Senoko Power Limited.

Mr Khaw spent the first 26 years of his career at Hewlett Packard Company (HP), rising to the position of General Manager of HP's Handheld Computing Products Division. In that position, he was responsible for the design, manufacture and marketing of HP's Pocket PC, and he pioneered the WinCE and GSM/GPRS wireless communication for portable digital assistants (PDAs). He also held the position of General Manager of HP's Asia Pacific PC Division, pioneering HP's entry into China for manufacturing, and establishing Singapore as the strategic manufacturing site for HP's computer products.

After leaving HP in 1999, he was President of Omni Electronics (S) Pte Ltd and Senior Vice President of Celestica Inc (which acquired Omni Electronics Limited), before assuming his current position as Chief Executive Officer of Mediaring Ltd, one of the leading companies in telephony services based on VoIP technology.

Mr Khaw holds a Diploma in Electronic and Communications Engineering from Singapore Polytechnic, a Bachelor of Science degree in Electrical and Computer Engineering from Oregon State University, USA, and a Masters degree in Business Administration from Santa Clara University, USA.

Past principal directorships in the preceding 3 years: Amtek Engineering Ltd; Maveric Ltd (formerly known as Total Automation Ltd).

Mr Ng Kee Choe, 63 Director

Mr Ng is the Chairman and an independent Director of Singapore Power Limited since his appointment on 15 September 2000. He has been Chairman of SP Australia Networks (Transmission) Ltd and SP Australia Networks (Distribution) Ltd since 31 May 2005.

His current other board directorships include the Chairmanship of NTUC Income Insurance Co-Operative Ltd and Singapore Exchange Limited. He is also the President-Commissioner of PT Bank Danamon Tbk, a member of the Temasek Advisory Panel and a member of the Advisory Council of China Development Bank.

Mr Ng was formerly the Vice-Chairman of DBS Group Holdings. He retired from his executive position in July 2003 after 33 years of service with DBS.

For his contributions to the public service, Mr Ng was awarded the Public Service Star Award in 2001.

Mr Ng graduated with a Bachelor of Science (Honours) degree from the University of Singapore.

Past principal directorships and appointments in the preceding 3 years: Governor of Singapore International Foundation; Wing Lung Bank Ltd.

Dr Ow Chin Hock, 63 Director

Dr Ow is an Adjunct Professor of Nanyang Technological University.

Dr Ow joined the Department of Economics and Statistics of the National University of Singapore as Lecturer in 1972, and stayed on till 1993 where his last-held position was Associate Professor.

Concurrently, he was elected Member of Parliament (MP) from 1975 to 2001. During his 6 terms as an MP, he held several key public appointments, including Parliament Secretary, Ministry of Culture, and subsequently, Ministry of Education, from 1977 to 1991. He became Executive Chairman of Pan-United Corporation Ltd (PUC), a listed company in Singapore in 1993. He left PUC when he rejoined the Singapore Government in 1997 and was appointed Mayor and Minister of State, Ministry of Foreign Affairs from 1997 to 2001, and Ambassador-At-Large from 2002 to 2004.

Dr Ow chaired the Audit Committee of the Board of Trustees of the Southeast Asian Studies (ISEAS), a statutory board, from 1981 to 1999, and was Vice Chairman of ISEAS Board of Trustees from 1996 to 2002. Currently, he is an independent Director of People's Food Holdings Ltd and Longcheer Holdings Ltd, both being Chinese companies listed on the Singapore Exchange.

Dr Ow graduated with a Bachelor of Arts (Honours) degree from the University of Singapore in 1966. He was awarded the Fulbright Grant and Ford Fellowship to do graduate studies in the USA in 1966. He obtained his Masters of Arts (Economic Development) and Ph.D. (Economics) degrees from Vanderbilt University in 1968 and 1972 respectively.





# Board of Directors

#### Mr Tan Jiak Ngee Michael, 65 Director

Mr Tan was the Executive Vice President (Chairman's Office) of Millennium & Copthorne International, a member of the Hong Leong Group Singapore, from February 2004 to February 2007. He was also previously Senior Executive Vice President (Commercial) of Singapore Airlines Limited until his retirement in January 2004. Mr Tan was Deputy Chairman of Singapore Airport Terminal Services Limited (SATS) until 21 May 2003. Since then, he has continued to be a Director of SATS.

Mr Tan joined Malayan Airways Ltd, a forerunner of Singapore Airlines Limited, in 1960. He rose through the ranks, holding various positions from country manager in a number of Asian countries, to senior positions in Planning, Sales, Marketing and Commercial at the head office of Singapore Airlines Limited.

Mr Yeo Chee Tong, 48 Director

Mr Yeo is the President and Chief Executive Officer as well as a Director of SNP Corporation Ltd.

He started his career in 1983 as a software engineer at Defence Science Organisation, a unit under Singapore's Ministry of Defence, where he spent 2 years based in Montreal, Canada. In 1988, he joined Singapore Computer Systems Ltd where his focus was on sales and marketing for its systems integration business. Subsequently in 1994, he joined ST Telemedia Pte Ltd, where he spearheaded a large multi-nation transpacific satellite project as Vice President (Satellite). Mr Yeo joined SNP Corporation Ltd, a company listed on the Singapore Exchange, in 1997 as its Executive Vice President (Development) and was appointed as President in January 1998 before assuming his current position as President and Chief Executive Officer in 2000.

Mr Yeo also holds directorships in various other companies within the SNP Corporation group of companies.

Mr Yeo, a Government Merit Scholar, holds Bachelor of Electrical & Electronic Engineering (Honours), Masters in Science (Engineering) and Masters in Business Administration degrees from the National University of Singapore. He had also completed the Harvard Business School's Advanced Management Programme in 1999.

Past principal directorship in the preceding 3 years: TKS Technologies Public Company Limited.



# Proposed New Director

#### Mr Tay Ah Kee Keith, 63

Mr Tay is the Chairman of Stirling Coleman Capital Ltd.

He was the Chairman and Managing Partner of KPMG Peat Marwick Singapore from 1984 to 1993. He also served as the President of the Institute of Certified Public Accountants of Singapore (ICPAS) from 1982 to 1992 and was the Singapore Representative to the Council of the International Federation of Accountants from 1987 to 1990.

Mr Tay has been the Vice Chairman of the Singapore Institute of Directors since 1998 and a Board Member of the Singapore International Chamber of Commerce since 1985. Besides assuming the Chairmanship of Aviva Limited, he also holds directorships in various companies, including Singapore Post Limited, Rotary Engineering Ltd, Singapore Reinsurance Corporation Ltd, FJ Benjamin Holdings Ltd, Allgreen Properties Ltd, Pokka Corporation (Singapore) Limited and Singapore Power Limited.

He was conferred the first International Award for Outstanding Contribution to the Profession by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England & Wales in 1988 and the Bintang Bakti Masharakat (BBM) – Public Service Star in 1990 by the President of the Republic of Singapore. In 1993, ICPAS also conferred upon Mr Tay the Gold Medal for distinguished service to the profession and made him an Honorary Fellow in recognition of his outstanding contributions to the profession and the Singapore community.

Mr Tay qualified as a Chartered Accountant in the United Kingdom in 1968. He is a Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of England & Wales.

Past principal directorship in the preceding 3 years: Elec & Eltek International Co Ltd.

# Key Management

#### Ng Chin Hwee, 46

Mr Ng is the President and Chief Executive Officer of Singapore Airport Terminal Services Limited (SATS). He joined SATS in January 2004. He has been with the Singapore Airlines Limited (SIA) group of companies since 1985, when he joined as a Cadet Admin Officer. During his 18-year stint in SIA, he worked in Planning, Marketing, Ground Services and country management. He assumed positions such as Divisional Vice-President of Ground Services, where he was based in Singapore but held responsibilities for SIA's worldwide airport operations, and Senior Vice-President (The Americas), where he was based in Los Angeles. His other overseas stints included postings in Germany, Australia and Myanmar.

Mr Ng is a Board member of SATS Airport Services Pte Ltd, SATS Catering Pte Ltd, PT Jasa Angkasa Semesta TBK and Aviserv Limited. He is also the Vice Chairman of Beijing Aviation Ground Services Co Ltd and Beijing Airport Inflight Kitchen Ltd.

Mr Ng holds a Bachelor of Engineering (1st Class Honours) degree from the National University of Singapore and a Masters of Management Science (Sloan Fellow) degree from the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

#### Karmjit Singh, 59

Mr Singh is the Chief Operating Officer of SATS, overseeing the ground handling and inflight catering operations of the SATS group of companies. Prior to joining SATS in July 1998, he spent 24 years with SIA, serving in a variety of managerial capacities covering Corporate Affairs, Planning, Aviation Fuel, Administrative Services, Purchasing and airline acquisition projects. In SATS, he has held the positions of Chairman and General Manager of SATS Security Services Private Limited, General Manager (SATS Apron) and Chief Executive Officer of SATS Airport Services Pte Ltd.

Mr Singh is a Board member of SATS Airport Services Pte Ltd, SATS Catering Pte Ltd and Taj SATS Air Catering Limited. He also serves as Chairman of the Board of Asia Airfreight Terminal Co Ltd, which provides cargo handling services at Chek Lap Kok Airport in Hong Kong.

In addition, he is the Chairman of the Chartered Institute of Logistics and Transport, Singapore and a member of the Singapore Institute of Directors. He also serves on the Public Transport Council.

Mr Singh graduated from the University of Singapore with a Bachelor of Arts (Honours) degree, majoring in Geography.

#### CORPORATE DIVISION

#### Leong Kok Hong, 56

Mr Leong is the Senior Vice-President (North Asia) of SATS, responsible for the development of its overseas ventures and client relations in North Asia. He joined SATS in July 1976 and was appointed to his present position in July 2006. He previously worked in a variety of managerial capacities covering Catering, Cargo, IT Systems and Corporate Planning.

Mr Leong serves as the Vice Chairman of Tan Son Nhat Cargo Services Ltd and is also a Board member of Beijing Aviation Ground Services Co Ltd, Evergreen Air Cargo Services Corporation and Evergreen Airline Services Corporation.

Mr Leong graduated from the University of Singapore with a Bachelor of Science (Honours) degree in Physics.

#### Chan Wai Leong John, 42

Mr Chan is the Senior Vice-President (Corporate Business Planning & Development) of SATS. He joined SATS in April 2006. Prior to joining SATS, he was the Executive Director of Macau International Airport, responsible for the marketing, promotion and development of the airport. Mr Chan has more than 17 years of experience in the aviation, travel and tourism industry, having worked for organisations such as Abacus International, Asiana Airlines and the International Air Transport Association (IATA).

Mr Chan is a Director of Asia Airfreight Terminal Co Ltd.

Mr Chan graduated from the National University of Singapore with a Bachelor of Arts degree, majoring in Political Science and English.

#### Goh Soo Lim, 40

Mr Goh is the Chief Financial Officer of SATS, overseeing its Finance and Corporate Services functions. He joined SATS in January 2007. Prior to that, he was with Singapore Telecommunications Ltd in various managerial capacities including as its Regional Director of Strategic Investments, Finance Director, and Chief Operating Officer, ADSB (Belgacom, Belgium). He has more than 16 years of experience in audit, finance and overseas investments.

Mr Goh serves on the Boards of Asia Airfreight Terminal Co Ltd and Aero Laundry and Linen Services Private Limited.

Mr Goh graduated with a Bachelor of Business (Accounting) degree from Curtin University, Australia and has completed the Executive Development Programme at The Wharton School, USA. He is a Certified Practising Accountant (CPA) with CPA Australia.

#### **OPERATING DIVISIONS**

#### Tan Chuan Lye, 56

Mr Tan is the Senior Vice-President (Catering) of SATS. He joined SATS in May 1976 and was appointed to his present position in February 2000. Mr Tan previously held managerial positions in SIA Ground Services and SATS Airport Services Pte Ltd, and was also in charge of managing Changi Airport Terminal 2 for SIA and SATS operations.

Mr Tan is the Chairman of Country Foods Pte. Ltd., and also sits on the Boards of Taj SATS Air Catering Limited, Beijing Airport Inflight Kitchen Ltd, Evergreen Sky Catering Corporation and Aviserv Limited

Mr Tan graduated from the University of Singapore with a Bachelor of Social Science (Honours) degree, majoring in Economics.

#### Lim Cheng Yueh Andrew, 53

Mr Lim is the Senior Vice-President (Apron & Passenger Services) of SATS. He joined SATS in May 1979 and was appointed to his present position in August 2005. Prior to that, he was the Vice-President for Human Resource. Mr Lim previously held managerial positions in SIA Cargo, SATS Cargo, Security, Passenger Services and Training. He was also posted overseas from 1998 to 2000 as Chief Executive Officer of Asia Airfreight Terminal Co Ltd in Hong Kong.

Mr Lim is the Chairman of Aerolog Express Pte Ltd and is a member of the Boards of Asia Airfreight Terminal Co Ltd, PT Jasa Angkasa Semesta TBK and SATS Security Services Private Limited.

Mr Lim graduated from the University of Singapore with a Bachelor of Social Science (Honours) degree, majoring in Sociology.

#### Yacoob Piperdi, 49

Mr Piperdi is the Senior Vice-President (Cargo Services) of SATS. He joined SATS in 1981 and was appointed to his present position in July 2006. Prior to that, he was the Vice-President in charge of SATS Inflight Catering Centre 2. He previously held managerial positions in SATS' Apron & Baggage, Passenger Services, Marketing and SIA Ground Services.

 $\operatorname{Mr}$  Piperdi serves on the Board of Maldives Inflight Catering Pte Ltd.

Mr Piperdi graduated from the National University of Singapore with a Bachelor of Arts (Honours) degree, majoring in English.

## Subsidiaries & Overseas Investments\*

as at 14 June 2007

#### **Subsidiaries**

#### SINGAPORE AIRPORT TERMINAL SERVICES LIMITED



#### Overseas Investments

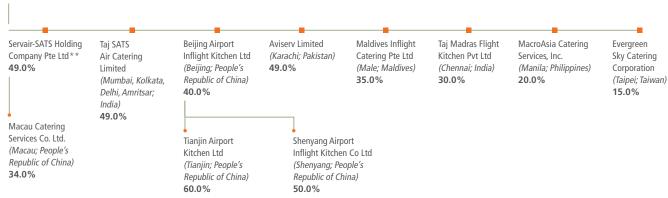
#### **GROUND HANDLING**

#### SINGAPORE AIRPORT TERMINAL SERVICES LIMITED



#### **INFLIGHT CATERING**

#### SINGAPORE AIRPORT TERMINAL SERVICES LIMITED



- \* excluding dormant/inactive companies.
- listed on the Surabaya Stock Exchange
- \*\* investment holding company, incorporated in Singapore.

# Corporate Information

as at 14 June 2007

**BOARD OF DIRECTORS** 

Cheng Wai Wing Edmund

Chew Choon Seng

Khaw Kheng Joo

Ng Kee Choe

Ow Chin Hock

Tan Jiak Ngee Michael\*

Yeo Chee Tong

**AUDIT & RISK** 

MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

Ng Kee Choe

Ow Chin Hock

Tan Jiak Ngee Michael\*

**BOARD EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE** 

Cheng Wai Wing Edmund

**Chew Choon Seng** 

Ng Kee Choe

REMUNERATION & HUMAN **RESOURCE COMMITTEE** 

Cheng Wai Wing Edmund

Chew Choon Seng

NOMINATING COMMITTEE

Ow Chin Hock

Khaw Kheng Joo

Tan Jiak Ngee Michael\*

**COMPANY SECRETARY** 

Shireena Johan Woon

**SHARE REGISTRAR** 

M & C Services Private Limited

Ernst & Young

COMPANY REGISTRATION NO.

**REGISTERED OFFICE** 

**CORPORATE MANAGEMENT** 

Ng Chin Hwee

Karmjit Singh

CORPORATE DIVISION

Leong Kok Hong

Chan Wai Leong John

Goh Soo Lim

**OPERATING DIVISIONS** 

Tan Chuan Lye

Lim Cheng Yueh Andrew

Yacoob Piperdi

**Denis Marie** 

Wong See Heng

Jacob Vincent Nicolson



# Geographical REACH



- Inflight Catering
- Ground Handling
- Inflight Catering and Ground Handling

# **MILESTONES**

## 04 May 2006

Singapore Changi Airport Terminal 1 for First and Business Class

# 09 May 2006

# 26 July **2006**

# 16 May 2006

International Airport at Devanahalli. The airport is expected to start

# 22 May 2006

# 31 August 2006

## 23 October **2006**

The Air India-SATS consortium was awarded a 7-year contract to provide ground handling services at the upcoming Bangalore International Airport at Devanahalli. The airport is expected to start operations in April 2008.

## 27 October 2006

SATS posted a net profit of \$100.5 million for the first half of FY2006-07, a decrease of 5.9% over the corresponding period last year.

# 17 November **2006**

SATS installed 14 Automated Check-in Machines at Singapore Changi Airport Terminal 2 which facilitated the processing of passengers travelling without check-in baggage.

## 27 December **200**6

SATS expanded its presence to 13 airports in China (including Macau and Hong Kong) through its Chinese joint venture companies, Beijing Airport Inflight Kitchen Ltd (BAIK) and Beijing Aviation Ground Services Co Ltd (BGS), which announced deals to extend their operations to 8 regional airports

## 09 February **2007**

SATS posted a net profit of S\$50.5 million for the third quarter of EY2006-07

# 11 May 2007

SATS posted a net profit of \$178.2 million for FY2006-07, a decline of 5.5% from the preceding financial year.





Today's sophisticated passengers demand the very best in terms of products and services. SATS unveiled a series of new facilities throughout the year, pitched to exceed expectations and to enhance each passenger's experience.







# Singapore Operations Review

During the financial year 2006–07, we continued to build upon our re-branding efforts, underscoring our commitment to fulfil our brand promise of being 'One Within', 'One with Partners', and 'One with Customers'.

Maintaining the benchmarks of service excellence remained a key focus for SATS, as we launched our new GUEST Programme on 12 September 2006, aimed at reinforcing service basics at all staff levels. The GUEST Programme defines ideal customer service in a simple, memorable way and aids SATS staff in providing 5-star service to our customers – service quality that truly sets us apart.

This year also marked the launch of our Lean Management Programme, which was first implemented at SATS Catering, before being rolled-out across other divisions. In an effort to boost the efficiency of internal processes, SATS' staff put on their thinking caps and submitted notable ideas through the Staff Ideas in Action programme, which could potentially reap savings of some S\$1.2 million a year.

Recognising the importance of staying at the forefront of the competition with innovative new products and services, we continued to excite customers throughout the year with a host of new offerings across a broad spectrum of departments, from Passenger to Cargo Services.

SATS remains an integral part of the vibrant Singapore air hub, and despite competitive conditions, we have maintained our dominant position, with over 80 percent of the market share in terms of scheduled flights operating in and out of Singapore Changi Airport.







#### Winning New Customers

SATS continued to win many new mandates this year, proving to be a reliable partner for both conventional airlines and low-cost carriers.

- In May 2006, both Valuair and Jetstar Asia engaged SATS to provide passenger and baggage handling services, aircraft loading and unloading, and cargo services for a 5-year term.
- SATS signed an agreement with Malaysia Airlines in July 2006 to oversee its passenger handling services at Singapore Changi Airport. This complements the ramp and baggage handling services that SATS has been providing to Malaysia Airlines since 1972.
- Cebu Pacific at Singapore Changi Airport's Budget Terminal engaged SATS to handle a complete range of ground handling services on its A320 and A319 aircraft from 31 August 2006.
- SATS secured 2 ground handling and catering contracts in October 2006 from K-Mile and Jetstar Airways.
- Lufthansa Airlines appointed SATS in December 2006 to handle passenger security for its flights at Singapore Changi Airport.

SATS also broadened its customer base with the addition of a new non-airline client in September 2006. It was appointed by DBS Bank to manage the DBS Asia Treasures Centre at Singapore Changi Airport Terminal 2 and to provide premium catering services for the bank's valued clients. DBS Bank is the first bank to operate such a lounge at the airport.

Apart from winning new customers, SATS continued to build upon its strong partnership with existing airline clients. In May 2007, Qantas renewed SATS' contracts for passenger and apron handling for a further 5 years. SATS also expanded its catering services for new airline routes introduced by Singapore Airlines to Moscow, Abu Dhabi, Karachi, Milan and Barcelona during the year.

As at 31 March 2007, SATS served 58 airline clients to whom it provided inflight catering services, ground handling services, aviation security services or a combination of these services.

#### **Developing New Products and Services**

Today's sophisticated passengers demand only the very best in terms of products and services. As part of SATS' continuing commitment to enhancing each passenger's experience, we unveiled a series of new facilities throughout the year, all of which were pitched to exceed expectations.

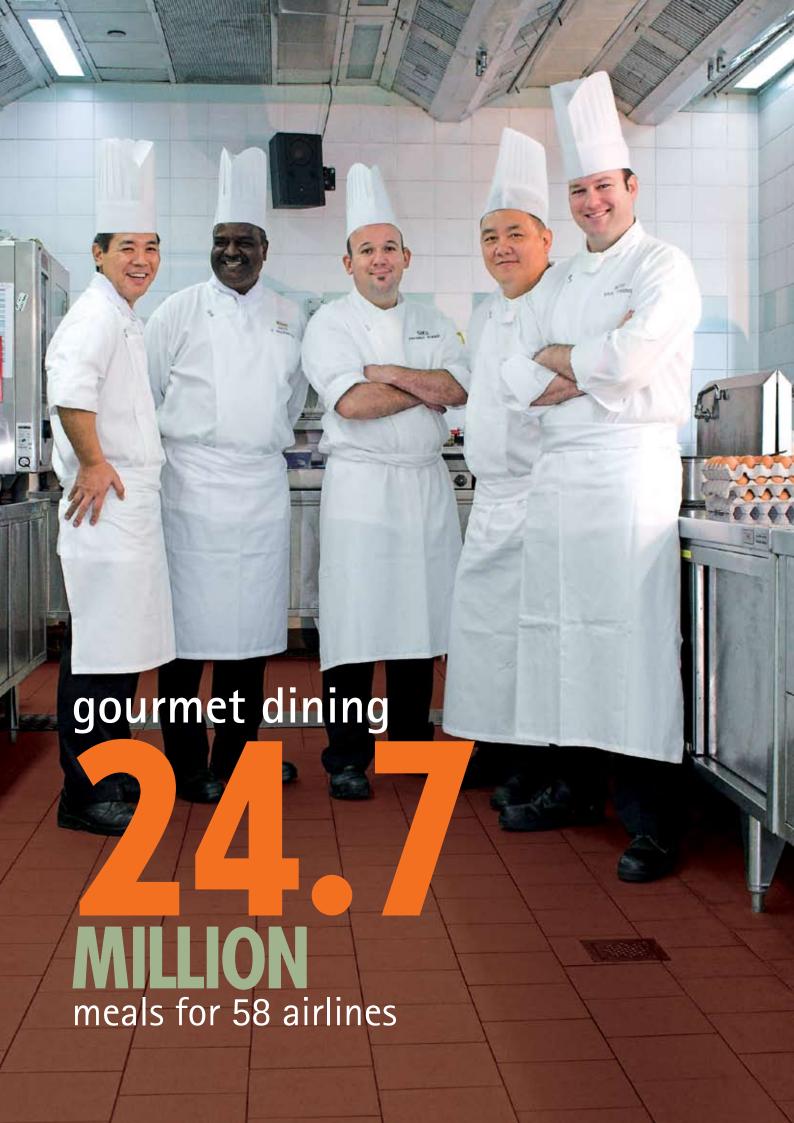
On 27 June 2006, SATS set a new benchmark for service excellence with the re-launch of the SATS Premier Club at Terminal 1. The Club was refurbished to suit the evolving needs of top-tier travellers, a segment which has seen significant growth. Befitting its title, the luxurious lounge is 70 percent larger than the previous lounge, and is equipped with improved shower facilities, massage chairs and private rest booths for the comfort of passengers. Premium passengers may even utilise the high-tech workstations and Internet telephony conference facilities at the Club's expanded business centre.

One of the highlights of the year was the introduction of 14 Automated Check-in Machines at Singapore Changi Airport Terminal 2 in November 2006. Built according to International Air Transport Association's (IATA) Common Use Self Service standards, these sophisticated machines come with 8 language options and allow passengers a speedier and more efficient check-in. These self-service kiosks enable passengers to reduce time spent at the airport and have so far obtained an enthusiastic "thumbs-up" from many users.

SATS' team of internationally-acclaimed chefs constantly strives to widen its culinary repertoire in order to make the ongoing revitalisation of menus a success. Airline passengers can certainly look forward to greater culinary artistry and gastronomic delights.











# Singapore Operations Review

#### **Fostering Industry Relations**

Recognising that working with the industry's best is one of the ways to inspire and motivate staff, SATS invited American chef William Schutz to Singapore in June 2006 to share his insight on America's modern culinary trends with SATS Catering's chefs and trainee cooks. Chef Schutz, who hails from New York's Johnson & Wales Culinary University, delighted participants with an impressive cooking demonstration and tasting session. The workshop served to hone the skills of SATS' chefs and widened their culinary repertoire in order to make the ongoing revitalisation of menus a success. Airline passengers can certainly look forward to greater culinary artistry and gastronomic delights.

From 16 to 18 January 2007, SATS had the privilege of hosting the IATA Safety Audit for Ground Operations (ISAGO) meeting in Singapore. Representatives from the aviation industry covering more than 50 countries met to discuss the development of an international ground audit programme that would, among other things, raise the bar for airport ground operational safety worldwide.

#### **Recognising Service Excellence**

SATS has set itself apart from other handling companies not only by the numerous awards we garnered throughout the year, but also by our repeated wins year after year.

For the tenth year running, SATS was named the "Best Air Cargo Terminal Operator" in Asia in the Asian Freight & Supply Chain Awards 2006. We received the most number of votes from over 12,500 senior cargo industry professionals in the Asia Pacific region. The awards are regarded as the 'Oscars' of the airfreight community, and recognise only the best operators that demonstrate considerable service consistency, continuous innovation and strong customer relationship management.







During the year, many airline customer awards were conferred on SATS, as we continued to win praises for our outstanding service and product offerings. Cathay Pacific's Singapore station beat 40 airports to clinch second spot system-wide in the Cathay Pacific Airport Performance Ranking for the first half of 2006. SATS' personnel in the Ramp Handling and Baggage Services divisions were lauded for their keen handling of diverted flights to Singapore due to a typhoon in Hong Kong.

In March 2007, Qantas recognised SATS as its preferred supplier as part of the Qantas Supplier Assessment programme. Likewise, British Airways (BA) showed its appreciation by according SATS the "Awards For Excellence" certificate of achievement, in recognition of our ability to deliver safe and consistent catering products to BA flights as well as to meet the required standards.

In a double coup, SATS Catering received Gold Awards from All Nippon Airways (ANA) and EVA Air in October and November 2006 respectively. ANA praised SATS for meeting several service parameters, including effective hygiene control, effective equipment control and loading quality while EVA Air was pleased with SATS' initiative in constant development of new in-flight meals. In yet another example of the SATS brand promise "One with You", SATS also received the prestigious "2005 Outstanding Supplier Award" from China Eastern Airlines on 13 June 2006.

On 28 April 2006, the SATS Catering team beat 10 others from countries such as Germany, Hong Kong, Japan, Switzerland, UAE and representatives from 5-star hotels in Singapore, to win a bronze medal for the Gourmet Team Culinary Challenge at the 15th Food & Hotel Asia (FHA) 2006. FHA is Singapore's largest international food and hospitality event, boasting a showcase of food products from 60 countries. The team of 5 was led by team

captain Frankie Yong, a Chef de Partie from SATS Inflight Catering Centre 1 (SICC 1), and SIA Executive Sous Chef Simon Loke. Individual awards went to Indian Specialty Chef Satish Madaan, Nelson Ho and graduates of the in-house trainee cook scheme Goo Saw Siok, Lau Hoot Yeun and Wong Swee Lim for their various creations.

There was also no shortage of national honours as SATS continued to garner accolades from various Singapore authorities. In June 2006, the Agri-food & Veterinary Authority of Singapore recognised the excellent safety standards of SATS once again at its Food Safety Awards Night 2006 by awarding us the Certificate of Commendation for maintaining an 'A' grade for food safety.

At the NTUC Awards Dinner on 20 May 2006, Mahalingam Veenuskumari, a Food Assembly Assistant from SATS Inflight Catering Center 2 (SICC 2) did SATS proud when she was named an NTUC Model Worker, along with 78 other workers in Singapore.

SATS Security once again proved its indispensability to the aviation industry through its outstanding vigilance. The department received commendations from the Airport Police and the Immigration and Checkpoints Authority for playing a key role in apprehending suspects with forged travel documents.

For the second year running, SATS Auxiliary Police officers bagged 3 awards – 2 individual and 1 team awards at the Commissioner of Police Commendation Annual Awards on 5 June 2006, in recognition of their vigilance in maintaining security and effective border control





SATS has set itself apart from other handling companies not only by the numerous awards garnered throughout the year, but also by its repeated wins year after year. These achievements demonstrate SATS' considerable service consistency, continuous innovation and strong customer relationship management skills.







# Singapore Operations Review

On 9 November 2006, SATS Security's Forgery Detection Services Team received a commendation from the British High Commission for its excellent cooperation and performance in preventing asylum seekers from illegally entering the United Kingdom.

SATS' staff also walked away with the most number of accolades at the Civil Aviation Authority of Singapore (CAAS) Airport Reception, winning nearly half of the 16 awards that were given out. The outstanding service personality team of the year went to Duty Manager Sebastian Chew and his team, Waheeda Bte Mohd Abdul Rahman, Lily Tan and Cecilia Estrop. True to the SATS spirit of service, 5 other staff received outstanding service provider awards for going beyond the call of duty and for displaying a strong dedication for passenger service.

#### Improving Workflow and Embracing New Technology

In January 2006, SATS Catering implemented the Ground Enterprise Mobility System (GEMS) in SICC 1 and SICC 2. With GEMS, Operation Assistants are now able to review the list of standard liquor requirements for a particular flight with the touch of a button on the GEMS system, thus diminishing the possibility of incorrect replenishment of bar carts on flights. In SICC 2, GEMS plays an integral role in minimising miscommunication between kitchen sections by providing uniform, up-to-date meal order status to Catering Control, the Food Bank and the respective kitchens.







Another significant highlight for SATS Catering was the launch of the Lean Management Programme on 14 March 2006. This programme sought to eliminate excessive work processes that in turn would lead to wastage. For instance, a fixed delivery schedule has been established to reduce the incidence of late arrival of fruits and vegetables, and priority lanes have been established to expedite processing in pre-preparation areas. At SICC 2, Lean Management processes helped to moderate the amount of rejected equipment daily, leaving staff with more time to spend on kitchen processes.

Following the implementation of the Lean Management Programme, delayed deliveries and no-show incidences have been reduced by half, resulting in a reduced time of just 47 hours to receive, process and deliver raw materials to the kitchens, compared to last year's average of 102 hours.

In November 2006, the Lean Management Programme was extended to Apron, Baggage and Cargo divisions after its successful implementation in Catering.

As gatekeeper for one of the region's most important air hubs, SATS Security Services constantly improves its security systems with new technology. During the course of the year, SATS Security Services implemented the Firearms and Equipment Management Module (FAEMM), a state-of-the-art IT system that uses biometric verification when officers draw firearms from the armoury. This new computerised management system replaced the old and time-consuming process of using issuing books, saving the division time and allowing a more secure procurement process.

SATS Security Services also successfully developed the Inadmissible Passengers Management Module (IPMM) in-house, resulting in a simpler and more accurate billing process.

SATS launched the Behavioural Based Safety (BBS) Programme on 31 August 2006 as part of our ongoing initiative to improve safety performance. The programme aims to give people an understanding of why others within an organisation behave the way they do and seeks to derive reasons for their mindsets on safety issues. With the implementation of the BBS programme, we hope to be one step closer to the goal of achieving a clean record of zero accidents at SATS.

As a testament to enduring quality standards, SATS Cargo successfully renewed and converted its previous ISO certification to attain the new ISO14001:2004 certification in November 2006. The new certification underscored our commitment to be an environmentally friendly company whilst we strive to be the world's best handling agent. In addition to proactively educating our staff and service providers on environmentally friendly practices, SATS Cargo has also introduced some outstanding initiatives, including recycling used plastic sheets and wooden skids in warehouses.

On 27 October 2006, the SATS Training department was officially re-named the Learning & Development department to reflect its evolving role in the organisation. Great emphasis is placed on staff self-improvement to bring SATS a step closer to achieving organisational excellence. As part of the launch, the new half-a-million dollar Enterprise Learning System called SKIES was previewed. By making it simpler for staff to keep track of their training records, we hope to create greater awareness of the need for continuous learning and development within the organisation.

The year in review has once again proved to be fruitful for SATS. In our ongoing quest to provide our airline customers and their passengers the best travel experience possible, we continue to refine our internal processes to increase efficiencies, while capitalising on every opportunity to stretch the boundaries of our product and service offerings.





As a testament to its enduring quality standards, SATS Cargo successfully attained the new ISO14001:2004 certification. The new certification underscores SATS' commitment to be an environmentally friendly company whilst it strives to be the world's best handling agent.







# Overseas Operations Review

For the year in review, SATS continued to grow its Asian presence through overseas ventures. Our share of profits from these ventures amounted to \$\$52.1million for the year.

One of the highlights this year was the establishment of 8 new branches and subsidiaries in capital cities outside Beijing via Beijing Aviation Ground Services Co Ltd and Beijing Airport Inflight Kitchen Ltd in December 2006. With the expansion, SATS has a presence at 13 airports in China (including Macau and Hong Kong). In India, Taj SATS Air Catering Limited was awarded one of the two 15-year catering concessions at the upcoming Bangalore International Airport. It also commenced operations from a new kitchen in Amritsar in January 2007.

FY2006-07 was also a year about expanding the breadth of our capabilities, enhancing the quality of service offerings and promoting efficiencies at our current network of overseas ventures.

#### Asia Airfreight Terminal Co Ltd (AAT)

Construction of Terminal 2, AAT's new cargo terminal, completed on schedule in December 2006. The HK\$1.75 billion project commenced in August 2004 and had been commissioned in anticipation of greater cargo volumes at Hong Kong International Airport (HKIA). Its completion proved especially timely, as cargo throughput at HKIA saw a 5.2% increase year-on-year, as at end 2006. Terminal 2 boasts a unique architectural structure, advanced material handling systems and pioneering IT applications, with the ability to deliver 910,000 tonnes in handling capacity annually.

AAT continued to expand its client list, signing up CR Airways, South Pacific Island Airways, Sky Express Aviation Cargo and Air Bridge Cargo over the June to August period in 2006.



#### Beijing Airport Inflight Kitchen Ltd (BAIK)

BAIK expanded its network in China with the establishment of Shenyang Airport Inflight Kitchen Co Ltd in October 2006. A result of a joint venture between Shenyang Taoxian International Airport Company and BAIK, the kitchen currently produces 2,500 meals daily for 9 airline clients that include international carriers United Airlines and Siberia Airlines. This is the second joint venture for BAIK, following the formation of Tianjin Airport Kitchen Ltd (TAK) in 2004.

During the last quarter of 2006, BAIK announced it would be providing catering services at 7 regional airports in China, namely Changchun, Chongqing, Guiyang, Harbin, Hohhot, Nanchang and Wuhan as well as increasing its shareholding in TAK. This development marked a significant expansion of SATS' China presence in the country's leading airports.

BAIK was awarded the Certificate of Halal compliance in June 2006. With its operations and processes certified as compliant with halal and the hygiene requirements of Islamic law, BAIK is now ready to cater to the growing diversity of airline travellers received yearly by Beijing Capital International Airport. In October 2006, BAIK was named Best Airline Caterer in Asia by Philippine Airlines for its exemplary performance in providing high quality meal services to the airline.

#### Beijing Aviation Ground Services Co Ltd (BGS)

2006 represented a watershed year for BGS. The leading provider of ground handling services at China's busiest airport welcomed 8 new clients, while extending its presence in the country with the establishment of operations in the 8 regional airports of Tianjin, Wuhan, Chongqing, Guizhou, Nanchang, Harbin, Changchun and Hohhot. Concurrently, BGS continued to maintain its high standards with numerous award wins, and also established new handling facilities at the domestic airfreight terminal to ease congestion at the current main airfreight terminal.

During the year, BGS welcomed Vladivostok Air, Air Bridge Cargo, Great Wall Airlines, United Eagle Airlines, China Postal Airlines, Emirates Airline, Polar Air Cargo and Cathay Pacific (freighter) as new clients, with most of them choosing BGS as their partner for their inaugural flights from Beijing Airport.

BGS also continued to receive recognition for outstanding services rendered. It was conferred the Ramp Safety Awards 2006 by the industry publication, Ground Handling International, for maintaining exceptional standards in ensuring ramp safety. BGS was also recognised for excellent performance by its airline clients, namely Northwest Airlines and Singapore Airlines. Last but not least, BGS was also lauded for its outstanding contribution in facilitating airport handling for athletes competing at the 11th International Association of Athletics Federation (IAAF) World Junior Championships, held in Beijing from 15 to 20 August 2006.





# Overseas Operations Review

#### **Evergreen Airline Services Corporation (EGAS)**

EGAS welcomed its new client, Pacific Airlines, in October 2006. Pacific Airlines is Vietnam's second largest scheduled airline with its headquarters located in Ho Chi Minh City.

In January 2007, EGAS won the Excellent Performance Award in the Airline Cargo Container Security Examination, an annual event organised by the National Police Agency of the Taiwan Ministry of Interior.

#### **Evergreen Air Cargo Services Corporation (EGAC)**

In line with its ongoing efforts to improve operational efficiency and service quality, EGAC adopted the Bar Code system and successfully implemented the system across all import and export cargo handling, warehouse inventory management and Unit Load Device interchange functions at its warehouse since December 2006. With the automated data capture, data recording and accuracy are enhanced, thereby reducing data processing time. As a result, EGAC is already reaping the benefits of decreased labour costs, greater consistency in service quality and higher customer satisfaction.







#### Evergreen Sky Catering Corporation (EGSC)

EGSC was the proud recipient of the Certificate of Halal compliance in August 2006, a first for an airline kitchen in Taiwan, after it scored full marks in the halal audit conducted by Malaysia Airlines. From preparation, handling and storage to transportation, cleaning and disinfection, EGSC clearly exceeded the requirements of the audit.

In October 2006, EGSC won the Silver Prize at the All Nippon Airways (ANA) Best Overseas Caterer Evaluation 2005, for adhering to rigorous standards in meal preparation. Caterers were assessed based on a number of criteria, including bacterial count in food, cleanliness of catering facilities, rate of occurrence of foreign objects in food, comprehensiveness of equipment, as well as reports from inflight personnel and overall food quality and taste.

In March 2007, EGSC also won the 2005 Best Culinary Team Award conferred by Singapore Airlines for its outstanding performance in the following categories – Compliments/ Complaints Ratio, Cabin Crew Voyage Reports, Service Performance Survey and General Assessment/Reports.

#### Macau Catering Services Co. Ltd. (MCS)

MCS added VIVA Macau to its list of airline customers in FY2006-07. VIVA Macau is the former Portuguese colony's first discount airline. MCS is currently expanding its facilities to support rising volumes at the Macau International Airport. It is adding a dry and frozen storage facility which is due for completion in July 2007.

#### MacroAsia Catering Services Inc. (MACS)

MacroAsia-Eurest Catering Services officially dropped its "Eurest" moniker following the Eurest/Compass Group's divestment of its entire interests in the company to MacroAsia Corporation. MACS is now 80% owned by MacroAsia Corporation, with the remaining 20% being held by SATS. With the new name came a new branding – MACS' new logo is made up of a pair of stylised arrowheads side by side, symbolising the company's strong partnership with the most prestigious airlines in the industry. The introduction of MACS' new branding was timely, heralding the next chapter of growth for the company.

During the year under review, MACS welcomed 2 new airlines into its fold, namely Japan Airlines and Korean Air. Underscoring its commitment to its new clients, the company invested in new facilities and skills development, including a dedicated Japanese kitchen, to cater for the unique requirements of its newly acquired accounts. The leading inflight caterer in the Philippines also successfully renewed its China Airlines, Northwest Airlines and Emirates Airline accounts.

One of the highlights of 2006 was MACS winning Cathay Pacific's "Best Caterer 2005 – Gold Award", beating more than 40 other inflight caterers globally for its consistently high quality standards.



# Overseas Operations Review

#### Maldives Inflight Catering Pte Ltd (MIC)

MIC secured 2 new clients in 2006, namely MyTravel Airways (part of the listed UK-based MrTravel Group which sells package holidays to destinations in the UK, Europe and North America), and Air Sahara, India's leading privately-held airline.

During the year, the MIC Catering Centre earned its Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points (HACCP) certification in April 2006, within 6 months of commencing operations in the newly built kitchen. HACCP prescribes a framework for the management of the meal production process, from raw material acquisition to meal uplift onto the aircraft. Attaining HACCP certification within such a short period was the result of MIC's single-minded focus and recognition of the importance of internationally-certified standards for food safety and hygiene practices when preparing meals for uplift.

MIC-owned, Hulhule Island Hotel (HIH) began a comprehensive expansion programme during the year. Construction of a new guest wing that will add 51 deluxe and super-deluxe guest rooms equipped with plasma TVs and jacuzzis, will be completed by December 2007. Other facilities such as a spa facility and a roof-top restaurant that will be located in the new guest wing, providing panoramic views of Male and the Indian Ocean, have also been included in the programme.





#### Taj Madras Flight Kitchen Pvt Limited (TMFK)

TMFK achieved ISO 1900:2004 certification in September 2006 for attaining international standards in the preparation and supply of airline meals and in the provision of cabin dressing for domestic and international flights. Earlier in the year, TMFK was also awarded the Taj Business Excellence Award in recognition of the performance of its Maintenance and Engineering staff.

#### Taj SATS Air Catering Limited (TSAC)

July 2006 marked one of TSAC's significant milestones when it was awarded one of the two 15-year catering concessions at the upcoming Bangalore International Airport. Under the terms of the licence, TSAC will be responsible for the design, construction, finance and operation of the flight kitchen at the airport. When completed in April 2008, the flight kitchen will have the capacity to prepare and serve 8,000 meals daily.

To keep pace with growing air traffic volumes, TSAC had established a new flight kitchen at Amritsar. The new kitchen commenced operations in January 2007 with a production capacity of 2,500 meals a day. Its first airline customer was Jet Airways.

TSAC's Kolkatta catering operation was awarded the HACCP certification in July 2006. With current production capacity of 7,500 meals a day, the Kolkatta flight kitchen is now working on upgraded and consistent quality assurance programmes geared towards attaining the ISO 9001 certification.

TSAC also took strides in expanding its client base. During the year in review, it added Great Wall Airlines, Shanghai Airlines Cargo International, EVA Air as well as private India-based airlines, GMG and Kingfisher, to its clientele.

#### PT Jasa Angkasa Semesta TBK (PT JAS)

In 2006, PT JAS added several new clients, including Indonesian domestic airlines Mandala Airlines and Sriwijaya Airlines as well as regional carriers Cebu Pacific, Jetstar International and Viva Macau Airlines. It also secured a new domestic cargo client, Batavia Airlines.

Throughout the year, PT JAS continued to focus on improving its service standards. Its operations had earned numerous awards from customers. For instance, its Cengkareng operation was lauded by Emirates Airline for "Best On Time" performance for 2005/2006 within the Far East and Australasia regions while its Denpasar operation was consistently ranked No.1 for "Best Station Performance" for consecutive quarters since the second quarter of 2005. PT JAS' Surabaya operation was also named "Best Ground Handling Agent" system-wide for SilkAir.

#### Tan Son Nhat Cargo Services Ltd (TCS)

TCS celebrated 10 years of operational excellence in January 2007. A Family Day was organised for all staff while a golf tournament and gala dinner was held to celebrate the achievement with officials from the Civil Aviation Administration of Vietnam, airline customers, cargo agents, customs and other government officials.

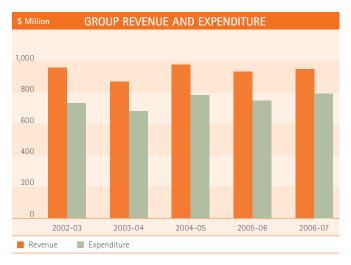
During the year, TCS also welcomed new clients including Air China, Royal Brunei Airlines, Shenzhen Airlines, Jetstar Airways and Qatar Airways.

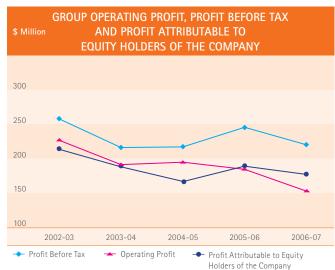
## Financial Review for FY2006-07

#### **Earnings**

Revenue for FY2006-07 was \$945.7 million, \$13.7 million or 1.5% higher than the preceding financial year mainly because of higher business volume. Operating expenditure increased \$44.6 million or 6.0% mainly from higher bonus provision and increased electricity rates. As a result, operating profit declined \$30.9 million or 16.8% to \$153.2 million.

The Group achieved a net profit attributable to equity holders of the Company of \$178.2 million, a decline of \$10.4 million or 5.5% compared to the preceding financial year.

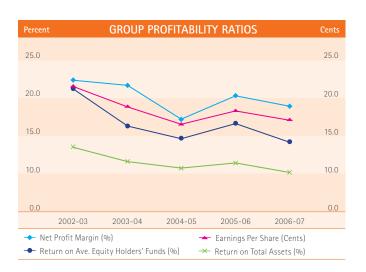




Basic earnings per share of the Group decreased 1.2 cents or 6.6% to 17.0 cents.

Profitability ratios of the Group are as follows:

	2006-07 %	2005-06 %	Change % Points
Return on turnover	18.9	20.3	- 1.4
Return on equity holders' funds	14.2	16.7	- 2.5
Return on total assets	10.2	11.4	- 1.2



#### Revenue

Revenue for FY2006-07 was \$945.7 million, \$13.7 million or 1.5% higher than the preceding financial year mainly because of higher business volume. However, the increase was offset by rates reduction under the competitive environment, suspension of flights by a few carriers during the year, and cessation of the hold-baggage screening contract with the Civil Aviation Authority of Singapore (CAAS).

The segmental revenue and its composition are summarised below:

	2006-07		2005	2005-06	
	\$ Million	%	\$ Million	%	% Change
Inflight catering *	409.7	43.3	396.3	42.5	+ 3.4
Ground handling *	436.6	46.1	433.2	46.5	+ 0.8
Aviation security *	49.7	5.3	59.3	6.4	- 16.2
Others #	49.7	5.3	43.2	4.6	+ 15.0
Total	945.7	100.0	932.0	100.0	+ 1.5

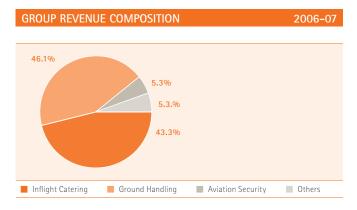
<sup>\*</sup> The segmental revenue excludes the intra-group revenue.

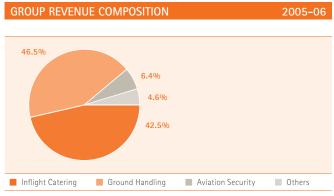
Revenue from inflight catering, which constituted 43.3% of the total Group's revenue, increased 3.4% from \$396.3 million to \$409.7 million for the financial year ended 31 March 2007. The increase was mainly due to higher business volume – number of meals uplifted increased 2.3% compared to the preceding financial year.

Revenue from ground handling, which constituted 46.1% of the total Group's revenue, increased 0.8% from \$433.2 million to \$436.6 million. The increase was due to higher business volume with a 3.7% increase in cargo throughput and 0.5% increase in number of flights handled. The increase was offset by rate pressures under the competitive environment, and suspension of flights into Singapore by some of our existing customers, namely Scandinavian Airlines System, Australian Airlines and Air New Zealand.

Revenue from aviation security services, which contributed 5.3% of the total Group's revenue, dropped 16.2% because of the cessation of the hold-baggage screening contract with CAAS from end-August 2006.

Revenue from other services, which accounted for 5.3% of the total Group's revenue, increased 15.0% from \$43.2 million to \$49.7 million mainly due to the provision of management services to Pakistan International Airlines and Qatar Airways.





<sup>\*</sup> Other services include airline laundry services, cargo delivery, manufacturing and distribution of chilled and frozen processed food, and leasing of office space to airline clients and cargo agents.

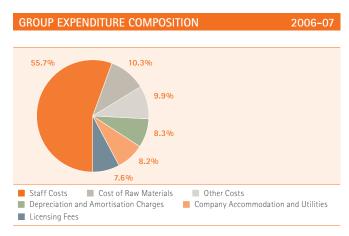
## Financial Review for FY2006-07

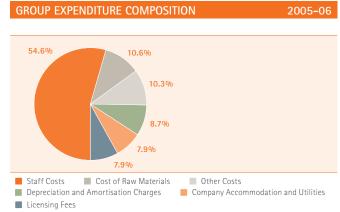
#### Expenditure

Operating expenditure increased \$44.6 million or 6.0% mainly from higher staff costs and increased electricity rates.

Staff costs increased \$33.2 million or 8.1% on higher bonus provision. The computation of the Company's bonus for FY2006-07 was linked to the SIA Group's profitability. Going forward, the linkage will no longer apply.

Company accommodation and utilities charges increased \$5.8 million or 9.8% mainly from increased electricity rates.





#### **Group Expenditure Composition**

	2006	2006-07		2005-06	
	\$ Million	0/0	\$ Million	%	% Change
Staff costs	441.2	55.7	408.0	54.6	+ 8.1
Cost of raw materials	81.7	10.3	79.5	10.6	+ 2.8
Licensing fees	60.4	7.6	59.1	7.9	+ 2.2
Depreciation and amortisation charges	65.7	8.3	65.3	8.7	+ 0.6
Company accommodation and utilities	64.7	8.2	58.9	7.9	+ 9.8
Other costs	78.8	9.9	77.1	10.3	+ 2.2
Total	792.5	100.0	747.9	100.0	+ 6.0

#### **Profit Contribution from Associated Companies**

Profit contribution from associated companies decreased 9.1% to \$52.1 million mainly from the reduction in profit from Asia Airfreight Terminal Co Ltd due to additional operating costs and depreciation for the new terminal which was operational from December 2006.

Associated companies contributed 23.7% of our Group's profit before tax, an increase of 0.4 percentage point over the preceding financial year.

#### **Taxation**

The Group's taxation for FY2006-07 declined 28.3% to \$40.8 million as a result of the 2.0% reduction in corporate tax rate and a deferred tax write-back amounting to \$6.6 million.

#### **Dividends**

The Company paid an interim dividend of 4 cents per share, amounting to \$33.6 million after tax, on 22 November 2006. The directors proposed that a final dividend of 6 cents per share (less 18.0% tax), amounting to \$52.2 million after tax, be paid. The total dividend (net of tax)of \$85.8 million, payable out of profits for financial year 2006-07, represents a dividend payout of 48.1%, an increase of 3.7 percentage points over the 44.4% payout ratio for FY2005-06. Total dividend of \$83.7 million after tax, was paid from FY2005-06 profit.

In addition, a special dividend of 5 cents per share (less 18.0% tax), amounting to \$43.5 million, is proposed to be paid together with the final dividend.

## Financial Review

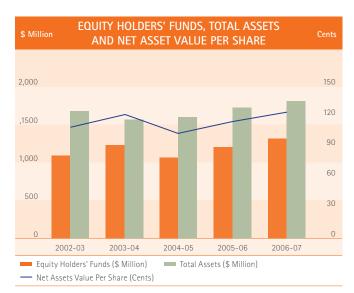
#### **Financial Position**

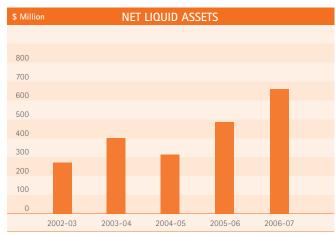
At 31 March 2007, the equity attributable to equity holders of the Group was \$1,314.2 million, an increase of \$111.7 million or 9.3% compared to \$1,202.5 million as at 31 March 2006. The return on equity holders' funds for the Group was 14.2% for FY2006-07, 2.5 percentage points lower than the preceding financial year.

The Group's total assets were \$1,804.2 million at 31 March 2007, which was \$86.3 million or 5.0% higher than that as at 31 March 2006.

The net asset value per share was \$1.24, 9 cents or 7.7% higher than 31 March 2006.

Net liquid assets of the Group increased \$171.2 million to \$650.8 million. The debt equity ratio for the Group at 31 March 2007 went down from 0.21 to 0.15 due to repayment of a loan that matured on 28 March 2007.

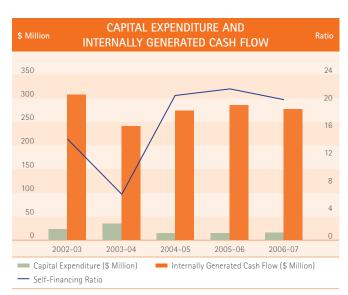




#### Capital Expenditure and Cash Flow

The Group's capital expenditure was \$13.7 million for the current financial year and internally generated cash flow was \$275.8 million, a slight reduction from \$283.9 million in the preceding financial year. The self-financing ratio of cash flow to capital expenditure declined from 21.9:1 to 20.1:1 this year.

The Group's cash and cash equivalents was \$577.5 million as at 31 March 2007, an increase of \$146.0 million compared to a year ago.



#### Value Added

The value added of the Group was \$675.1 million, up \$10.0 million compared to the preceding financial year, of which, \$383.4 million (56.8%) went to salaries and other staff costs. Shareholders received \$83.9 million (12.4%) in dividends, interest on borrowings accounted for \$6.2 million (0.9%), while corporate taxes accounted for \$40.8 million (6.1%), \$160.0 million (23.7%) was retained for future capital requirement, and \$0.8 million (0.1%) was attributable to minority interests.

#### Statement of Value Added and its Distribution (In \$ Million)

	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03
Total Revenue	945.7	932.0	975.7	868.7	958.1
Less : Purchases of goods and services	343.3	335.5	330.9	274.6	289.3
	602.4	596.5	644.8	594.1	668.8
Add/(less) :					
Interest income	18.2	9.3	3.3	5.0	3.9
Share of results of associated companies	52.1	57.3	50.5	33.8	30.2
Amortisation of deferred income	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.6	0.9
Amortisation of goodwill	-	-	(0.1)	(0.1)	-
Income from long-term investment	1.0	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7
Exceptional item	-	-	(28.8)	(8.0)	-
Total value added available for distribution	675.1	665.1	671.7	627.1	704.5
Applied as follows :					
To employee					
- Salaries and other staff costs	383.4	347.5	387.3	343.4	380.2
To government					
- Corporate taxes	40.8	56.9	49.2	28.0	43.3
To supplier of capital					
- Dividend	83.9	83.1	367.2	54.7	54.6
- Minority interests	0.8	0.6	0.3	(0.2)	0.1
- Interest on borrowings	6.2	6.3	3.9	6.1	5.8
Retained for future capital requirements					
- Depreciation and amortisation charges	65.7	65.3	63.2	61.5	60.4
- Retained earnings	94.3	105.4	(199.4)	133.6	160.1
Total value added	675.1	665.1	671.7	627.1	704.5
Value added per \$ revenue	0.71	0.71	0.69	0.72	0.74
Value added per \$ employment costs	1.76	1.91	1.73	1.83	1.86
Value added per \$ investment in fixed assets	0.52	0.52	0.53	0.50	0.57

## Financial Review for FY2006-07

#### Staff Strength and Productivity

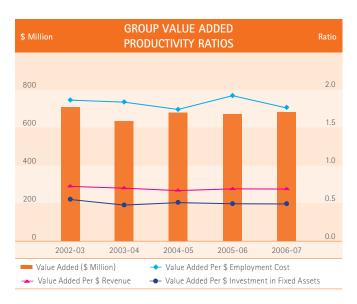
The Group's average staff strength for the current financial year was 7,461. This was 2.6% lower than the preceding financial year. The staff strength had reduced because of the drop in number of Aviation Security Agents upon the cessation of the hold-baggage screening contract. The breakdown of the average staff strength is as follows:

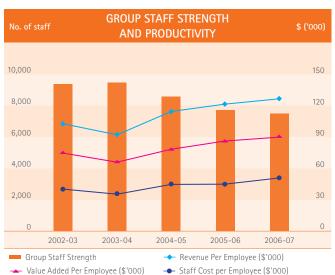
	2006-07	2005-06	% Change
Inflight catering	1,963	1,982	- 1.0
Ground handling	4,083	3,962	+ 3.1
Aviation security	863	1,191	- 27.5
Others	552	525	+ 5.1
Total	7,461	7,660	- 2.6

The staff productivity measured by value added per employee for the current financial year increased 4.2% to \$90,477. Productivity in terms of value added expressed per dollar of employment cost decreased from 1.91 in FY2005-06 to 1.76 in FY2006-07 in view of the higher bonus provision.

Revenue and staff costs per employee also went up by 4.2% and 13.3% respectively.

	2006-07	2005-06	% Change
Value added per employee (\$)	90,477	86,831	+ 4.2
Value added per \$ employment cost (times)	1.76	1.91	- 7.9
Revenue per employee (\$)	126,747	121,675	+ 4.2
Staff costs per employee (\$)	51,390	45,369	+ 13.3





#### Economic Value Added (EVA)

EVA for the Group was \$60.7 million, \$19.1 million or 23.9% lower than the preceding financial year because of lower profit and higher capital employed. The EVA was computed using weighted average cost of capital of 7.4% for FY2006-07 and 7.7% for FY2005-06.

#### Share Capital and Share Options of the Company

The paid-up capital of the Company was \$215,535,829 as at 31 March 2007.

On 3 July 2006, the Company made an eighth grant of share options to employees. 14,878,000 share options were accepted by the employees and the said options are exercisable between 3 July 2007 and 2 July 2016.

During the year, 15,897,545 share options were exercised by employees. As at 31 March 2007, there were 57,508,655 unexercised share options.

During the year, the Company introduced 2 new share-based incentive plans, namely the Restricted Share Plan (RSP) and Performance Share Plan (PSP) for senior management staff. On 2 October 2006, the Company granted 182,030 restricted shares and 84,360 performance shares to the senior management staff. Based on the achievement factor, the actual release of the award could range from zero to a maximum of 218,436 and 126,540 shares for the RSP and PSP respectively.

#### **Breakdown by Business Activities**

	Reve	Revenue		Operating Profit		
	2006-07 \$ Million	2005-06 \$ Million	2006-07 \$ Million	2005-06 \$ Million		
Inflight catering	409.7	396.3	81.7	79.3		
Ground handling	436.6	433.2	45.1	69.2		
Aviation security	49.7	59.3	8.0	14.1		
Others #	49.7	43.2	18.4	21.5		
	945.7	932.0	153.2	184.1		

	Profit Be	Profit Before Tax		Profit After Tax	
	2006-07 \$ Million	2005-06 \$ Million	2006-07 \$ Million	2005-06 \$ Million	
Inflight catering	97.5	95.1	78.4	74.2	
Ground handling	85.1	115.9	69.6	89.3	
Aviation security	8.4	14.8	7.7	11.8	
Others #	28.8	20.3	23.3	13.9	
	219.8	246.1	179.0	189.2	

	Total /	Total Assets		Capital Expenditure		
	2006-07 \$ Million	2005-06 \$ Million	2006-07 \$ Million	2005-06 \$ Million		
Inflight catering	407.1	425.2	3.3	1.8		
Ground handling	729.8	785.0	7.4	9.6		
Aviation security	17.9	18.5	0.3	0.1		
Others #	649.4	489.2	2.7	1.5		
	1,804.2	1,717.9	13.7	13.0		

Other services include airline laundry services, cargo delivery, manufacturing and distribution of chilled and frozen processed food, and leasing of office space to airline clients and cargo agents.

## Financial Review

#### PERFORMANCE BY MAJOR BUSINESS UNITS

#### Inflight Catering

Revenue from inflight catering increased \$13.4 million or 3.4% to \$409.7 million in FY2006-07, resulting from 2.3% increase in number of meals uplifted and additional revenue derived from food supplied to the new lounges at the Singapore Changi Airport. However, the increase was offset by discounts granted under the competitive environment.

Expenditure for the financial year also increased by 3.5% mainly from higher bonus provision and higher cost of raw materials as a result of higher business volume and new businesses.

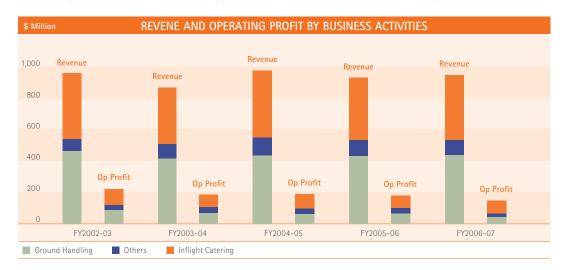
Operating profit increased \$2.4 million or 3.0% to \$81.7 million.

#### **Ground Handling**

Revenue from ground handling increased \$3.4 million or 0.8% to \$436.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2007 because of 0.5% increase in the number of flights handled and a 3.7% increase in cargo throughput. These were offset by discounts granted due to the competitive environment, and suspension of flights into Singapore by some of our existing customers, namely Scandinavian Airlines System, Australian Airlines and Air New Zealand.

Expenditure for the financial year increased at a higher rate of 7.6% mainly from higher bonus provision. Impact of bonus is greater on ground handling than inflight catering as it is more labour intensive.

Operating profit for ground handling dropped 34.8% to \$45.1 million due to higher expenditure.



#### SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

#### Revenue

Inflight catering and ground handling revenues contributed 43.3% and 46.1% of the Group's total revenue respectively in the financial year 2006–07. Inflight catering's revenue is mainly dependent on passenger numbers and the types of meals uplifted by airline customers, while ground handling revenue is dependent on both flight frequency and cargo throughput. A 1% change in the passenger numbers will have an impact of approximately \$4.1 million in revenue for inflight catering. For ground handling, a 1% movement in flight frequency and cargo throughput will result in a change of \$4.4 million in its revenue.

#### Profit margin

Based on revenue of \$945.7 million for the current financial year, a 1% movement in the net profit margin will result in a change of \$9.5 million in the Group's profit after tax.

#### Interest rate

The Group's cash and cash equivalents are mainly invested in short-term deposits and non-equity instruments. Movement in interest rates will have significant impact on the interest income for the Group. Based on the Group's cash and non-equity investments value of \$651.0 million as at 31 March 2007, a 1% movement in interest rate will result in a \$6.5 million change in the interest income for the Group.

#### CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE 2005 SPECIFIC PRINCIPLES AND GUIDELINES FOR DISCLOSURE

Relevant Guideline or Principle	Page Reference in this Report
Guideline 1.3  Delegation of authority, by the Board to any Board Committee, to make decisions on certain board matters.	Pages 50, 52, 53, 55 and 59
Guideline 1.4  The number of board and board committee meetings held in the year, as well as the attendance of every board member at these meetings.	Page 51
Guideline 1.5 The type of material transactions that require board approval under internal guidelines.	Page 51
Guideline 2.2  Where the company considers a director to be independent in spite of the existence of a relationship as stated in the Code that would otherwise deem him as non-independent, the nature of the director's relationship and the reason for considering him as independent should be disclosed.	Not applicable
Guideline 3.1 Relationship between the Chairman and CEO where they are related to each other.	Not applicable
Guideline 4.1 Composition of Nominating Committee.	Page 53
Guideline 4.5 Process for the selection and appointment of new directors to the Board.	Page 54
Guideline 4.6 Key information regarding directors, which directors are executive, non-executive or considered by the Nominating Committee to be independent.	Pages 50, 52 and 54
Guideline 5.1 Process for assessing the effectiveness of the Board as a whole and the contribution of each individual director to the effectiveness of the Board.	Pages 54 and 55
Principle 9 Clear disclosure of its remuneration policy, level and mix of remuneration, procedure for setting remuneration and link between remuneration paid to directors and key executives, and performance.	Pages 56 to 58, 62 and 63
Guideline 9.1 Composition of remuneration committee.	Page 55
Guideline 9.2  Name and remuneration of each director. The disclosure of remuneration should be in bands of \$\$250,000. There will be a breakdown (in percentage terms) of each director's remuneration earned through base/fixed salary, variable or performance-related income/bonuses, benefits in kind, and stock options granted and other long-term incentives.	Pages 56 and 57
Guideline 9.2  Names and remuneration of at least the top 5 key executives (who are not also directors). The disclosure should be in bands of S\$250,000 and include a breakdown of remuneration.	Pages 57 and 58, 62 and 63
Guideline 9.3 Remuneration of employees who are immediate family members of a director or the CEO, and whose remuneration exceed S\$150,000 during the year. The disclosure should be made in bands of S\$250,000 and include a breakdown of remuneration.	Page 58
Guideline 9.4 Details of employee share schemes.	Pages 62 and 63
Guideline 11.8 Composition of audit committee and details of the committee's activities.	Pages 51, 59 and 60
Guideline 12.2 Adequacy of internal controls, including financial, operational and compliance controls, and risk management systems.	Pages 60, 64 to 67

Singapore Airport Terminal Services Limited ("SATS" or the "Company") is firmly committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance within the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") as part of its mission to be and grow as a strong, sound and respected leader in its industry, to protect the interests of its shareholders and maximise long term shareholder value.

As required by the Listing Manual of the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST"), the following report describes SATS' corporate governance policies and practices with specific reference to the principles set out in the Code of Corporate Governance 2005 (the "2005 Code"). This Report has been structured in accordance with the sequence of principles and guidelines as set out in the 2005 Code.

#### PRINCIPLE 1: COMPANY TO BE HEADED BY AN EFFECTIVE BOARD TO LEAD AND CONTROL THE COMPANY

The Board is responsible to oversee the business, performance and affairs of the Group. The Management has the role of ensuring that the day-to-day operation and administration of the Group is carried out in accordance with the policies and strategy determined by the Board, and in that respect, the Management is fully accountable to the Board.

The key functions of the Board are to:

- set the overall business strategies and direction of the Group to be implemented by the Management, and to provide leadership and guidance to the Management;
- monitor the performance of the Management;
- oversee and conduct regular reviews of the business, financial performance and affairs of the Group;
- evaluate and approve important matters such as major investments, funding needs and expenditure; and
- have overall responsibility for corporate governance, including the processes of evaluating the adequacy of internal controls, risk management, financial reporting and compliance.

The Board is supported in its functions by the following Board Committees which have been established to assist in the discharge of the Board's oversight function:

- Board Executive Committee
- Audit and Risk Management Committee
- Nominating Committee
- Remuneration and Human Resource Committee

The current members of the Board and their membership on the Board Committees of the Company are as follows:

Board Member	Board Membership	Board Executive Committee	Audit and Risk Management Committee	Nominating Committee	Remuneration and Human Resource Committee
Mr Cheng Wai Wing Edmund	Non-Executive Chairman & Independent Director	Chairman			Chairman
Mr Chew Choon Seng	Non-Executive Deputy Chairman & Non- Independent Director	Member			Member
Mr Khaw Kheng Joo <sup>1</sup>	Independent Director			Member	
Mr Ng Kee Choe	Independent Director	Member	Chairman		
Dr Ow Chin Hock <sup>2</sup>	Independent Director		Member	Chairman	
Mr Tan Jiak Ngee Michael³	Independent Director		Member	Member	
Mr Yeo Chee Tong <sup>4</sup>	Independent Director				Member

#### Notes:

- <sup>1</sup> Appointed as a member of the Nominating Committee on 25 July 2006.
- <sup>2</sup> Appointed as the Chairman of the Nominating Committee on 25 July 2006.
- <sup>3</sup> Considered by the Nominating Committee to be an independent Director with effect from 1 April 2007.
- Appointed as a Director on 19 May 2006 and appointed as a member of the Remuneration and Human Resource Committee on 25 July 2006.

Further details on each of the Board Committees along with a summary of their respective terms of reference can be found subsequently in this Report.

The Board meets every two months on average. Fixed and optional meetings are scheduled, with optional meetings held as scheduled if there are matters to be put before the Board at the relevant time. In addition, *ad hoc* Board meetings are convened if there are pressing matters requiring the Board's deliberation and decision in between the scheduled meetings. Since 2003, the Board has conducted annual Board strategy meetings to have more focused discussions on key strategic issues facing the Group.

The Company's Articles of Association ("Articles") allow Directors to participate in Board meetings by way of telephone conference or other similar means of communication equipment whereby all persons participating in the meeting are able to hear each other, without requiring their physical presence at the meeting.

In respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2007 ("FY2006–07"), a total of five Board meetings, including a full-day Board strategy meeting, were held. The Directors' attendance at Board and Board Committee meetings for FY2006–07 is set out below.

		No	. of Board Committ	ee Meetings Atten	ded
	No. of Board Meetings Attended (No. of meetings held: 5)	Board Executive Committee  (No. of meetings held: 3)	Audit and Risk Management Committee  (No. of meetings held: 4)	Nominating Committee (No. of meetings held: 2)	Remuneration and Human Resource Committee (No. of meetings held: 3)
Mr Cheng Wai Wing Edmund	5	3	-	-	3
Mr Chew Choon Seng	4	2	-	-	3
Mr Khaw Kheng Joo⁵	4	-	-	-	-
Mr Ng Kee Choe	5	3	3	-	-
Dr Ow Chin Hock <sup>6</sup>	5	-	4	-	-
Mr Tan Jiak Ngee Michael	5	-	4	2	-
Mr Yeo Chee Tong <sup>7</sup>	4	-	-	-	2
Dr Richard Charles Helfer <sup>8</sup>	2	-	-	2	1
Dr Hong Hai <sup>8</sup>	2	-	2	2	-

#### Notes

- Appointed as a member of the Nominating Committee on 25 July 2006. There were no Nominating Committee meetings held during his term as a member of the Nominating Committee in FY2006-07
- <sup>6</sup> Appointed as the Chairman of the Nominating Committee on 25 July 2006. There were no Nominating Committee meetings held during his term as the Chairman of the Nominating Committee in FY2006-07.
- Appointed as a Director on 19 May 2006 and appointed as a member of the Remuneration and Human Resource Committee on 25 July 2006. Mr Yeo Chee Tong had attended all Board meetings which were held during his term as a Director in FY2006-07.
- Retired as Directors on 25 July 2006. Both Dr Richard Charles Helfer and Dr Hong Hai had attended all Board meetings and all meetings of Board Committees of which they were a member and which were held during their term as Directors in FY2006-07. At the time of their retirement, Dr Helfer was a member of both the Nominating Committee and the Remuneration and Human Resource Committee, while Dr Hong was the Chairman of the Nominating Committee and a member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

All members of the Board actively participate in Board discussions and help develop proposals on business strategies and goals for the Group. Board members meet regularly with the Management, and review and monitor the performance of the Management in meeting the goals and objectives set for them.

The Board has adopted a set of guidelines on matters that require its approval, which include all matters of strategic importance, corporate governance practices, legal and regulatory compliance, risk management, maintenance of performance standards, corporate strategy, approval of business plans, approval of manpower establishment, operating and capital expenditure budgets, and approval and monitoring of major investment and strategic commitments.

#### **Board Executive Committee**

In this regard, the Board has delegated to the Board Executive Committee the function of reviewing and approving certain matters, *inter alia*, guiding Management on business, strategic and operational issues, undertaking an initial review of the three to five-year forecast/business plan and annual capital and operating expenditure and manpower establishment budgets for the Group, granting initial or final approval (depending on the value of the transaction) of transactions of the Company or its subsidiaries relating to the acquisition or disposal of businesses, assets or undertakings, joint ventures, mergers, amalgamations or similar corporate transactions, establishing bank accounts, granting powers of attorney, affixation of the Company's seal, and nominating board members to the Company's subsidiaries and associated companies.

The Board Executive Committee currently comprises Mr Cheng Wai Wing Edmund (who is the Chairman of the Committee), Mr Chew Choon Seng and Mr Ng Kee Choe. Two out of the Board Executive Committee's three members, including its Chairman, are independent Directors.

The Board Executive Committee is scheduled to meet four times a year, of which one is an optional meeting to be held if there are matters to be put before the Committee at the relevant time. Regular reports are presented to it at each meeting on the performance of the Group's associated companies and joint ventures, and the operational performance of the Company. The CEO and COO are usually both present at the meetings of the Board Executive Committee.

#### **Orientation and Training for Directors**

Newly-appointed Directors undergo a half-day orientation programme, which includes site visits and presentations by the Management, to facilitate their understanding of the Group's businesses, operations and processes. In addition, all Directors are encouraged to attend relevant and useful seminars on leadership and industry-related matters, corporate governance and changes in the financial reporting regime for their continuing education and skills improvement, conducted by external organisations, at the Company's cost.

Newly-appointed Directors are also sent a formal letter setting out directors' duties and obligations.

#### PRINCIPLE 2: STRONG AND INDEPENDENT ELEMENT ON THE BOARD TO EXERCISE OBJECTIVE JUDGEMENT

The present Board wholly comprises non-executive Directors. Of the seven Directors, six are considered by the Nominating Committee and the Board to be independent Directors based on the 2005 Code's criteria for independence.

The Board, through the Nominating Committee, reviews the structure, size and composition of the Board. The Nominating Committee has developed a set of principles to guide it in carrying out its responsibilities of reviewing and determining an appropriate Board size and composition. The Nominating Committee is of the view, taking into account the nature and scope of the Company's operations, that the current size of the Board is adequate for the time being for the Board to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively, and further that the Board comprises Directors who as a group provide core competencies such as accounting or finance, business or management (including human resource development and management) experience, industry knowledge, strategic planning experience, and customerbased experience or knowledge, required for the Board to be effective. The Nominating Committee, as part of its continuing review of the Board size and composition, is considering the appointment of additional directors with specific areas of expertise to supplement and strengthen the collective competency of the Board.

To facilitate a more effective check on Management, the Board members also meet up for informal discussions prior to the scheduled Board meetings, without Management being present.

## PRINCIPLE 3: ROLES OF THE CHAIRMAN AND CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER TO BE SEPARATE TO ENSURE A BALANCE OF POWER AND AUTHORITY

The roles of Chairman and the President and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") are clearly separate to ensure an appropriate balance of power, increased accountability and greater capacity of the Board for independent decision–making. The Chairman and the CEO are not related to each other, and further, the CEO is not a member of the Board.

The Chairman of the Board continues to lead the Board to ensure its effectiveness on all aspects of its role and sets its agenda, ensures that the Directors receive accurate, timely and clear information, ensures effective communication with shareholders, encourages constructive relations between the Board and Management, facilitates the effective contributions of the Directors, encourages constructive relations between all Directors and promotes high standards of corporate governance.

#### PRINCIPLE 4: FORMAL AND TRANSPARENT PROCESS FOR APPOINTMENT OF NEW DIRECTORS

#### **Nominating Committee**

The Board has established a Nominating Committee with written terms of reference which include the following:

- reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the structure, size and composition of the Board;
- making recommendations to the Board regarding the process for selection of new Directors and identification of new Directors;
- making recommendations to the Board on re-nominations and re-elections of existing Directors;
- evaluating the independence of Directors on an annual basis;
- determining if Directors who hold directorships on other boards are able to and have been adequately carrying out their duties as Directors of the Company; and
- doing all things as may form part of the responsibilities of the Nominating Committee under the provisions of the 2005 Code.

The Nominating Committee currently comprises the following three members, all of whom (including the Chairman), are independent Directors:

- Dr Ow Chin Hock (Chairman)
- Mr Khaw Kheng Joo (Member)
- Mr Tan Jiak Ngee Michael (Member)

The Chairman of the Nominating Committee is not directly associated with Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited or SIA, who are the substantial shareholders of the Company. Under the 2005 Code, a director will be considered "directly associated" with a substantial shareholder when the director is accustomed or under an obligation, whether formal or informal, to act in accordance with the directions, instructions or wishes of the substantial shareholder.

Under the terms of reference of the Nominating Committee, it is required to meet at least once every financial year.

#### Re-nomination and Re-election of Directors

The Nominating Committee is satisfied that all the Directors have been able to and have adequately carried out their duties as Director notwithstanding their multiple board representations.

Details of the Directors' dates of first appointment to the Board and last re-election as Directors are indicated below:

Name of Director	Position held on the Board	Date of first appointment to the Board	Date of last re-election as a Director	
Mr Cheng Wai Wing Edmund	Chairman	22 May 2003 (as Director and Chairman)	25 July 2006	
Mr Chew Choon Seng	Deputy Chairman	1 June 1996 (as Director) 22 May 2003 (as Deputy Chairman)	25 July 2006	
Mr Khaw Kheng Joo	Director	19 July 2005 (appointed at the Company's 32 <sup>nd</sup> Annual General Meeting)	Not applicable	
Mr Ng Kee Choe <sup>9</sup>	Director	1 March 2000	19 July 2005	
Dr Ow Chin Hock <sup>9</sup>	Director	21 May 2002	19 July 2005	
Mr Tan Jiak Ngee Michael <sup>10</sup>	Director	1 September 1977	20 July 2004	
Mr Yeo Chee Tong	Director	19 May 2006	25 July 2006	

#### Notes

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Dr Ow Chin Hock and Mr Ng Kee Choe will be retiring and standing for re-election at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on 26 July 2007 ("AGM"). Both Dr Ow Chin Hock and Mr Ng Kee Choe are considered by the Nominating Committee to be independent Directors. Dr Ow Chin Hock is the Chairman of the Nominating Committee and a member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, while Mr Ng Kee Choe is the Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee and a member of the Board Executive Committee.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Mr Tan Jiak Ngee Michael will be retiring at the AGM and will not be standing for re-election. He is considered by the Nominating Committee to be an independent Director since 1 April 2007. Upon Mr Tan's retirement, he will cease to be a member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee and Nominating Committee.

The Articles require one-third (or the number nearest one-third rounded upwards to the next whole number) of the Directors for the time being to retire from office at each Annual General Meeting. Retiring Directors are selected on the basis of those who have been longest in office since their last election, and as between those persons who became Directors on the same day, they will be selected by agreement or by lot. They are eligible for re-election under the Articles. All Directors are required to retire from office at least once every three years. Further, Directors who are appointed by the Board of Directors since the last Annual General Meeting of the Company hold office only until the following Annual General Meeting and shall then be eligible for re-election under the Articles.

The Directors standing for re-election at the AGM are Dr Ow Chin Hock and Mr Ng Kee Choe. The Nominating Committee (having taken the principles for the determination of the Board size and composition adopted by it into consideration) recommend their re-election, after assessing their contribution and performance (including attendance, preparedness, participation and candour) as Directors.

The Nominating Committee, and the Board, have also recommended the appointment of Mr Tay Ah Kee Keith as a Director of the Company. Such appointment, if approved by the shareholders, will take effect from the date of the AGM.

#### Annual Independence Review

The Nominating Committee is tasked to determine on an annual basis whether or not a Director is independent, bearing in mind the 2005 Code's definition of an "independent Director" and guidance as to which existing relationships would deem a Director not to be independent.

In this regard, other than Mr Chew Choon Seng, an employee of Singapore Airlines Limited ("SIA") which is the immediate holding company of SATS, all the other six Directors on the Board are considered by the Nominating Committee and the Board to be independent Directors. Mr Tay Ah Kee Keith, who is proposed to be appointed as a new Director at the AGM, is also considered by the Nominating Committee and the Board to be an independent Director.

#### Selection and Appointment of New Directors

The Nominating Committee regularly reviews the existing attributes and competencies of the Board in order to determine the desired expertise or experience required to strengthen or supplement the Board. This assists the Nominating Committee in identifying and nominating suitable candidates for appointment to the Board.

The Nominating Committee is in charge of making recommendations to the Board regarding the selection of new Directors and identification of new Directors. Taking into consideration the desired qualifications, skillsets, competencies and experience which are required to supplement the Board's existing attributes, if need be, the Nominating Committee may seek assistance from external search consultants for the selection of potential candidates. Directors and the Management may also put forward names of potential candidates, together with their curriculum vitae, for consideration. The Nominating Committee, together with the Chairman of the Board, then meet with the short-listed candidates to assess their suitability, before submitting the appropriate recommendations as to the appointment of any candidate to the Board for its approval.

#### **Key Information Regarding the Directors**

More information on each of the Directors, their respective backgrounds and fields of expertise as well as their present and past preceding directorships or chairmanships in other listed companies and other major appointments over the preceding three years can be found in the "Board of Directors" section of this Annual Report. Information on their shareholdings in the Company can be obtained in the "Report By The Board Of Directors" section of this Annual Report.

#### PRINCIPLE 5: FORMAL ASSESSMENT OF EFFECTIVENESS OF THE BOARD

The Board has implemented a process for assessing the effectiveness of the Board as a whole, with the objective of continuous improvement. The Board appointed a consulting firm specialising in Board evaluation and human resource to assist the Board to design and implement the process, comprising two parts – a structured qualitative assessment of the functioning of the Board, and a review of selected financial performance indicators. Both sets of performance criteria, recommended by the consultants, have the approval of the Nominating Committee and the Board. This is the fifth year in which the collective Board evaluation process has been implemented. The qualitative assessment process utilising a confidential questionnaire submitted by each Director individually, has remained substantially unchanged for FY2006-07 since the last assessment conducted, although the questionnaire has been reviewed by the Nominating Committee and revised for use in and from FY2006-07.

As for the quantitative performance criteria, the Board had in FY2006-07 reviewed and adopted, in line with the 2005 Code, performance criteria comprising the Company's share price performance over a five-year period vis-à-vis the Singapore Straits Times Index, return on assets, return on equity, return on investment, and economic value added over the preceding five years for collective Board evaluation in FY2006-07.

The Nominating Committee and the Board is considering a formal process for assessing the contribution of each Director to the effectiveness of the Board as a second phase. The Nominating Committee is recommending to the Board to implement a system of self-assessment by each of the Directors as part of the assessment exercise.

#### PRINCIPLE 6: BOARD'S ACCESS TO INFORMATION

The Board is issued with detailed Board papers by Management giving the background, explanatory information and justification for each decision and mandate sought by Management, including, where applicable, relevant budgets, forecasts and projections, and issues being dealt with by Management. Information papers on material matters and issues being dealt with by Management are also circulated to the Board. In addition, the Board's various Committees receive minutes and papers from Management relating to their specific areas of oversight, which may contain more detailed and specific information than what is circulated to the rest of the Board members.

As part of good corporate governance, Board papers for decision or discussion at Board meetings are circulated, to the extent practicable, a reasonable period in advance of the meetings for Directors' review and consideration, and key matters requiring decision are reserved for resolution at Board meetings rather than by circulation to facilitate discussion. The detailed agenda of each Board meeting, prepared by Management and approved by the Chairman, contain as a regular item an update on business development and potential investment opportunities, as well as specific matters for the decision and information of the Board.

The Board has separate access to the CEO, Chief Operating Officer ("COO"), Chief Financial Officer and other key Management, as well as the Company's internal and external auditors. Queries by individual Directors on circulated papers are directed to Management who will respond accordingly. Where relevant, Directors' queries and Management's responses are circulated to all Board members for their information.

The Directors also have separate and independent access to the Company Secretary. The Company Secretary attends all Board meetings and minutes the proceedings. The role of the Company Secretary has been defined by the Board to include supervising, monitoring and advising on compliance by the Company with its Memorandum and Articles of Association, laws and regulations, and the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST; communicating with relevant regulatory authorities and bodies and shareholders on behalf of the Company; and performing such other duties of a company secretary, as required under laws and regulations or as specified in the Listing Manual or the Articles, or as required by the Chairman of SATS or the Chairman of any Board Committee or the Directors (or any of them), as the case may be. In addition, the Company Secretary assists the Chairman to ensure that there are good information flows within the Board and the Board Committees, and between senior management and the non-executive Directors. She facilitates orientation and assists with professional development as may be required. The appointment and removal of the Company Secretary are subject to the approval of the Board.

There is also a Board-endorsed procedure for Directors, either individually or collectively, in furtherance of their duties, to take independent professional advice, if necessary, at the Company's expense.

#### PRINCIPLE 7: FORMAL AND TRANSPARENT PROCEDURE FOR FIXING REMUNERATION PACKAGES OF DIRECTORS

#### Remuneration and Human Resource Committee

The Board has established a Remuneration and Human Resource Committee which presently comprises three members, all of whom are non-executive Directors and of which the majority including the Chairman are considered by the Nominating Committee to be independent Directors. It is chaired by Mr Cheng Wai Wing Edmund and its other members are Mr Chew Choon Seng and Mr Yeo Chee Tong. The Remuneration and Human Resource Committee is required by its terms of reference to meet at least twice each financial year, with additional meetings to be convened as and when required.

The written terms of reference of the Remuneration and Human Resource Committee include the following:

- reviewing and recommending the remuneration framework for the Board (including Directors' fees and allowances);
- overseeing the terms of appointment, scope of duties and remuneration of the CEO and COO, as well as any other appointment
  of equivalent seniority to the CEO or COO within the Company, and the remuneration packages of those occupying the position of
  Vice-President and above within the Group;

- implementing and administering the Company's Employee Share Option Plan, the Restricted Share Plan and the Performance Share
  Plan (collectively the "Share Plans") in accordance with the prevailing rules of the Share Plans, requirements of the SGX-ST and
  applicable laws and regulations;
- overseeing the recruitment, promotion and distribution within the Group, of staff talent;
- reviewing, overseeing and advising on the structure, organisation and alignment of the functions and management of the Group;
- reviewing succession planning of the Group;
- overseeing industrial relations matters; and
- doing all other things and exercising all other discretions as may form part of responsibilities of the remuneration committee under the provisions of the 2005 Code.

The Remuneration and Human Resource Committee's recommendations regarding Directors' remuneration has been submitted to and endorsed by the Board.

Where required, the Remuneration and Human Resource Committee has access to expert advice in the field of executive compensation outside the Company.

## PRINCIPLE 8: LEVEL OF DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION SHOULD BE APPROPRIATE TO ATTRACT, RETAIN AND MOTIVATE BUT NOT BE EXCESSIVE

Every Director will receive the basic fee. In addition, he will receive the Chairman's or Deputy Chairman's fee if he was Chairman or Deputy Chairman of the Board respectively, as well as the relevant Board Committee fee (depending on whether he was Chairman or Member of the relevant Board Committee) for each position he held on a Board Committee, during FY2006-07. If he occupied a position for part of FY2006-07, the fee payable will be prorated accordingly.

The proposed fees for FY2006-07 have been increased, in line with market practice and to commensurate with the effort and time spent by the Directors, their duties and responsibilities, and to address the need for the Company to pay competitive and equitable remuneration in order to attract and retain Directors with the necessary capabilities and desired attributes to serve on the Board and add value to the Company and its shareholders. In this regard, an attendance fee for each Board meeting attended by a Director during the financial year has also been proposed for FY2006-07 onwards.

The Board believes that the proposed scale of Directors' fees is appropriate to the level of contribution, taking into account factors such as effort and time spent, and the responsibilities of the Directors.

The scale of fees proposed to be paid to the Directors, all being non-executive Directors, for FY2006-07 are as follows:

Type of appointment	Existing scale of Directors' fees (FY2005-06)	Proposed scale of Directors' fees (from FY2006-07 onwards)	
BOARD OF DIRECTORS	S\$	S\$	
Basic fee	40,000	45,000	
Board Chairman's fee	25,000	40,000	
Board Deputy Chairman's fee	20,000	30,000	
Attendance fees for each Board meeting attended (whether in Singapore or overseas)	Nil	1,000	
AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE			
Committee Chairman's fee	24,000	30,000	
Member's fee	12,000	20,000	
BOARD EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE			
Committee Chairman's fee	12,000	30,000	
Member's fee	8,000	10,000	
OTHER BOARD COMMITTEES			
Committee Chairman's fee	12,000	20,000	
Member's fee	8,000	10,000	

### PRINCIPLE 9: DISCLOSURE ON REMUNERATION POLICY, LEVEL AND MIX OF REMUNERATION, AND PROCEDURE FOR SETTING REMUNERATION

#### **Directors' Remuneration**

The Board will be recommending the following fees of the Directors in respect of FY2006-07 for approval by shareholders at the AGM, based on the proposed revised formula set out above:

Name of Director	Total fees payable in respect of FY2006-07, based on proposed scale of Directors' fees (S\$)
Mr Cheng Wai Wing Edmund	140,000
Mr Chew Choon Seng <sup>11</sup>	99,000
Mr Khaw Kheng Joo <sup>12</sup>	55,849
Mr Ng Kee Choe	90,000
Dr Ow Chin Hock <sup>13</sup>	83,699
Mr Tan Jiak Ngee Michael	80,000
Mr Yeo Chee Tong <sup>14</sup>	49,932
Dr Hong Hai <sup>15</sup>	29,014
Dr Richard Charles Helfer <sup>16</sup>	22,658
Proposed total fees payable to all Directors	650,152

#### Notes

- <sup>11</sup> Directors' fees for Mr Chew Choon Seng, nominee Director of SIA, are paid to SIA.
- <sup>12</sup> Appointed as a member of the Nominating Committee on 25 July 2006.
- <sup>13</sup> Appointed as the Chairman of the Nominating Committee on 25 July 2006.
- 14 Appointed to the Board on 19 May 2006 and appointed as a member of the Remuneration and Human Resource Committee on 25 July 2006.
- 15 Retired from the Board and vacated his position as Chairman of the Nominating Committee and member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee on 25 July 2006.
- 16 Retired from the Board and vacated his position as member of both the Nominating Committee and the Remuneration and Human Resource Committee on 25 July 2006.

Other than the above amounts indicated, the Directors do not receive any other remuneration from the Company.

#### **Key Executives' Remuneration**

Information on the key executives of the Company can be found in the "Key Management" section of this Annual Report.

The Company's key executives' remuneration system is designed so as to include long-term incentives to allow the Company to better align executive compensation with more value creation for shareholders. The key executives' remuneration system includes the components of variable bonus, awards of employee share options under the Senior Executive Share Option Scheme, and share awards under the SATS Restricted Share Plan ("SATS RSP") and/or the SATS Performance Share Plan ("SATS PSP"), in addition to fixed basic salary and fixed allowances. The payment of such variable bonuses and grants of such share options and share awards are in turn dependent on the Company's financial performance as well as the executives' individual performance through their achievement of certain key performance indicators set for them. More details on each of the Share Plans can be found in the Annexure to this Report.

The remuneration of the key executives<sup>17</sup> of the Group during FY2006-07 was as follows:

Remuneration Band & Name of Key Executive	Base	Bonuses		Benefits-	Total	Employee	Share	Share
	Salary (%)	Fixed (%)	Variable <sup>19</sup> (%)	in-kind (%)	(%)	Share Options <sup>20</sup>	Award under SATS RSP <sup>21</sup>	Award under SATS PSP <sup>21</sup>
S\$500,001 to S\$750,000 <sup>1</sup>	В							
Mr Ng Chin Hwee CEO	44	4	42	10	100	195,000	48,750	51,960
S\$250,001 to S\$500,000 <sup>1</sup>	8							
Mr Karmjit Singh COO	53	5	32	10	100	37,800	9,450	14,400
Mr Leong Kok Hong Senior Vice-President (North Asia)	57	5	35	3	100	21,000	5,250	8,000
Mr Chan Wai Leong John <sup>22</sup> Senior Vice-President (Corporate Business Planning & Development)	61	4	31	4	100	-	-	-
Mr Tan Chuan Lye Senior Vice-President (Catering)	57	5	34	4	100	30,000	7,500	10,000
Mr Lim Cheng Yueh Andrew Senior Vice-President (Apron & Passenger Services)	56	5	33	6	100	27,500	7,000	-
Mr Yacoob Piperdi Senior Vice-President (Cargo Services)	56	5	35	4	100	41,250	10,500	-

#### Notes

None of the immediate family members of a Director or the CEO was employed by the Company or its related companies at a remuneration exceeding \$\$150,000 during FY2006-07.

Further details regarding each of the Share Plans are provided in the Annexure annexed hereto, and also in the "Report By The Board Of Directors" section of this Annual Report.

Remuneration information on Mr Goh Soo Lim, Chief Financial Officer, has not been reflected as he joined SATS only on 8 January 2007.

<sup>18</sup> Remuneration bands as indicated do not include the value of the employee share options granted on 3 July 2006 under the Senior Executive Share Option Scheme nor any share awards granted under the SATS RSP and/or SATS PSP.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> Includes profit-sharing bonus determined on an accrual basis for FY2006-07.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Number of employee share options granted on 3 July 2006 under the Senior Executive Share Option Scheme exercisable at a price of S\$2.10 each.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> Denotes the initial awards of shares under the SATS RSP and the SATS PSP on 2 October 2006. Final number of shares awarded could range between 0% and 120% of the initial award for the SATS RSP, and between 0% to 150% of the initial award for the SATS PSP. All awards of shares will vest in the award holder subject to the achievement of pre-determined targets over a two-year period for the SATS RSP and a three-year period for the SATS PSP.

<sup>22</sup> Remuneration of Mr Chan Wai Leong John, Senior Vice-President (Corporate Business Planning & Development), does not include any grants/awards under the Share Plans as he had not fulfilled the minimum period of service for eligibility under the Share Plans in FY2006-07.

## PRINCIPLE 10: BOARD IS ACCOUNTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS AND THE MANAGEMENT IS ACCOUNTABLE TO THE BOARD, TO PROVIDE INFORMATION / ASSESSMENT ON THE COMPANY'S PERFORMANCE, POSITION AND PROSPECTS

Shareholders are presented with the quarterly and full-year financial results within 45 days of the end of the quarter or financial year (as the case may be). Through the release of its financial results, the Board aims to present shareholders with a balanced and understandable assessment of SATS' performance, position and prospects.

Monthly management accounts of the Group (covering, *inter alia*, consolidated unaudited profit and loss accounts, revenue breakdown by client, consolidated balance sheet and explanatory notes explaining any variance) are circulated to the Board for their information.

#### PRINCIPLE 11: ESTABLISHMENT OF AUDIT COMMITTEE WITH WRITTEN TERMS OF REFERENCE

#### Audit and Risk Management Committee

The Audit and Risk Management Committee comprises three members, all of whom are independent Directors. The Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee is Mr Ng Kee Choe, and its members are Dr Ow Chin Hock and Mr Tan Jiak Ngee Michael.

The Board is of the view that the Audit and Risk Management Committee has the necessary and appropriate expertise and experience to discharge their duties as members of the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee has explicit authority to investigate any matter within its terms of reference, full access to and co-operation of Management, and has full discretion to invite any Director or executive officer to attend its meetings. It also has reasonable resources to discharge its functions.

Under the Charter of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, its responsibilities include the review of the following:

- quarterly and annual financial statements and financial announcements as required under the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST;
- the audit plan, the external auditors' Management letter and the scope and results of the external audit;
- independence and objectivity of the external auditors, their appointment and re-appointment and audit fee;
- ensuring that the internal audit function is adequately resourced, has appropriate standing within the Company and has a primary line of reporting to the Chairman of the Audit and Risk Management Committee (with secondary administrative reporting to the CEO);
- adequacy of the internal audit function, scope of internal audit work and audit programme;
- major findings on internal audit during the year and Management's responses thereto, difficulties encountered during the course of the audit, significant changes to the audit programme and compliance with relevant professional internal audit standards, with the Head of Internal Audit and the Management;
- effectiveness of the Company's material internal controls, on an annual basis with Management and the internal and/or external auditors;
- the risk management policies, the types and level of risks undertaken by the Group in relation to its business strategy, and the practices adopted by Management to manage, prevent and mitigate risks including the processes and methodologies for identifying, evaluating, monitoring, managing and reporting significant risks affecting the Group's operations;
- suspected fraud or irregularity or suspected infringement of any Singapore law, rule or regulation of which the Audit and Risk Management Committee is aware, which has or is likely to have a material impact on the Company's or Group's operating results or financial position, and the findings of any internal investigations and Management's response thereto; and
- interested person transactions as required under the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST and the Company's Shareholders' mandate for interested person transactions.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee is also tasked to perform all other functions and responsibilities of an audit committee that may be imposed by the Companies Act, the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST including the 2005 Code, and other relevant laws and regulations.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee is required by its Charter to meet at least four times a year, with the internal and external auditors of the Company present, including at least once without the presence of Management.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee reviews the independence of the external auditors annually. It has also reviewed the nature and volume of non-audit services provided by its external auditors to the Group during FY2006-07, and the fees, expenses and emoluments provided to the external auditors, and is satisfied that they have no significant impact on the independence and objectivity of the external auditors.

### PRINCIPLE 12: SOUND SYSTEM OF INTERNAL CONTROLS TO SAFEGUARD SHAREHOLDERS' INVESTMENTS AND THE COMPANY'S ASSETS

The Board recognises the importance of a sound system of internal controls to safeguard shareholders' interests and investments, and the Company's assets, and manage risks. The Board affirms its overall responsibility for the Group's systems of internal controls and risk management, and for reviewing the adequacy and integrity of those systems.

To this end, the Audit and Risk Management Committee provides the Board-institutionalised oversight of the Company's risk management structure and processes, and reviews the effectiveness of the Group's material internal controls on an annual basis.

The "Internal Controls Statement" section in this Annual Report sets out details of the Company's system of internal controls and risk management structure and processes, and the Board's views on the adequacy of the Company's internal controls.

#### Whistle-Blowing Policy

The Company has also put in place a "Policy on Reporting Wrongdoing" to institutionalise procedures on reporting possible improprieties involving the Company, and for allowing independent investigation of such matters and appropriate follow-up action. A dedicated email address and hotline have been set up to allow employees who discover or suspect impropriety to report the same.

#### **Banking Transaction Procedures**

Lenders to the Company are to note that all bank transactions undertaken by any member of the Group must be properly authorised, including the opening of new bank accounts and any proposed credit facilities. Each member of the Group has its own approval limits and procedures for every banking transaction, having regard to the nature of the transaction concerned. These approval limits and procedures are updated from time to time and are available on request. The bankers of each member of the Group should always verify, in accordance with the verification process set out in the applicable procedures, that the transaction is properly authorised.

#### PRINCIPLE 13: INDEPENDENT INTERNAL AUDIT FUNCTION

The Company's internal audit function is undertaken by SIA's Internal Audit department. It is designed to provide reasonable assurance on the adequacy and effectiveness of controls over operations, reliability of financial information and compliance with the Company's policies and procedures, applicable laws and regulations.

At present, the internal auditors' primary line of reporting is to the Audit and Risk Management Committee and the internal auditors issue summaries of its findings and reports to the Audit and Risk Management Committee at least four times a year. Copies of the internal auditors' detailed reports are also sent to the CEO. In situations where the audit work to be carried out by SIA's Internal Audit department could give rise to potential conflicts of interest, such as audit work relating to transactions between the Company and SIA, the Audit and Risk Management Committee may authorise such audit work to be carried out by an independent third party as it deems appropriate.

SIA's Internal Audit Department meets the Standards for the Professional Practice of Internal Auditing set by The Institute of Internal Auditors.

The Audit and Risk Management Committee is satisfied that the internal audit function is adequately resourced and has appropriate standing within SATS, and that the internal audit function is adequate.

#### PRINCIPLE 14: REGULAR, EFFECTIVE AND FAIR COMMUNICATION WITH SHAREHOLDERS

The Company strives to convey to shareholders pertinent information in a clear, forthcoming, detailed, timely manner and on a regular basis and takes into consideration their views and inputs, and address shareholders' concerns. While the Company's Investor Relations department communicates with analysts and investors regularly, the Company monitors the dissemination of material information to ensure that it is made publicly available on a timely and non-selective basis. Material information is published on SGXNET and on the Company's website, and where appropriate, through media releases.

The Company's dedicated Investor Relations department manages the dissemination of corporate information to the media, the public, as well as institutional investors and public shareholders, and promotes relations with and acts as a liaison point for such entities and parties. More details of the Company's investor relations programme can be found in the "Investor Relations Programme" section of this Annual Report.

#### PRINCIPLE 15: GREATER SHAREHOLDER PARTICIPATION AT ANNUAL GENERAL MEETINGS

While shareholders have a right to appoint up to two proxies to attend and vote at General Meetings on their behalf, the Articles currently do not provide for shareholders to vote at General Meetings in absentia such as by mail, email or fax. The Company will consider implementing the relevant amendment to the Articles if the Board is of the view that there is a demand for the same, and after the Company has evaluated and put in place the necessary security and other measures to facilitate absentia voting and protect against errors, fraud and other irregularities.

At shareholders' meetings, each distinct issue is proposed as a separate resolution.

Chairmen of the Board Executive, Audit and Risk Management, Nominating, and Remuneration and Human Resource Committees, or members of the respective Committees standing in for them, as well as the external auditors, will be present and available to address questions at the AGM.

#### **DEALINGS IN SECURITIES**

In line with the rules of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST, the Company has institutionalised a policy and guidelines on dealings in the securities of the Company and the other SIA group companies, which have been disseminated to employees and Directors of the Group. The policy and guidelines restrict certain employees (all administrative officers and employees of managerial grade, and certain other employees in departments which are likely to be privy to confidential material price-sensitive information, such as the Legal, Finance and Business Planning and Development departments) from trading in the Company's securities during the period falling two weeks prior to each announcement of its quarterly financial results by the Company and one month prior to each announcement of full year financial results by the Company. The policy and guidelines also remind the Group's employees and Directors to be mindful of the insider trading prohibitions under the Securities and Futures Act whenever trading in the Company's or any other corporation's securities.

**ANNEXURE** 

#### SHARE PLANS

#### (I) SATS Employee Share Option Plan ("ESOP")

The ESOP comprises two schemes, namely:

- (a) The Senior Executive Share Option Scheme for senior executives; and
- (b) The Employee Share Option Scheme for all other employees.

Its objective is to promote group cohesiveness and team spirit through a sense of ownership of the Company. The Senior Executive Share Option Scheme is intended to attract, retain and motivate senior executives whose participation in policy and decision–making can influence the Company's performance and returns to shareholders.

Options under the ESOP ("Options") may be granted to full-time and part-time employees of the Company or of its wholly-owned subsidiaries (other than subsidiaries whose shares become listed on a recognised stock exchange), who satisfy the eligibility criteria under the ESOP.

Non-executive Directors of the Company are not eligible to be granted Options. Directors and employees of the Company's immediate holding company, SIA or of SIA's subsidiaries (other than the Company itself) are also not eligible as such to be granted Options. No controlling shareholder (as defined in the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST) of the Company, or the associates (as so defined) of such controlling shareholder, have been granted Options under the ESOP. No grantee of Options under the ESOP has received five percent. or more of the total number of Options available under the ESOP.

The aggregate nominal amount of shares over which Options may be granted on any date, when added to the nominal amount of shares issued and issuable in respect of all Options granted under the ESOP, shall not exceed 15 percent. of the total number of issued ordinary shares in the capital of the Company on the day preceding that date.

The maximum number of shares over which Options may be granted under the ESOP in each financial year to any employee, based on the Company's current issued share capital, ranges from 4,800 for administrative officers to 2,600 for employees other than administrative officers and supervisors, under the Employee Share Option Scheme. No maximum limit applies under the Senior Executive Share Option Scheme, in order to allow greater flexibility in putting together appropriate remuneration packages for senior executives.

The actual number of Options to be offered to any employee under the ESOP will be determined by the Remuneration and Human Resource Committee at its absolute discretion after taking into account the employee's performance and/or other criteria as the Remuneration and Human Resource Committee may consider appropriate, subject to any applicable maximum limits.

The exercise price for each share on exercise of an Option shall be the average of the last dealt prices for the shares (as determined by reference to the daily official list or any other publication published by the SGX-ST) for the five consecutive market days immediately preceding the date of grant of the Option. No Options are granted on the basis that the exercise price is at a discount to the market price for the relevant period.

Options granted may be exercised in whole or in part during the period commencing on the first anniversary of the date of grant and expiring on its tenth anniversary, subject to the following vesting schedule:

- (i) for senior executives, 25 percent. of the total amount of the grant will vest on each of the first to fourth anniversaries of the date of grant; and
- (ii) for all other employees, the grant of Options will vest on the second anniversary of the date of grant.

#### (II) SATS RSP and SATS PSP

In addition to the ESOP, the Company introduced two new share plans, the SATS RSP and SATS PSP, which were approved by shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 19 July 2005. These plans were introduced with a view to further strengthening the Company's competitiveness in attracting and retaining talented key senior management and senior executives. The SATS RSP and SATS PSP aim to more directly align the interests of key senior management and senior executives with the interests of shareholders, to improve performance and achieve sustainable growth for the Company in the changing business environment, and to foster a greater ownership culture amongst key senior management and senior executives. These plans contemplate the award of fully paid shares, when and after pre-determined performance or service conditions are accomplished. Non-executive Directors of the Group are not eligible to participate in the SATS RSP and SATS PSP.

The SATS RSP serves as an additional motivational tool to recruit and retain talented senior executives as well as to reward for Company and individual performance. In addition, it enhances the Group's overall compensation packages, strengthening the Group's ability to attract and retain high performing talent. The SATS PSP is targeted at a select group of key senior management who shoulder the responsibility for the Company's performance and who are able to drive the growth of the Company through innovation, creativity and superior performance. Awards under the SATS PSP are performance-based, with performance targets to be based on medium-term corporate objectives covering market competitiveness, quality of returns, business growth and productivity growth. The performance targets are stretched targets based on criteria such as total shareholders' return, economic value added, market share, market ranking or return on sales.

Awards granted under the SATS RSP, which is intended to apply to a broader base of senior executives, will vest only after the satisfactory completion of time-based service conditions, that is, after the participant has served the Group for a specified number of years (time-based restricted awards) or, where the award is performance-based (performance-based restricted awards), after a further period of service beyond the performance target completion date. No minimum vesting periods are prescribed under the SATS RSP, and the length of the vesting period(s) in respect of each award will be determined on a case-by-case basis. Award of such performance-based restricted awards is intended to ensure that the earning of shares under the SATS RSP is aligned with the pay-for-performance principle. The use of time-based restricted awards will only be made on a case-by-case basis where business needs justify such awards. Awards granted under the SATS PSP differ from that of the SATS RSP in that an extended vesting period is usually (though not always) imposed for performance-based restricted awards granted under the SATS RSP beyond the performance target completion date, that is, they also incorporate a time-based service condition as well, to encourage participants to continue serving the Group beyond the achievement date of the pre-determined performance targets.

The selection of a participant and the number of shares which he would be awarded under the SATS RSP will be determined at the absolute discretion of the Remuneration and Human Resource Committee, which will take into account criteria such as his rank, job performance, creativity, innovativeness, entrepreneurship, years of service and potential for future development, his contribution to the success and development of the Group and, if applicable, the extent of effort and resourcefulness required to achieve the performance target(s) within the performance period.

Under the SATS RSP and the SATS PSP, the Remuneration and Human Resource Committee has the discretion to determine whether the performance condition has been satisfied (whether fully or partially) or exceeded and in making any such determination, the Remuneration and Human Resource Committee has the right to make reference to the audited results of the Company or the Group to take into account such factors as the Remuneration and Human Resource Committee may determine to be relevant, such as changes in accounting methods, taxes and extraordinary events, and further, the right to amend the performance target(s) if the Remuneration and Human Resource Committee decides that a changed performance target would be a fairer measure of performance.

The aggregate number of shares which may be issued pursuant to awards granted under the SATS RSP or the SATS PSP, when added to the number of new shares issued and issuable in respect of all options granted under the ESOP, and all awards under the SATS RSP and SATS PSP, shall not exceed 15 percent. of the total number of issued ordinary shares in the capital of the Company on the day preceding the relevant date of award.

### Internal Controls Statement

#### **RESPONSIBILITY**

SATS' Board of Directors is deeply committed in maintaining a strong internal controls environment for the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively, the "**Group**"). Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an effective system of internal controls over the deliverance of accurate, objective and transparent financial reporting, and for the assessment of the effectiveness of internal controls.

The Board is ultimately responsible for the system of internal controls maintained by the Group and for reviewing its effectiveness. This system by its nature can only provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance to investors regarding:

- the safeguarding and protection of the Group's assets against unauthorised or improper use or disposal;
- protection against material misstatements or losses;
- the maintenance of proper accounting records;
- b the reliability of financial information used within the business and for publication;
- the compliance with appropriate legislations, regulations and best practices; and
- the identification and containment of business risks.

The Board is assisted by the Audit and Risk Management Committee ("ARMC") to review the effectiveness of the system of internal controls. In doing so, the ARMC considers the results of the risk management and audit activities carried out for the Group. More information on the ARMC's authorities and duties can be found in the "Corporate Governance" section of this Annual Report.

#### RISK MANAGEMENT ORGANISATIONAL STRUCTURE

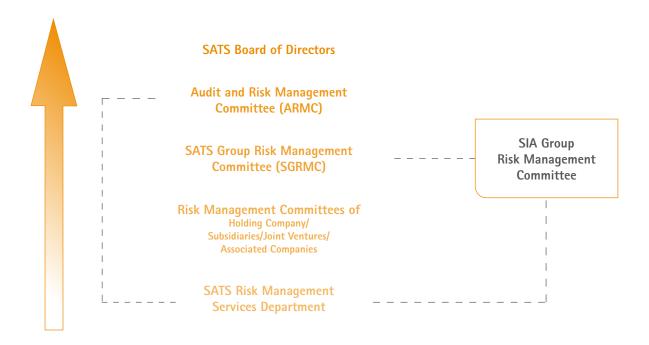
The ARMC which is made up of three Directors, a majority of whom are independent, and which is chaired by an independent non-executive Director, is assisted by the SATS Group Risk Management Committee ("SGRMC") in overseeing the management of risks within the Group.

The SGRMC is vested with specific accountability for reviewing the system of risk management encompassing business continuity management and for reporting key risks and their associated mitigating factors to the ARMC, for considering what changes to risk management and control processes, and methodologies of risk management, should be recommended, and for ensuring that processes and the methodologies of risk management are put in place.

A centralised Risk Management Services Department, headed by the Group's Risk Manager which has a direct line of reporting to the Chairman of the ARMC with parallel reporting to the President and Chief Executive Officer of SATS, coordinates and facilitates the risk management processes within the Group. It provides support to the SGRMC in carrying out its functions.

The SGRMC, which meets on a quarterly basis, is also represented at bi-annual meetings with the Group Risk Management Committee of Singapore Airlines Limited ("SIA"), the Company's immediate holding company. Both these committees and the risk management units of SIA and SATS share information to facilitate an integrated SIA group-wide approach to risk management.

The Group has formalised its risk management reporting structure as depicted in the diagram below with the establishment of risk management committees to the level of its operating subsidiaries, joint ventures and associated companies, each with its assigned responsibilities and objectives. Additionally, there are established and effective channels of communications for individuals to report on any wrongdoing or impropriety.



#### **CONTROL ENVIRONMENT AND CONTROL ACTIVITIES**

The involvement of the ARMC is a key success factor in the risk management programme. It ensures that the risk management programme is executed with an integrated, holistic view of the organisation in mind. The key elements of the Group's comprehensive risk management framework encompasses having:

- thorough and clear terms of reference for Management and Board's various committees;
- written policies, procedures and guidelines including guidelines on matters requiring the Board's approval which are subjected to regular review and improvement;
- clearly defined roles and responsibilities including authorisation levels for all aspects of the business that are set out in the authority matrix;
- effective organisational and risk management structures in place;
- effective Business Continuity Management capability that meets the nature, scale and complexity of the Group's businesses. This includes the recently developed Crisis Management Directorate that was established for the purpose of effective management of crises;
- comprehensive budgeting process where operating units prepare budgets for the coming year that are approved both by Management and by the Board; and
- the Group's key insurance coverage which is taken up under the umbrella of the SIA Group insurance programme, and the adequacy of which is reviewed on a yearly basis.

The Group's well established internal audit, compliance and risk management functions continuously improve efforts in ensuring the compliance and implementation of the risk management practices and policies. The Company's internal audit function provides an independent resource and perspective to the ARMC, on the processes and controls which may have material financial impact on the Company. There are formal procedures in place for both internal and external auditors to report independently their conclusions and recommendations to the ARMC.

### Internal Controls Statement

All banking and finance transactions undertaken by the Group must be properly authorised, including the opening of new bank accounts and the taking up of any proposed credit facilities. The Group has its own approval limits and procedures for every banking and finance transaction, having regard to the nature of the transaction concerned. These approval limits and procedures are updated from time to time and are available on request to the bankers of and lenders to the Group.

Management also monitors internal controls through Control Self Assessments (CSA) carried out by the various business units. During the course of the year the questionnaires used in conducting the CSA assessments were the latest improved versions that reflect the necessary changes in the organisation and increase the strength of the control environment. CSA verification audits were also carried out to provide an independent evaluation of the assessments conducted by the business units.

The following are some of the key risk management activities carried out within the Group:

- detailed procedures and checklists have been developed in connection with the Crisis Management Directorate for the various
  crisis scenarios that have been identified. An exercise is currently being planned to increase the level of preparedness and familiarity of
  the directorate members as to the crisis plans;
- some of the business continuity/contingency plans were tested during the financial year under review. The procedures were fine tuned and enhanced for improvements further to the post mortem briefings held;
- CSA questionnaires that have been developed based on the principle of minimum acceptable controls were revised for applicability, completeness and in line with Management's risk limits and appetite; and
- a set of principles for setting risk tolerance limits for the key risks identified was developed. The purpose of the said practice is to allow the respective business units to allocate resources more efficiently in the course of developing risk controls. It also provides Management with a means of assessing and determining the sufficiency and effectiveness of the controls that have been put in place. Management will then table the established risk tolerance limits applying these principles to the ARMC for approval.

#### **RISK ASSESSMENT**

The internal control system involves each business and key Management from each business, and the Board, and is designed to meet the Group's particular needs. The risk management system concentrates on those key risks which may have a significant influence on the Group's assets, finances and profits, and those that may potentially endanger the continued existence of the Group companies. Procedures used facilitate early detection and control of risks.

The on-going process to identify, assess, monitor and manage significant risks that will impede the achievement of the Group's objectives is continuously reviewed for improvements. The risk management process, which has been put in place throughout the year and up to the date of this statement, is firmly embedded within the Group's business operations and is every employee's responsibility.

The Group carried out its bi-annual review of the key risk profiles of the Group. The preventive and mitigating control actions were further refined and developed for adequacy and effectiveness. The risk categories include those that are not directly quantifiable in financial terms such as the Group's image/reputation, security, environment, health and safety, service quality, information communication and technology, and competition issues. The key risks are evaluated based on probability and impact of a preset scale and ranked accordingly. This enables the Group to allocate its resources to deal with the different levels of business risks.

#### **MONITORING**

The ARMC that meets quarterly has oversight of the management of risks within the Group. It reviews the activities of the SGRMC. A regular status report and update on risk management initiatives, processes and exercises are reviewed by the ARMC. Management or the SGRMC will report to the ARMC on any major changes to the business and external environment that affect the Group's key risks, and the ARMC will in turn report the same to the Board if it considers the matter sufficiently significant to do so.

The ARMC is also provided with quarterly management accounts, risk management and audit reports for its review. In the spirit of continuous improvement, refinement and enhancement to key risk management practices and policies including methodologies are recommended by SGRMC to the ARMC to seek approval for adoption of the same.

The Risk Management Committees at various levels continue to meet regularly to review risk and control matters including ascertaining that there are effective follow up procedures. The outcome and status are reported to the ARMC for its review and information respectively.

Written assurances and representations together with an attached checklist of key elements of internal controls approved by the Board, have been obtained from all the executive heads of all the Company's operating subsidiaries as well as from the Chairman, Board, executive head or other appropriate officer of all of the Company's active associated companies, that their respective companies' internal controls were adequate during the financial year under review.

#### **CONCLUSION**

The Board believes that, in the absence of any evidence to the contrary, taking into account the views of the ARMC in the exercise of its responsibilities under its Charter, the system of internal controls including financial, operational and compliance controls, and risk management system maintained by the Group's Management and that was in place throughout FY2006-07 and up to and as of the date of this Annual Report, provides reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material financial misstatement or loss, and on the whole is adequate to meet the needs of the Group in its current business environment.

## Investor Relations Programme

The SATS Investor Relations programme focuses on the transparency of disclosure and prompt dissemination of information to keep shareholders, analysts, fund managers and the media abreast of the Group's strategies, key developments and performance.

Information is disseminated through various channels:

#### **Corporate Literature**

- The annual report, which is distributed in June, aims to provide a comprehensive coverage of the Group's business performance in the past financial year.
- SATS' newsletters are distributed to employees, clients and associates. These are available on a monthly basis and electronic versions are put on the corporate website: www.sats.com.sq.
- News releases which announce the latest important events relating to the Group are distributed to the local and international media, and the investment community through the SGXNet portal. The releases are also posted on the corporate website and www.irasia.com.
- The corporate website has a section on "Investor Relations" containing key corporate information, financial data, annual reports and operational statistics. The information is currently hosted by the investor relations portal, www.irasia.com.

#### **Direct Meetings**

- The Group maintains direct dialogue with investors, potential investors, analysts and the media through investor meetings, results briefings and the Annual General Meeting. Senior management meets up regularly with institutional investors and analysts to update them on the Group's strategies, performance and activities. Site visits to the inflight catering centres were also arranged for visitors to give them a better understanding of the operations. In FY2006-07, 62 investor and analyst meetings/visits were organised, an increase over the 44 meetings/visits held in FY2005-06.
- SATS' management also went on a non-deal road show in June 2006 to meet with existing and potential investors in London, New York, Boston and San Francisco.

#### **Announcement of Financial Results**

- Quarterly announcements of the Group's financial results are published through news releases and announcements issued to the media and investment community and are posted on the corporate website and www.irasia.com.
- Results briefings attended by institutional investors, analysts and the media are organised after the release of the second quarter (half-year) and year-end (full year) results, with the senior management team present to answer questions.

#### **Annual General Meeting**

• The Annual General Meeting is held in July. SATS' Board members attend the Annual General Meeting where shareholders present are given an opportunity to clarify or question the company on issues pertaining to the resolutions proposed to be passed. The executive management and external auditors are also present to assist the Directors in answering questions from shareholders.

# FINANCIALS

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## Report By The Board Of Directors

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and the balance sheets and statements of changes in equity of the Company for the financial year ended 31 March 2007.

#### 1. DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

The names of the directors in office at the date of this report are:

Edmund Cheng Wai Wing -

Chairman

Chew Choon Seng

Deputy Chairman

Khaw Kheng Joo Ng Kee Choe Ow Chin Hock

Yeo Chee Tong

-1---/

Michael Tan Jiak Ngee

(Appointed on 19 May 2006)

#### 2. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN ORDINARY SHARES, SHARE OPTIONS AND DEBENTURES

The following directors who held office at the end of the financial year have, according to the register of directors' shareholdings required to be kept under Section 164 of the Companies Act, Cap. 50, an interest in the ordinary shares, share options and debentures of the Company, the Company's immediate holding company and subsidiary companies of the Company's immediate and ultimate holding company, as stated below:

	Direct	Interest	Deemed Interest		
	1.4.2006 /		1.4.2006 /		
Name Of Director	Date Of	24 2 2027	Date Of	24 2 2027	
Name Of Director	Appointment	31.3.2007	Appointment	31.3.2007	
INTEREST IN SINGAPORE AIRLINES LIMITEI	D				
Ordinary shares					
Chew Choon Seng	214,000	214,000	-	-	
Michael Tan Jiak Ngee	25,600	55,600	-	-	
Options to subscribe for ordinary shares					
Chew Choon Seng	1,074,000	1,194,000	_	_	
Michael Tan Jiak Ngee	454,000	264,000	-	-	
Conditional award of restricted shares					
Chew Choon Seng	-	30,000	-	-	
Conditional award of performance shares					
Chew Choon Seng	-	27,000	-	-	
INTEREST IN SINGAPORE AIRPORT TERMIN	AL SERVICES LIMIT	ED			
Ordinary shares					
Chew Choon Seng	10,000	10,000	-	-	
Ng Kee Choe	11,000	11,000	-	-	
Michael Tan Jiak Ngee	16,000	16,000	-	-	
INTEREST IN SIA ENGINEERING COMPANY	LIMITED				
Ordinary shares					
Chew Choon Seng	20,000	20,000	-	-	
Michael Tan Jiak Ngee	41,000	41,000	-	-	

#### 2. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN ORDINARY SHARES, SHARE OPTIONS AND DEBENTURES (CONT'D)

	Interest	Deemed	eemed Interest	
1.4.2006 /		1.4.2006 /		
Appointment	31.3.2007	Appointment	31.3.2007	
TIONS LIMITED				
11,040 1,430 1,620 12,520 6,260 5,590	10,500 1,360 1,540 11,900 5,950 5,315	1,620 1,620 11,643 - 1,616	1,550 1,540 11,061 - 1,537	
- 161,500	- 361,500	35,000 948,053	35,000 948,053	
135,000 1,060,000	190,000 860,000	- -	- -	
50,000	50,000	_	_	
MANUFACTURING	LIMITED	10,000	10,000	
-	-	10,000	10,000	
MANAGEMENT LI	MITED			
220,000	220,000	-	-	
) LIMITED				
50	-	-	-	
50	-	-	-	
150,000 -	150,000 -	- 4,000	4,000	
A TBK	50,000	-	-	
	Date Of Appointment  FIONS LIMITED  11,040 1,430 1,620 12,520 6,260 5,590  161,500  135,000 1,060,000  MANUFACTURING  MANAGEMENT LIF  220,000 1) LIMITED  50  50	Name	Date Of Appointment   31.3.2007   Appointment	

#### 2. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN ORDINARY SHARES, SHARE OPTIONS AND DEBENTURES (CONT'D)

	Direct	Direct Interest Deem						
	1.4.2006 /		1.4.2006 /					
	Date Of		Date Of					
Name Of Director	Appointment	31.3.2007	Appointment	31.3.2007				
INTEREST IN TELECHOICE INTER Ordinary shares Yeo Chee Tong	RNATIONAL LIMITED 9,000	9,000	-	-				
INTEREST IN SINGAPORE TECHI	NOLOGIES ENGINEERING LIMITI	ED						
Ordinary shares								
Yeo Chee Tong	-	-	2,568	2,568				

There was no change in any of the above-mentioned interests between the end of the financial year and 21 April 2007, except for Mr Michael Tan Jiak Ngee whose interest in ordinary shares of Singapore Airlines Limited as at 21 April 2007 is 25,600.

Neither at the end of the financial year, nor at any time during that financial year, did there subsist any arrangements to which the Company is a party, whereby directors might acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares and share options in, or debentures of, the Company or any other body corporate, other than pursuant to the Employee Share Option Plan of its immediate holding company, and the subsidiary companies of the Company's ultimate holding company.

Except as disclosed in this report, no director who held office at the end of the financial year had interests in ordinary shares, share options or debentures of the Company, or of related corporations, either at the beginning of the financial year, or date of appointment if later, or at the end of the financial year.

#### 3. DIRECTORS' CONTRACTUAL BENEFITS

Except as disclosed in the financial statements, since the end of the previous financial year, no director of the Company has received or become entitled to receive a benefit by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the director, or with a firm of which the director is a member, or with a company in which the director has a substantial financial interest.

#### 4. OPTIONS ON SHARES IN THE COMPANY

#### (i) Employee Share Option Plan

The SATS Employee Share Option Plan (the "Plan"), which comprises the Senior Executive Share Option Scheme for senior executives and the Employee Share Option Scheme for all other employees, was adopted in connection with the initial public offering undertaken by the Company in 2000 and a summary of which was set out in the Prospectus issued by the Company dated 4 May 2000. The Plan was modified at an extraordinary general meeting held on 7 July 2001 and was subsequently modified by the Company (as announced on 4 June 2003) and at extraordinary general meetings held on 19 July 2003 and 20 July 2004.

Under the Plan, all options to be issued will have a term no longer than 10 years from the date of grant. The exercise price of the option will be the average of the closing prices of the Company's ordinary shares on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST") for the five market days immediately preceding the date of grant.

Under the Employee Share Option Scheme, options will vest two years after the date of grant. Under the Senior Executive Share Option Scheme, options will vest:

- a) one year after the date of grant for 25% of the ordinary shares subject to the options;
- b) two years after the date of grant for an additional 25% of the ordinary shares subject to the options;
- c) three years after the date of grant for an additional 25% of the ordinary shares subject to the options; and
- d) four years after the date of grant for the remaining 25% of the ordinary shares subject to the options.

#### 4. OPTIONS ON SHARES IN THE COMPANY (CONT'D)

#### (i) Employee Share Option Plan (cont'd)

At the date of this report, the Committee administering the Plan comprises the following directors:

Edmund Cheng Wai Wing - Chairman Chew Choon Seng - Member Yeo Chee Tong - Member

No options have been granted to Directors of the Company, controlling shareholders of the Company or their associates, or parent group employees.

No employee has received 5% or more of the total number of options available under the Plan.

The options granted by the Company do not entitle the holders of the options, by virtue of such holding, to any right to participate in any share issue of any other company.

During the financial year, in consideration of the payment of \$1 for each offer accepted, offers of options were granted pursuant to the Plan in respect of 15,189,800 unissued ordinary shares in the Company at an exercise price of \$2.10 per share.

At the end of the financial year, options to take up 57,508,655 unissued ordinary shares in the Company were outstanding:

	28.3.2001 - 27.3.2010
2.7.2001       1,352,900       62,600       362,000       -       928,300       \$\$1.24       2         1.7.2002       3,077,850       12,650       821,450       -       2,243,750       \$\$1.60       1         1.7.2003       3,057,650       23,600       807,745       -       2,226,305       \$\$1.47       1         1.7.2004       15,994,950       136,450       6,805,200       -       9,053,300       \$\$2.09       1         1.7.2005       15,711,200       300,000       20,350       -       15,390,850       \$\$2.27       1	3.7.2001 - 2.7.2010 2.7.2002 - 1.7.2011 1.7.2003 - 30.6.2012 1.7.2004 - 30.6.2013 1.7.2005 - 30.6.2014 1.7.2006 - 30.6.2015 3.7.2007 - 2.7.2016

<sup>\*</sup> Balance at date of grant for the most recent grant

#### (ii) Restricted Share Plan ("RSP") and Performance Share Plan ("PSP")

At the extraordinary general meeting of the Company held on 19 July 2005, the shareholders approved the adoption of two new share plans, namely the RSP and the PSP, in addition to the Employee Share Option Plan.

Depending on the achievement of pre-determined targets over a two-year period for the RSP and a three-year period for the PSP, the final number of restricted shares and performance shares awarded could range between 0% and 120% of the initial grant of the restricted shares and between 0% and 150% of the initial grant of the performance shares.

Based on meeting stated performance conditions over a two-year performance period, 50% of the RSP award will vest. The balance will vest equally over the subsequent two years with fulfilment of service requirements. PSP will vest based on meeting stated performance conditions over a three-year performance period.

At the date of this report, the Remuneration and Human Resource Committee which administers the RSP and PSP comprises the following directors:

Edmund Cheng Wai Wing - Chairman Chew Choon Seng - Member Yeo Chee Tong - Member

#### 4. OPTIONS ON SHARES IN THE COMPANY (CONT'D)

#### (ii) Restricted Share Plan ("RSP") and Performance Share Plan ("PSP") (cont'd)

No shares have been granted to controlling shareholders or their associates, or parent group employees under the RSP and PSP

No employee has received 5% or more of the total number of shares granted under the Employee Share Option Plan, RSP and PSP.

The details of the shares awarded under the new share plans during the year since commencement of the RSP and PSP are as follows:

#### **RSP**

	Number Of Ordinary Shares									
Date Of Grant	Balance At 1.4.2006 / Later Date Of Grant	Granted	Cancelled	Released	Balance At 31.3.2007					
2.10.2006	182,030	-	-	-	182,030					

#### **PSP**

		Numbe	r Of Ordinary Share	es	
Date Of Grant	Balance At 1.4.2006 / Later Date Of Grant	Granted	Cancelled	Released	Balance At 31,3,2007
Dute of Grane	Later Date of Grant	Grantea	Cancenca	nereasea	31.3.2007
2.10.2006	84,360	-	-	_	84,360

#### 5. AUDIT AND RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The Audit and Risk Management Committee performed the functions specified in the Companies Act. The functions performed are detailed in the Corporate Governance Report.

#### 6. AUDITORS

The auditors, Ernst & Young, Certified Public Accountants, have expressed their willingness to accept re-appointment.

On behalf of the Board,

#### **EDMUND CHENG WAI WING**

Chairman

#### **CHEW CHOON SENG**

Deputy Chairman

Dated this 7th day of May 2007

## Statement By The Directors

Pursuant To Section 201(15)

We, EDMUND CHENG WAI WING and CHEW CHOON SENG, being two of the directors of SINGAPORE AIRPORT TERMINAL SERVICES LIMITED, do hereby state that in the opinion of the directors:

- a) the accompanying consolidated financial statements of the Group and the balance sheet and statement of changes in equity of the Company, together with notes thereto are drawn up so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company as at 31 March 2007, the changes in equity of the Group and of the Company, the results of the business and the cash flows of the Group for the financial year ended on that date; and
- b) at the date of this statement, there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they fall due.

On behalf of the Board.

#### **EDMUND CHENG WAI WING**

Chairman

#### **CHEW CHOON SENG**

Deputy Chairman

Dated this 7th day of May 2007

### Independent Auditors' Report

To The Members Of Singapore Airport Terminal Services Limited

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Singapore Airport Terminal Services Limited (the Company) and its subsidiaries (collectively, the Group) set out on pages 77 to 130, which comprise the balance sheets of the Group and the Company as at 31 March 2007, the statements of changes in equity of the Group and the Company, the profit and loss account and cash flow statement of the Group for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

#### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company's directors are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the provisions of the Singapore Companies Act, Cap. 50 (the Act) and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

#### **AUDITORS' RESPONSIBILITY**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Singapore Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **OPINION**

In our opinion,

- the consolidated financial statements of the Group and the balance sheet and statement of changes in equity of the Company are properly drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Act and Singapore Financial Reporting Standards so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the Company as at 31 March 2007 and the results, changes in equity and cash flows of the Group and the changes in equity of the Company for the year ended on that date; and
- (ii) the accounting and other records required by the Act to be kept by the Company and by those subsidiaries incorporated in Singapore of which we are the auditors have been properly kept in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

#### **ERNST & YOUNG**

Certified Public Accountants

SINGAPORE
Dated this 7th day of May 2007

# Consolidated Profit And Loss Account

For The Year Ended 31 March 2007 (In \$ Thousands)

		GR	OUP
	Notes	2006-07	2005-06
REVENUE	3	945,659	932,027
EXPENDITURE			
Staff costs	4	(441,226)	(408,054)
Cost of raw materials		(81,715)	(79,554)
Licensing fees		(60,384)	(59,065)
Depreciation and amortisation charges		(65,697)	(65,279)
Company accommodation and utilities		(64,745)	(58,891)
Other costs		(78,752)	(77,144)
		(792,519)	(747,987)
OPERATING PROFIT	5	153,140	184,040
Interest on borrowings	6	(6,160)	(6,286)
Interest income	7	18,171	9,240
Dividend from long-term investment, gross		951	628
Share of profits of associated companies		52,076	57,308
Gain/(loss) on disposal of fixed assets		153	(309)
Amortisation of deferred income		1,439	1,408
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		219,770	246,029
Taxation	8	(40,783)	(56,810)
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION		178,987	189,219
PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO: EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPANY MINORITY INTERESTS		178,218 769	188,624 595
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		178,987	189,219
Daria asseriana narahara (asseta)	0	17.0	10.0
Basic earnings per share (cents)	9	17.0	18.2
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	9	16.9	18.1

		GF	ROUP	COM	1PANY
	Notes	31.3.2007	31.3.2006	31.3.2007	31.3.2006
SHARE CAPITAL RESERVES	11	215,536	179,812	215,536	179,812
Revenue reserve		1,111,298 (31,159)	1,018,136	895,801	760,555
Foreign currency translation reserve Share-based compensation reserve	12	12,977	(9,572) 10,025	12,977	10,025
Fair value reserve Statutory reserve	12	(85) 5,582	(76) 4,117	(85)	(76)
,		1,098,613	1,022,630	908,693	770,504
EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO EQUITY HOLDERS OF THE COMPAN' MINORITY INTERESTS	(	1,314,149 3,916	1,202,442 3,327	1,124,229 -	950,316 -
TOTAL EQUITY		1,318,065	1,205,769	1,124,229	950,316
DEFERRED TAXATION	13	53,489	65,639	32,711	36,880
NOTES PAYABLE TERM LOANS	14 15	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000
DEFERRED INCOME	16	2,539 24,602	3,940 26,254	24,602	26,209
		1,598,695	1,501,602	1,381,542	1,213,405
Represented by:					
FIXED ASSETS Leasehold land and buildings	17	497,418	522,938	480,808	506,580
Progress payments		5,315	3,304	575	360
Others		119,028	142,954	718	1,120
SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES	18	621,761	669,196	482,101 43,275	508,060 43,275
LONG-TERM INVESTMENT	19	7,886	7,886	7,886	7,886
ASSOCIATED COMPANIES LOAN TO AN ASSOCIATED COMPANY	20 20	340,697 1,988	339,615 2,589	270,649 1,988	270,649 2,589
INTANGIBLE ASSETS	21	9,876	14,485	470	190
CURRENT ASSETS					
Trade debtors Other debtors	22 23	51,238 7,713	46,352 6,111	4,886 6,320	1,321 4,199
Prepayments	23	2,765	2,911	1,424	1,143
Related companies	24	398,449	352,619	331,778	283,866
Associated companies Loan to an associated company	20 20	703 612	371 647	703 612	371 647
Stocks	25	12,174	13,240	224	226
Loan to third party	26		42,355		42,355
Short-term non-equity investments Fixed deposits	27	73,500 255,755	48,932 151,490	73,500 255,005	48,932 150,240
Cash and bank balances	27	19,058	19,110	14,698	9,721
		821,967	684,138	689,150	543,021
Less:					
CURRENT LIABILITIES  Loan from immediate holding company	28	_	42,355	_	42,355
Term loans	15	280	778		_
Trade creditors Other creditors	29	150,162	107,044	24,113	17,939
Related companies	29 24	5,890 -	5,954 -	2,074 73,217	1,681 86,168
Provision for taxation		49,148	59,782	14,573	14,122
Bank overdraft - secured	30	_	394	_	-
NET CURRENT ASSETS		205,480 616,487	216,307 467,831	113,977 575,173	162,265 380,756
		1,598,695	1,501,602	1,381,542	1,213,405
			1 1		,,

The notes on pages 83 to 130 form an integral part of the financial statements.

# Statements Of Changes In Equity For The Year Ended 31 March 2007 (In \$ Thousands)

			Attr	ibutable To E	Equity Holde	ers Of The C	ompany			
N	ote	Share Capital	Sh Revenue Reserve	are-based Compen- Sation Reserve	Fair Value Reserve	Statutory Reserve*	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Total	Minority Interests	Total Equity
GROUP										
Balance at 31 March 2006		179,812	1,018,136	10,025	(76)	4,117	(9,572)	1,202,442	3,327	1,205,769
Transfer to statutory reserve Foreign currency translation		-	(1,465)	-	-	1,465	-	-	-	-
adjustment Net fair value changes on		-	-	-	-	-	(21,587)	(21,587)	-	(21,587)
available-for-sale assets		-	-	-	(9)	-	-	(9)	-	(9)
Net income/(expense) not recognised in the profit and loss										
account Profit for the year		-	(1,465) 178,218	-	(9)	1,465	(21,587) -	(21,596) 178,218	- 769	(21,596) 178,987
Net income and expenses recognised for the year		-	176,753	-	(9)	1,465	(21,587)	156,622	769	157,391
Share-based payment Share options exercised		-	-	6,593	-	-	-	6,593	-	6,593
and lapsed		35,724	283	(3,641)	-	-	-	32,366	-	32,366
Dividends, net	10	-	(83,874)	-	-	-	-	(83,874)	(180)	(84,054)
Balance at 31 March 2007		215,536	1,111,298	12,977	(85)	5,582	(31,159)	1,314,149	3,916	1,318,065

Certain countries in which some of the Group's associated companies are incorporated legally require statutory reserves to be set aside. The laws of the countries restrict the distribution and use of these statutory reserves.

# Statements Of Changes In Equity For The Year Ended 31 March 2007 (In \$ Thousands)

			A	ttributable 1	o Equity H	olders Ut I	ne Compar				
	Note	Share Capital	Share Premium	Revenue Reserve	Compen- Sation Reserve	Fair Value Reserve	Statutory Reserve*	Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	Total	Minority Interests	Total Equity
GROUP											
Balance at 31 March 2005 Transfer to		102,784	44,295	914,026	7,523	-	2,726	(5,897)	1,065,457	2,852	1,068,309
share capital		44,295	(44,295)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
		147,079	-	914,026	7,523	-	2,726	(5,897)	1,065,457	2,852	1,068,309
Transfer to statutory reserve Foreign currency translation		-	-	(1,391)	-	-	1,391	-	-	-	-
adjustment		-	-	-	-	-	-	(3,675)	(3,675)	-	(3,675)
Net fair value changes on available-for-sale											
assets		-	-	-	-	(76)	-	-	(76)	-	(76)
Net income/(expense) not recognised in the profit and loss account Profit for the year		- -	- -	(1,391) 188,624	- -	(76) -	1,391 -	(3,675) -	(3,751) 188,624	- 595	(3,751) 189,219
Net income and expenses recognised for the year		-	-	187,233	-	(76)	1,391	(3,675)	184,873	595	185,468
Share-based payment		-	-	-	6,909	-	-	-	6,909	-	6,909
Share options exercised and lapsed		32,733	-	-	(4,407)	-	-	-	28,326	-	28,326
Dividends, net	10	_	_	(83,123)	_	-	-	-	(83,123)	(120)	(83,243)
Balance at 31 March 2006		179,812	-	1,018,136	10,025	(76)	4,117	(9,572)	1,202,442	3,327	1,205,769

Certain countries in which some of the Group's associated companies are incorporated legally require statutory reserves to be set aside. The laws of the countries restrict the distribution and use of these statutory reserves.

The notes on pages 83 to 130 form an integral part of the financial statements.

# Statements Of Changes In Equity For The Year Ended 31 March 2007 (In \$ Thousands)

	Note	Share Capital	Revenue Reserve	Share-Based Compensation Reserve	Fair Value Reserve	Total Equity
COMPANY						
Balance at 31 March 2006		179,812	760,555	10,025	(76)	950,316
Net fair value changes on available-for-sale assets Profit for the year	5	- -	- 218,837	-	(9) -	(9) 218,837
Net income and expenses recognised for the year		-	218,837	-	(9)	218,828
Share-based payment Share options exercised and lapsed		- 35,724	- 283	6,593 (3,641)	-	6,593 32,366
Dividends, net	10		(83,874)	-	-	(83,874)
Balance at 31 March 2007		215,536	895,801	12,977	(85)	1,124,229

	Note	Share Capital	Share Premium	Revenue Reserve	Share-Based Compensation Reserve	Fair Value Reserve	Total Equity
COMPANY							
Balance at 31 March 2005 Transfer to share capital		102,784 44,295	44,295 (44,295)	589,652 -	7,523 -	- -	744,254 -
		147,079	-	589,652	7,523	-	744,254
Net fair value changes on available-for-sale assets Profit for the year		- -	- -	- 254,026	- -	(76) -	(76) 254,026
Net income and expenses recognised for the year		-	-	254,026	-	(76)	253,950
Share-based payment Share options exercised and lapsed		- 32,733	-	-	6,909 (4,407)	-	6,909 28,326
Dividends, net	10		-	(83,123)	-	-	(83,123)
Balance at 31 March 2006		179,812	-	760,555	10,025	(76)	950,316

# Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

For The Year Ended 31 March 2007 (In \$ Thousands)

	Note	2006-07	2005-06
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Profit before taxation		219,770	246,029
Adjustments for:			
Interest income		(18,171)	(9,240)
Interest on borrowings		6,160	6,286
Dividend from long-term investment		(951)	(628)
Depreciation and amortisation charges		65,697	65,279
Effects of exchange rate changes		201	76
(Gain)/loss on disposal of fixed assets		(153)	309
Share of profits of associated companies		(52,076)	(57,308)
Share-based payment expense		6,593	6,909
Amortisation of deferred income		(1,439)	(1,408)
Operating profit before working capital changes		225,631	256,304
Increase)/decrease in debtors		(6,745)	17,870
Decrease/(increase) in prepayments		146	(25)
Decrease/(increase) in stocks		1,066	(2,302)
ncrease in amounts owing by related companies		(4,733)	(5,178)
ncrease/(decrease) in creditors		42,173	(7,488)
(Increase)/decrease in amounts due from associated companies		(332)	701
Cash generated from operations		257,206	259,882
nterest paid to third parties		(6,160)	(6,286)
ax paid		(48,750)	(46,568)
Net cash provided by operating activities		202,296	207,028
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Capital expenditure	27	(12,815)	(12,036)
oan to associated companies		_	(3,236)
Return of capital from associated companies		-	3,325
nvestment in associated companies		-	(1,550)
Repayment of loan from associated companies		636	-
Dividends from associated companies		14,591	20,831
Dividend from long-term investment		951	628
Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets		196	303
nterest received from deposits		18,715	8,869
Purchase of short-term non-equity investments		(24,577)	(11,258)
Net cash (used in)/provided by investing activities		(2,303)	5,876
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Bank charges on sale and leaseback arrangement		(213)	(424)
Repayment of term loan		(1,899)	(445)
Proceeds from exercise of share options		32,366	28,326
Dividends paid		(83,874)	(83,123)
Dividends paid by subsidiary to minority interest		(180)	(120)
let cash used in financing activities		(53,800)	(55,786)
let increase in cash and cash equivalents		146,193	157,118
iffect of exchange rate changes		(201)	(76)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year		431,461	274,419
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	0.7		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	27	577,453	431,461

The notes on pages 83 to 130 form an integral part of the financial statements.

31 March 2007

#### 1. GENERAL

Singapore Airport Terminal Services Limited (the "Company") is a limited liability company incorporated in the Republic of Singapore. The Company is a subsidiary of Singapore Airlines Limited and its ultimate holding company is Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited, both incorporated in the Republic of Singapore. Related companies in these financial statements refer to members of the group of companies owned or controlled by Singapore Airlines Limited.

The registered office of the Company is at 20 Airport Boulevard, Singapore 819659.

The Company is principally an investment holding company. Its other activities include rental of premises.

The principal activities of the Group are to provide the following services at Singapore Changi Airport to its airline customers:

- Ground handling services including airfreight handling services, passenger services, baggage handling services and apron services;
- Inflight catering services including aircraft interior cleaning and cabin handling services;
- Aviation security services;
- Airline laundry services; and
- Airport cargo delivery management services.

The Group is also engaged in the activity of manufacturing of chilled and frozen meat, seafood products, soups, sauces, convenient meals, processed fruits and vegetables. There have been no significant changes in the nature of the activities during the financial year.

The consolidated financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2007 were authorised for issue in accordance with a resolution of the Directors on 7 May 2007.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The main accounting policies of the Group, which have been consistently applied except where indicated otherwise, are described in the following paragraphs.

#### (a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements of the Group and of the Company, which are expressed in Singapore dollars (\$), are prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in the accounting policies below, and in accordance with Singapore Financial Reporting Standards ("FRS") as required by the Singapore Companies Act, Cap 50.

#### (b) Financial impact of new and revised financial reporting standards

On 1 April 2006, the Group and the Company adopted all new or revised FRS that are applicable in the current financial year. The adoption of these new or revised FRS has no material effect on the financial statements.

31 March 2007

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (c) Significant accounting estimates and judgements

Estimates, assumptions concerning the future and judgements are made in the preparation of the financial statements. They affect the application of the Group's accounting policies, reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, and disclosures made. They are assessed on an on-going basis and are based on experience and relevant factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the balance sheet date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

#### Carrying value of associated companies

The Group acquired certain investments in associates at a premium to their net asset value. As at 31 March 2007, the carrying value of investments in associates exceeded the underlying net asset value by \$115.8 million.

The above carrying value is supported by the value that is expected to be derived from these associates in the future or their value-in-use. Estimating the value-in-use requires the Group to make an estimate of the expected future cash flows from these associates and also to adopt a suitable discount rate to calculate the present value of the cash flows. Changes in these estimates could have a significant impact on the value-in-use and therefore the carrying amount of these investments in associates.

#### Income Taxes

The Group has exposure to income taxes in numerous jurisdictions. Significant judgement is involved in determining the group-wide provision for income taxes. There are certain transactions and computations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group recognises liabilities for expected tax issues based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recognised, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made. The carrying amount of the Group's tax payables at 31 March 2007 was \$49.1 million (2006: \$59.8 million).

#### (d) Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries as at the balance sheet date. Consistent accounting policies are applied for like transactions and events in similar circumstances. A list of the Group's subsidiary companies is shown in Note 18 to the financial statements.

All intra-group balances, transactions, income and expenses and profits and losses resulting from intra-group transactions that are recognised in assets, are eliminated in full.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. Minority interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets in subsidiaries not held by the Group. They are presented in the consolidated balance sheet within equity, separately from the parent shareholders' equity, and are separately disclosed in the consolidated profit and loss account.

31 March 2007

#### ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (e) Subsidiary and associated companies

In the Company's financial statements, investments in subsidiary and associated companies are accounted for at cost less impairment losses.

A subsidiary company is defined as a company in which the Group, directly or indirectly controls more than half of the voting power, or controls the composition of the board of directors.

An associated company is defined as a company, not being a subsidiary company or joint venture company, in which the Group has a long-term interest of not less than 20% and not more than 50% of the voting power and in whose financial and operating policy decisions the Group exercises significant influence.

The Group's share of the consolidated results of associated companies, with appropriate adjustments to account for the impairment of goodwill and amortisation of intangible assets, is included in the consolidated profit and loss account. The Group's share of the post-acquisition reserves is added to the value of investments in associated companies shown on the consolidated balance sheet. A list of the Group's associated companies is shown in Note 20 to the financial statements.

The most recent available audited financial statements of the associated companies are used by the Group in applying the equity method. Where dates of the audited financial statements used are not co-terminus with those of the Group, the share of results is arrived at from the last audited financial statements available and unaudited management financial statements to the end of the accounting period.

#### (f) Functional and foreign currencies

(i) Functional currency

The management has determined the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates i.e. functional currency, to be Singapore dollars. Sales prices and major costs of providing goods and services including major operating expenses are primarily influenced by fluctuations in Singapore dollars.

#### (ii) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are converted into Singapore dollars at exchange rates which approximate bank rates prevailing at dates of transactions. All foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are translated into Singapore dollars using year-end exchange rates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated using exchange rates that existed when the values were determined. Gains and losses arising from conversion of monetary assets and liabilities are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

For the purposes of the Group financial statements, the net assets of the foreign associated companies are translated into Singapore dollars at the exchange rates ruling at the balance sheet date. The financial results of foreign associated companies are translated monthly into Singapore dollars at the prevailing exchange rates. The resulting gains or losses on exchange are taken to foreign currency translation reserve.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising from the acquisition of foreign associated companies are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign associated companies and are recorded in the functional currency of the foreign operations, and translated at the closing rate at the balance sheet date.

On disposal of a foreign associated company, the cumulative amount of exchange differences deferred in equity relating to that foreign associated company is recognised in the profit and loss account as a component of the gain or loss on disposal.

31 March 2007

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (g) Intangible assets

#### (i) Goodwill

When subsidiary companies or interests in associated companies are acquired, any excess of the consideration over the Group's interest in fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities as at the date of acquisition represents goodwill. Following initial recognition, goodwill is stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill arising from acquisition of associated companies is included in the investments in associated companies on the balance sheet. Goodwill arising from acquisition of subsidiary companies is reported as a separate line item on the balance sheet.

#### (ii) Computer software

Computer software is stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. The cost is amortised using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of 5 years.

#### (h) Fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment in value. The cost of an asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to working condition for its intended use. Expenditure for additions, improvements and renewals are capitalised and expenditure for maintenance and repairs are charged to the profit and loss account. When assets are sold or retired, their costs and accumulated depreciation are removed from the financial statements and any gain or loss resulting from their disposal is included in the profit and loss account.

The carrying amounts are reviewed at each balance sheet date to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount, and if the carrying values exceed the recoverable amounts, assets are written-down. In determining the recoverable amount for fixed assets, the higher of the net selling price and the value in use of the fixed assets is considered.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is included in the profit and loss account in the year the asset is derecognised.

#### (i) Depreciation of fixed assets

Fixed assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis at rates which are calculated to write-down their costs to their estimated residual values at the end of their useful lives. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Leasehold land and buildings - according to the lease period or 30 years

whichever is the shorter

Office fittings & fixtures and

office & commercial equipment - 1 to 5 years

Fixed and mobile ground support

equipment and motor vehicles - 1 to 12 years

No depreciation is provided for progress payments.

Fully-depreciated fixed assets are retained in the financial statements until they are no longer in use. No depreciation is charged after assets are depreciated to their residual values.

31 March 2007

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (j) Leased assets

#### Operating lease – as lessee

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased assets are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Gains arising from sale and operating leaseback of assets are determined based on fair values. Sale proceeds in excess of fair values are deferred and amortised over the minimum lease terms.

#### (k) Stocks

Stocks, which consist mainly of equipment spare parts and food supplies, are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the weighted average basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

#### (I) Financial assets

Financial assets within the scope of FRS 39 are classified as either financial assets at fair value through profit and loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, or available-for-sale assets, as appropriate. Financial assets are recognised on the balance sheet when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets classified as fair value through profit and loss are recognised initially at fair value. Financial assets classified as loans and receivables, held to maturity investments, or available-for-sale are recognised initially at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs. The Group determines the classifications of its financial assets after initial recognition, and where allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates this designation at each financial year-end.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the market place concerned.

#### Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Derivatives are also classified under this category unless they are designated as hedging derivatives. Gains or losses on financial instruments held at fair value through profit and loss are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

#### Loans and receivables

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables. Such assets are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit and loss account when the loans and receivables are de-recognised or impaired, as well as through the amortisation process. Receivables are included in trade debtors on the balance sheet (Note 2 (n)).

31 March 2007

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (I) Financial assets (cont'd)

#### Available-for-sale investments

Available-for-sale investments are non-derivatives financial assets that are either designated in this category, or not classified in any other categories. After initial recognition, available-for-sale investments are measured at fair value with gains or losses being recognised in the fair value reserve until the investment is de-recognised or until the investment is determined to be impaired at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in equity is included in the profit and loss account.

The fair value of quoted investments is generally determined by reference to stock exchange quoted market bid prices at the close of the business on the balance sheet date. For investments where there is no active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques. Such techniques include using recent arm's length market transactions or reference to the current market value of another instrument (which is substantially the same). For investments where there is no active market and where fair value cannot be reliably measured, they are measured at cost.

Short-term non-equity investments and unquoted equity investments are classified as available-for-sale investments.

#### (m) De-recognition of financial assets and liabilities

#### Financial assets

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognised where:

- (i) The contractual rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired;
- (ii) The Group retains the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through arrangement"; or
- (iii) The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the assets, or has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

Where the Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to repay.

Where continuing involvement takes the form of a written and/or purchased option on the transferred asset, the extent of the Group's continuing involvement is the amount of the transferred asset that the Group may repurchase, except that in the case of a written put option on an asset measured at fair value, the extent of the Group's continuing involvement is limited to the lower of the fair value of the transferred asset and the option exercise price.

On de-recognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) and any cumulative gain or loss that has been recognised directly in equity is recognised in the profit and loss account.

Gains and losses arising from derivative financial instruments on foreign currencies, and interest rates are recognised at dates of maturity.

31 March 2007

#### ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (m) De-recognition of financial assets and liabilities (cont'd)

#### Financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired.

Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the profit and loss account.

#### (n) Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors, which generally have 30-90 day terms, and amounts owing by the holding company and the related companies are classified and accounted for as loans and receivables.

#### (o) Cash and bank balances

Cash and bank balances are defined as cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments readily convertible to known amounts of cash and subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

Cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term deposits are classified and accounted for as loans and receivables under FRS39.

For the purpose of the consolidated cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and deposits in banks, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

#### (p) Income taxes

#### Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Deferred taxation

Deferred income tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Additionally, the Group's deferred tax liabilities include all taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, carry-forward of unused tax assets and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

Unrecognised deferred income tax assets are reassessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

31 March 2007

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (p) Income taxes (cont'd)

#### Deferred taxation (cont'd)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is charged or credited directly to equity if the tax relates to items that are credited or charged, in the same or different period, directly to equity.

#### (q) Loans, notes payable and borrowings

Loans, notes payable and other borrowings are initially recognised at the fair value of the consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs. After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### (r) Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs are generally expensed as incurred. Borrowing costs are capitalised if they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Capitalisation of borrowing costs commences when the activities to prepare the asset for its intended use or sale are in progress and the expenditure and borrowing costs are being incurred. Borrowing costs are capitalised until the assets are ready for their intended use. If the resulting carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recorded.

#### (s) Employee benefits

#### **Equity Compensation Plan**

The Group has in place an Employee Share Option Plan (the "Plan") for the granting of share options to senior executives and all other employees to subscribe for shares in the Company. The exercise price approximates the market value of the shares on the date of grant.

The Group has also implemented the Restricted Share Plan and Performance Share Plan for awarding of fully paid ordinary shares to key senior management and senior executives, when and after pre-determined performance or service conditions are accomplished.

Details of the Plan are disclosed in Note 11 to the financial statements.

#### Equity-settled transactions

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date on which the share options are granted. In valuing the share options, no account is taken of any performance conditions, other than conditions linked to the price of the shares of the Company.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognised, together with a corresponding increase in the employee share option reserve, over the period in which the service conditions are fulfilled, ending on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award ("the vesting date"). The cumulative expense recognised for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not recognised for the award is recognised immediately.

#### Defined contribution plan

As required by law, the Group's companies in Singapore make contributions to the state provident fund, The Central Provident Fund ("CPF"), for the benefits of its employees.

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#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (t) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities include trade creditors, which are normally settled on 30-90 day terms, other creditors, amount owing to related companies and interest-bearing loans and borrowings. Financial liabilities are recognised on the balance sheet when, and only when, the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value of consideration received less directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### (u) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) where, as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the profit and loss account net of any reimbursement.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as finance costs.

Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

#### (v) Revenue

Revenue from ground handling, inflight catering, aviation security services, airline laundry and airport cargo delivery management services is recognised upon rendering of services. Revenue from manufacturing and exporting chilled and frozen processed foods is recognised upon delivery and acceptance of goods sold.

#### (w) Income from investments

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholders' right to receive payments is established.

Interest income from investments and fixed deposits is recorded using the effective interest rate method and recognised on a time proportion basis.

#### (x) Impairment of non-financial and financial assets

#### Non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Group's non-financial assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. An impairment loss is recognised whenever the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The impairment loss is charged to the profit and loss account unless it reverses a previous revaluation credited to equity, in which case it is charged to equity. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

The Group also assesses at each balance sheet date whether a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

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#### ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (x) Impairment of non-financial and financial assets (cont'd)

#### Financial assets

#### Assets carried at amortised costs

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on loans and receivables carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset shall be reduced either directly or through use of an amortisation account. The amount of the loss shall be recognised in the profit and loss account.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the previously recognised impairment is reversed. Any subsequent reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account, to the extent that the carrying value of the asset does not exceed its amortised cost at the reversal date.

#### Assets carried at costs

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on an unquoted equity instrument that is not carried at fair value because its fair value cannot be reliably measured, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the estimated realisable amount. Such impairment losses are not reversed in subsequent periods.

#### Available-for-sale financial assets

If an available-for-sale asset is impaired, an amount comprising the difference between its cost and its current fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in profit and loss, is transferred from equity to the profit and loss account. Reversals in respect of equity instruments classified as available-for-sale are not recognised in the profit and loss account. Reversals of impairment losses on debt instruments are reversed through the profit and loss account, if the increase in fair value of the instrument can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in the profit and loss account.

#### (y) Segmental reporting

#### Business segment

The Group's businesses are organised and managed separately according to the nature of the services provided. The significant business segments of the Group are inflight catering, cargo and ground handling services.

#### Geographical segment

Revenue for the Group is derived in Singapore. Assets, except for its investments in associated companies, are mainly located in Singapore.

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#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONT'D)

#### (z) FRS and INT FRS not yet effective

The Group has not applied the following FRS and INT FRS that have been issued but not yet effective:

			Beginning On Or After)
FRS 1	:	Amendment to FRS 1 (revised), Presentation of financial statements (Capital Disclosures)	1 January 2007
FRS 40	:	Investment Property	1 January 2007
FRS 107	:	Financial Instruments: Disclosures	1 January 2007
FRS 108	:	Operating Segments	1 January 2009
INT FRS 108	:	Scope of FRS 102, Share-based Payment	1 May 2006
INT FRS 109	:	Reassessment of Embedded Derivatives	1 June 2006
INT FRS 110	:	Interim Financial Reporting and Impairment	1 November 2006
INT FRS 111	:	Group and Treasury Share Transactions	1 March 2007
INT FRS 112	:	Service Concession Arrangements	1 January 2008

The directors expect that the adoption of the above pronouncements will have no material impact to the financial statements in the period of initial application, except for FRS 107 and the amendment to FRS 1 as indicated below.

### FRS 107, Financial Instruments: Disclosures and amendment to FRS 1 (revised), Presentation of financial statements (Capital Disclosures)

FRS 107 introduces new disclosures to improve the information about financial instruments. It requires the disclosure of qualitative and quantitative information about exposure to risks arising from financial instruments, including specified minimum disclosures about credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk, including sensitivity analysis to market risk. The amendment to FRS 1 requires the Group to make new disclosures to enable users of the financial statements to evaluate the Group's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital. The Group will apply FRS 107 and the amendment to FRS 1 from annual period beginning 1 April 2007.

Effective Date (Annual Periods

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#### 3. REVENUE (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

#### (a) Revenue

Revenue represents rental income, airport ground handling services, inflight catering, aviation security services, airline laundry services, airport cargo delivery management services rendered and manufacturing and sale of processed foods by the Company and the Group. It excludes dividends, interest income and, in respect of the Group, intra-Group transactions. Revenue is analysed as follows:

		GROUP	
	2006-07	2005-06	
External customers Immediate holding company Related companies	344,206 438,132 163,321	371,605 402,499 157,923	
	945,659	932,027	

#### (b) Analysis by activity

		GROUP	
	2006-07	2005-06	
Inflight catering services Ground handling services Others	409,664 436,626 99,369	396,294 433,209 102,524	
	945,659	932,027	

#### 4. STAFF COSTS (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

	G	GROUP	
	2006-07	2005-06	
Staff costs:			
- Salaries, bonuses and other costs *	408,931	374,768	
- CPF and other defined contributions	25,702	26,377	
- Share-based compensation expense #	6,593	6,909	
	441,226	408,054	
Number of employees at end of year	7,462	7,459	

<sup>\*</sup> Included in salaries, bonuses and other costs are contract labour expenses of \$57,802,000 (2005-06: \$60,525,000).

<sup>\*</sup> Disclosures relating to share-based compensation expense are in Note 11.

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#### 5. OPERATING PROFIT (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

	GF	GROUP	
	2006-07	2005-06	
Occupies and Chicago de Landa (toronto mice)			
Operating profit is stated after charging:			
Directors' emoluments			
<ul> <li>Directors of the Company</li> </ul>	650*	512	
<ul> <li>Directors of subsidiary companies</li> </ul>	454	415	
Auditors' remuneration			
- Audit fee	221	211	
- Non-audit fee	186	155	
Maintenance of equipment and vehicles	16,786	17,289	
IT expenses	13,461	13,599	
Hire of ground support equipment	4,690	4,538	
Leasehold land rental	2,034	2,035	
Exchange loss, net	739	73	

<sup>\*</sup> Increase due to higher retainer fees and payment of attendance fees for Board meetings.

#### 6. INTEREST ON BORROWINGS (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

		GROUP	
	2006-07	2005-06	
Interest expense on: - Loan from third parties - Notes payable	160 6,000	286 6,000	
	6,160	6,286	

#### 7. INTEREST INCOME (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

		GROUP	
	2006-07	2005-06	
Interest income from: Immediate holding company Third parties Associated companies	8,678 9,279 214	4,844 4,394	
Associated companies	18,171	9,240	

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#### 8. TAXATION (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

	GROUP	
	2006-07	2005-06
Current taxation:		
Provision in respect of profit for the year	41,101	49,226
(Over)/under provision in respect of prior years	(2,984)	990
Deferred taxation:		
Movement in temporary differences	(5,530)	(5,428)
Over provision of deferred taxation in respect of prior years	(56)	(2,514)
Effects of change in tax rates	(6,564)	-
Share of associated companies' taxation	13,635	14,536
Provision for withholding tax expense on share of associated companies' profits	1,181	-
	40,783	56,810

A reconciliation between taxation expense and the product of accounting profit multiplied by the applicable tax rate for the years ended 31 March is as follows:

	GF	ROUP
	2006-07	2005-06
Profit before taxation	219,770	246,029
Taxation at statutory tax rate of 18% (2006: 20%)	39,559	49,206
<u>Adjustments</u>		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	6,546	7,169
Additional tax on income of associated companies whose effective tax rate		
is higher than the statutory tax rate	2,929	1,907
(Over)/under provision of current taxation in respect of prior years	(2,984)	990
Effects of change in tax rates	(6,564)	-
Over provision of deferred taxation in respect of prior years	(56)	(2,514)
Utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses	(261)	(496)
Deferred tax assets not recognised	22	387
Tax exempt income	(192)	(63)
Provision for withholding tax expense on share of associated companies' profits	1,181	-
Other withholding tax paid	406	-
Tax incentives not recognised*	(8)	-
Others	205	224
Current financial year's taxation charge	40,783	56,810

<sup>\*</sup> During the year, the International Enterprise Singapore granted Double Tax Deduction support to one of the subsidiary of the Group in respect of its expenses incurred for approved trade exhibitions.

On 15 February 2007, the Government announced a 2% points cut in corporate tax rate from Year of Assessment 2008. The financial effect of the reduction in tax rate was reflected in the current financial year.

As at 31 March 2007, one of the subsidiary of the Group has unutilised tax losses and unutilised capital allowances amounting to approximately \$1,357,000 and \$NIL (2006: \$1,523,000 and \$814,000) respectively available for set-off against future taxable profits subject to agreement with the Income Tax Authority and compliance with relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act.

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#### 9. EARNINGS PER SHARE

		GROUP	
	2006-07	2005-06	
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company (In \$ Thousands)	178,218	188,624	

		GROUP 31 March	
	2007	2006	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue used for computing basic earnings per share Adjustment for share options	1,050,466,529 4,966,719	1,038,413,869 5,201,432	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue used for computing diluted earnings per share	1,055,433,247	1,043,615,301	
Basic earnings per share (cents)	17.0	18.2	
Diluted earnings per share (cents)	16.9	18.1	

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the financial year.

For purposes of calculating diluted earnings per share, the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue is adjusted to take into account the effect of dilutive options.

52,541,936 (2006: 38,950,668) of the share options granted to employees under the existing employee share option plans have not been included in the calculation of the diluted earnings per share because they are anti-dilutive for the current and previous financial period presented.

#### 10. DIVIDENDS PAID AND PROPOSED (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

	GROUP AN	GROUP AND COMPANY	
	2006-07	2005-06	
Dividends paid: Final dividend of 6 cents (2006: 6 cents) per ordinary share less 20% (2006: 20%) tax in respect of previous financial year Interim dividend of 4 cents (2006: 4 cents) per ordinary share	50,314	49,742	
less 20% (2006: 20%) tax in respect of current financial year	33,560	33,381	
	83,874	83,123	

The Directors proposed the following dividends for the financial year ended 31 March 2007:

	2006-07
Final dividend of 6 cents per ordinary share less 18% tax	52,240
Special dividend of 5 cents per ordinary share less 18% tax	43,533
	95,773

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#### 11. SHARE CAPITAL (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

	GROUP AND COMPANY 31 March	
	2007	2006
Issued and fully paid share capital		
Ordinary shares		
Balance at beginning of the year		
1,045,894,475 (2006: 1,027,840,825) ordinary shares	179,812	102,784
15,897,545 (2006: 18,053,650) share options exercised during the year	35,724	32,733
Transfer of share premium reserve to share capital		44,295
Balance at end of the year		
1,061,792,020 (2006: 1,045,894,475) ordinary shares	215,536	179,812

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company. All ordinary shares carry one vote per share without restriction.

During the financial year, the Company issued 15,897,545 shares (2006: 18,053,650) upon exercise of options granted under the Employee Share Option Plan.

#### **SHARE OPTION PLAN**

The SATS Employee Share Option Plan (the "Plan"), which comprises the Senior Executive Share Option Scheme and the Employee Share Option Scheme for senior executives and all other employees respectively, grants non-transferrable options to selected employees. Options are granted for terms of 10 years to purchase the shares of the Company at an exercise price equivalent to the average of the last dealt prices of the Company's ordinary shares on the SGX-ST for the five consecutive market days immediately preceding the date of grant.

Under the Employee Share Option Scheme, options will vest two years after the date of grant. Under the Senior Executive Share Option Scheme, options will vest:

- a) one year after the date of grant for 25% of the ordinary shares subject to the options;
- b) two years after the date of grant for an additional 25% of the ordinary shares subject to the options;
- c) three years after the date of grant for an additional 25% of the ordinary shares subject to the options; and
- d) four years after the date of grant for the remaining 25% of the ordinary shares subject to the options.

There are no cash settlement alternatives.

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#### 11. SHARE CAPITAL (CONT'D) (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

#### SHARE OPTION PLAN (CONT'D)

Information with respect to the number of options granted under the Plan is as follows:

			ROUP March		
		2007		2006	
	Number Of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number Of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	
Outstanding at beginning of the year Granted Not accepted Exercised Lapsed	59,863,300 15,189,800 (311,800) (15,897,545) (1,335,100)	\$2.07 \$2.10 \$2.04 \$2.07	62,756,850 16,425,100 (559,300) (18,053,650) (705,700)	\$1.87 \$2.27 \$1.57 \$2.07	
Outstanding at end of the year	57,508,655	\$2.09	59,863,300	\$2.07	
Exercisable at end of the year	26,710,655	\$1.98	27,346,625	\$1.96	

#### Fair values of the options

The fair value of services received in return for share options granted are measured by reference to the fair value of share options granted each year under the plan. The estimate of the fair value of the services received is measured based on a binomial model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted. The following table lists the inputs to the model used for the July 2006 and July 2005 grants:

	July 2006 Grant	July 2005 Grant
Expected dividend yield (%)	Management's forecast in	line with dividend policy
Expected volatility (%)	27.7	26.0
Risk-free interest rate (%)	3.37 - 3.45	2.29 - 2.44
Expected life of options (years)	5.5 - 7.0	5.5 - 7.0
Exercise price (\$)	2.10	2.27
Share price at date of grant (\$)	2.13	2.30

The expected life of the options is based on historical data and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may not necessarily be the actual outcome. No other features of options were incorporated into the measurement of fair value.

Proceeds received from share options exercised during the year were:

	G	GROUP	
	2006-07	2005-06	
Aggregate proceeds from shares issued	32,366	28,326	
Details of share options granted during the financial year:			
Expiry date Exercise price	2.7.2016 \$2.10	30.6.2015 \$2.27	

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#### 11. SHARE CAPITAL (CONT'D) (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

#### SHARE OPTION PLAN (CONT'D)

Terms of share options outstanding as at 31 March 2007:

Exercise Period	Exercise Price	Number Outstanding	Number Exercisable
28.03.2001 to 27.03.2010	\$2.20	198,950	198,950
28.03.2002 to 27.03.2010	\$2.20	9,115,650	9,115,650
28.03.2003 to 27.03.2010	\$2.20	198,950	198,950
28.03.2004 to 27.03.2010	\$2.20	198,950	198,950
03.07.2001 to 02.07.2010	\$1.80	209,825	209,825
03.07.2002 to 02.07.2010	\$1.80	2,579,775	2,579,775
03.07.2003 to 02.07.2010	\$1.80	212,975	212,975
03.07.2004 to 02.07.2010	\$1.80	212,975	212,975
02.07.2002 to 01.07.2011	\$1.24	7,500	7,500
02.07.2003 to 01.07.2011	\$1.24	846,500	846,500
02.07.2004 to 01.07.2011	\$1.24	7,600	7,600
02.07.2005 to 01.07.2011	\$1.24	66,700	66,700
01.07.2003 to 30.06.2012	\$1.60	61,450	61,450
01.07.2004 to 30.06.2012	\$1.60	1,641,950	1,641,950
01.07.2005 to 30.06.2012	\$1.60	203,900	203,900
01.07.2006 to 30.06.2012	\$1.60	336,450	336,450
01.07.2004 to 30.06.2013	\$1.47	35,150	35,150
01.07.2005 to 30.06.2013	\$1.47	1,645,250	1,645,250
01.07.2006 to 30.06.2013	\$1.47	222,230	222,230
01.07.2007 to 30.06.2013	\$1.47	323,675	_
01.07.2005 to 30.06.2014	\$2.09	292,850	292,850
01.07.2006 to 30.06.2014	\$2.09	8,056,500	8,056,500
01.07.2007 to 30.06.2014	\$2.09	351,975	_
01.07.2008 to 30.06.2014	\$2.09	351,975	_
01.07.2006 to 30.06.2015	\$2.27	358,575	358,575
01.07.2007 to 30.06.2015	\$2.27	14,274,425	_
01.07.2008 to 30.06.2015	\$2.27	378,925	_
01.07.2009 to 30.06.2015	\$2.27	378,925	_
03.07.2007 to 02.07.2016	\$2.10	178,649	-
03.07.2008 to 02.07.2016	\$2.10	14,202,151	-
03.07.2009 to 02.07.2016	\$2.10	178,649	-
03.07.2010 to 02.07.2016	\$2.10	178,651	
	#	57,508,655	26,710,655

The total number of options outstanding includes 7,930,225 share options not exercised by employees who have retired or ceased to be employed by the Company or any of the subsidiary companies by reason of (i) ill health, injury or disability or death; (ii) redundancy; or (iii) any other reason approved in writing by the Committee. The said options are exercisable up to the expiration of the applicable exercise period or the period of 5 years from the date of retirement or cessation of employment, whichever is earlier.

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#### 11. SHARE CAPITAL (CONT'D) (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

#### SHARE OPTION PLAN (CONT'D)

Details of movements of share options:

Date Of Grant	Balance At 1.4.2006/ *Date Of Grant	Lapsed	Exercised	Not Accepted	Balance At 31.3.2007	Exercise Price	Exercisable Period
28.3.2000	16,156,400	444,700	5,999,200	-	9,712,500	S\$2.20	28.3.2001 - 27.3.2010
3.7.2000	4,512,350	215,200	1,081,600	-	3,215,550	S\$1.80	3.7.2001 - 2.7.2010
2.7.2001	1,352,900	62,600	362,000	-	928,300	S\$1.24	2.7.2002 - 1.7.2011
1.7.2002	3,077,850	12,650	821,450	-	2,243,750	S\$1.60	1.7.2003 - 30.6.2012
1.7.2003	3,057,650	23,600	807,745		2,226,305	S\$1.47	1.7.2004 - 30.6.2013
1.7.2004	15,994,950	136,450	6,805,200		9,053,300	S\$2.09	1.7.2005 - 30.6.2014
1.7.2005	15.711,200	300,000	20,350		15,390,850	S\$2.27	1.7.2006 - 30.6.2015
3.7.2006	15,189,800 75,053,100	139,900	15,897,545	311,800 311,800	14,738,100	S\$2.10	3.7.2007 - 2.7.2016

<sup>\*</sup> Balance at date of grant for the most recent grant

The range of exercise prices for options outstanding at the end of the year is \$1.24 - \$2.27 (2005-06: \$1.24 - \$2.27). The weighted average remaining contractual life for these options is 6.93 years (2005-06: 6.84 years).

The estimated weighted average fair value of options granted during the year was \$0.45 (2005-06: \$0.48).

The weighted average share price for options exercised during the year was \$2.38 (2005-06: \$2.30).

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#### 11. SHARE CAPITAL (CONT'D) (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

#### SHARE-BASED INCENTIVE PLANS

During the financial year, the Company introduced two new share-based incentive plans for senior management staff. The plans were approved by the shareholders of the Company on 19 July 2005.

The details of the two plans are described below:

	Restricted Share Plan ("RSP")	Performance Share Plan ("PSP")
Plan Description	Award of fully-paid ordinary shares of the Company, conditional on position and individual performance targets set at the start of a two-year performance period based on stretched medium-term Group and Company objectives.	Award of fully-paid ordinary shares of the Company, conditional on performance targets set at the start of a three-year overlapping performance period based on stretched long-term corporate objectives.
Date of Grant	2 October 2006	2 October 2006
Performance Period	1 April 2006 to 31 March 2008	1 April 2006 to 31 March 2009
Performance Conditions	At Group level  EBITDA# Margin  Value Added per \$ Employment Cost	<ul><li>Absolute Total Shareholder Return (TSR)</li><li>Absolute Return on Equity (ROE)</li></ul>
Vesting Condition	Based on meeting stated performance conditions over a two-year performance period, 50% of award will vest. Balance will vest equally over the subsequent two years with fulfilment of service requirements.	Vesting based on meeting stated performance conditions over a three-year performance period.
Payout	0% - 120% depending on the achievement of pre-set performance targets over the performance period.	0% – 150% depending on the achievement of pre-set performance targets over the performance period.

<sup>#</sup> EBITDA denotes Earnings before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation, Amortisation

#### Fair values of RSP and PSP

The fair value of services received in return for shares awarded is measured by reference to the fair value of shares granted each year under the SATS RSP and PSP. The estimate of the fair value of the services received is measured based on a Monte Carlo simulation model, which involves projection of future outcomes using statistical distributions of key random variables including share price and volatility of returns.

The following table lists the inputs to the model used for the October 2006 award:

	RSP	PSP
Expected dividend yield (%)	Management's forecast in	line with dividend policy
Expected volatility (%)	19.54 – 24.24	22.78
Risk-free interest rate (%)	2.97 - 3.06	2.97
Expected term (years)	1.5 – 3.5	2.5
Cost of equity (%)	N.A.	7.8
Share price at date of grant (\$)	2.19	2.19

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#### 11. SHARE CAPITAL (CONT'D) (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

#### SHARE-BASED INCENTIVE PLANS (CONT'D)

#### Fair values of RSP and PSP (cont'd)

For non-market conditions, achievement factors are determined based on inputs from the Remuneration and Human Resource Committee for the purpose of accrual for the RSP until the achievement of the targets can be accurately ascertained.

The details of the shares awarded under the new share plans during the year since commencement of the RSP and PSP are as follows:

#### **RSP**

		Number Of Ordinary Shares				
Date	Of Grant	Balance At 1.4.2006 / Later Date Of Grant	Granted	Cancelled	Released	Balance At 31.3.2007
2.10.2	006	182,030	-	-	-	182,030

Based on the Monte Carlo simulation model, the estimated fair values at date of grant for each share granted under the RSP ranges from \$1.88 to \$2.05.

#### **PSP**

	Number Of Ordinary Shares				
Date Of Grant	Balance At 1.4.2006 / Later Date Of Grant	Granted	Cancelled	Released	Balance At 31.3.2007
2.10.2006	84,360	-	-	-	84,360

The estimated weighted average fair value at date of grant for each share granted under the PSP is \$1.54 based on the Monte Carlo simulation model.

When estimating the fair value of the compensation cost, market-based performance conditions shall be taken into account. Therefore, for performance share grants with market-based performance conditions, the compensation cost shall be charged to the profit and loss account on a basis that fairly reflects the manner in which the benefits will accrue to the employee under the plan over the remaining service period from date of grant to which the performance period relates, irrespective of whether this performance condition is satisfied.

For performance share grants with non-market conditions, the Group revises its estimates of the number of share grants expected to vest and corresponding adjustments are made to the profit and loss accounts and share-based compensation reserve.

Under the PSP, eligible key executives are required to hold a portion of the shares released to them under a share ownership guideline which requires them to maintain a beneficial ownership stake in the Company, thus further aligning their interests with shareholders.

The number of contingent shares granted but not released as at 31 March 2007, were 182,030 and 84,360 for RSP and PSP respectively. Based on the achievement factor, the actual release of the awards could range from zero to a maximum of 218,436 and 126,540 fully-paid ordinary shares of the Company, for RSP and PSP respectively.

For the current financial year, the Group has provided \$93,230 (2006: Nil) in respect of the RSP and PSP based on the fair values determined on grant date and estimation of share grants that will ultimately vest.

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#### 11. SHARE CAPITAL (CONT'D) (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

#### SHARE-BASED INCENTIVE PLANS (CONT'D)

#### Fair values of RSP and PSP (cont'd)

The total amount recognised in the profit and loss account for share-based compensation transactions with employees can be summarised as follows:

		GROUP
	2006-07	2005-06
Share-based compensation expense Share options expense Restricted share plan Performance share plan	6,500 74 19	6,909 - -
	6,593	6,909

#### 12. OTHER RESERVES (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

#### (a) Share-based compensation reserve

Share-based compensation reserve represents the equity-settled share options granted to employees. The reserve is made up of the cumulative value of services received from employees recorded on grant of equity-settled share options.

	GROUP 31 March		COMPANY 31 March	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Balance at 1 April Expense of equity-settled	10,025	7,523	10,025	7,523
share options	6,593	6,909	6,593	6,909
Exercised and lapsed share options	(3,641)	(4,407)	(3,641)	(4,407)
Balance at 31 March	12,977	10,025	12,977	10,025

#### (b) Fair value reserve

Fair value reserve records the cumulative fair value changes of available-for-sale financial assets.

Fair value changes of available-for-sale financial assets:

	GROUP 31 March		COMPANY 31 March	
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Balance at 1 April Net change in the reserve	(76) (9)	- (76)	(76) (9)	- (76)
Balance at 31 March	(85)	(76)	(85)	(76)
Net change in the reserve arises from: Net loss on fair value changes	(9)	(76)	(9)	(76)

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#### 13. DEFERRED TAXATION (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

	GROUP			
	Consolidated Balance Sheet 31 March		Consolidated Profit and Loss Account	
	2007	2006	2006-07	2005-06
Deferred tax liabilities				
Differences in depreciation and amortisation	52,662	65,204	(12,542)	(9,229)
Effects of adopting FRS 39	-	-	-	(500)
Undistributed profits of overseas associated companies and unremitted foreign dividend				
and interest income	5,430	5,687	(257)	402
Other taxable temporary differences	(4,603)	(5,252)	649	1,385
Balance at end of year	53,489	65,639		
Deferred income tax expense			(12,150)	(7,942)
	СОМ	PANY		
	Balance Sheet 31 March			
	2007	2006		
<u>Deferred tax liabilities</u> Differences in depreciation and amortisation	31,638	36,321		
Undistributed profits of overseas associated companies and unremitted foreign dividend and interest income	5,430	5,687		
Other taxable temporary differences	(4,357)	(5,128)		
_	32,711	36,880		

#### 14. NOTES PAYABLE

Notes payable refers to unsecured medium-term notes which bear fixed interest at 3.0% per annum and are repayable on 2 September 2009.

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#### 15. TERM LOANS (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

	GROUP 31 March	
	2007	2006
Unsecured:		
Repayable within one year	113	500
Repayable after one year	2,470	1,125
	2,583	1,625
Secured:		
Repayable within one year	167	278
Repayable after one year	69	2,815
	236	3,093
Total term loan	2,819	4,718

Term loans as at year end comprises of the following:

	GROUP 31 March	
	2007	2006
Unsecured:		4.005
- 5 years (Note 15a)		1,625
- 20 years (Note 15b)	2,583	
	2,583	1,625
Secured: - 3 years (Note 15c) - 20 years (Note 15b)	236	403 2,690
	236	3,093

- (a) The unsecured term loan for 2006 is a 5-year loan commencing 7 July 2004. Interest rate ranged from 4.2583% to 4.39111% (2006: 2.6635% to 4.4176%) per annum and was fully redeemed in the current year.
- (b) The unsecured term loan for 2007 is repayable in 240 monthly instalments commencing 10 April 2003. Interest is charged at rates ranging from 5.0% to 5.5% (2006: 4% to 5%) per annum. This term loan was originally secured by a first legal mortgage over the property at 22 Senoko Way, Singapore 758044 in 2006, and was discharged during the financial year. The carrying value of the said property is \$5.3 million (2006: \$5.4 million).
- (c) The term loan secured by machineries is repayable in 36 instalments, commencing 1 September 2005. Interest is charged at a flat rate of 2.20% (2006: 2.20%) per annum and the effective interest rate is 4.441% (2006: 4.441%) per annum. The carrying value of the said machineries is \$0.54 million (2006: \$0.6 million).

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#### 16. DEFERRED INCOME (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

The deferred income comprises gain on sale and leaseback arrangement for the Company and government grant received by a subsidiary.

		ROUP March		COMPANY 31 March		
	2007	2006	2007	2006		
Balance as at 1 April Amount recognised as income during the year	26,254 (1,652)	28,086 (1,832)	26,209 (1,607)	27,996 (1,787)		
Balance as at 31 March	24,602	26,254	24,602	26,209		

#### 17. FIXED ASSETS (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

#### **GROUP**

		D I ! C			
	At 1.4.06	Reclassifi- cations	Additions	Disposals	At 31.3.07
	710 11 1100		71447610110	2.5600015	7.00.10107
Cost					
Leasehold land and buildings	752,785	-	-	-	752,785
Office fittings and fixtures	30,608	3,497	417	(70)	34,452
Fixed ground support equipment	333,709	844	741	(786)	334,508
Mobile ground support equipment	54,911	-	1,624	(970)	55,565
Office and commercial equipment	49,414	384	1,374	(214)	50,958
Motor vehicles	27,347	_	1,523	(285)	28,585
	1,248,774	4,725	5,679	(2,325)	1,256,853
Progress payments	3,304	(5,907)	7,918	-	5,315
	1,252,078	(1,182)*	13,597	(2,325)	1,262,168
Accumulated depreciation					
Leasehold land and buildings	239,498	_	25,850	_	265,348
Office fittings and fixtures	20,957	_	3,548	(34)	24,471
Fixed ground support equipment	217,306	-	23,070	(785)	239,591
Mobile ground support equipment	48,750	-	1,681	(970)	49,461
Office and commercial equipment	30,438	-	4,750	(182)	35,006
Motor vehicles	25,933	-	882	(285)	26,530
	582,882	-	59,781	(2,256)	640,407
Net book value	669,196				621,761

Net book value of fixed assets under finance lease is \$76,229,000 (2006: \$93,428,000).

<sup>\*</sup> Reclassification to intangible assets.

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#### 17. FIXED ASSETS (CONT'D) (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

#### GROUP

	Restated At 1.4.05	Reclassifi- cations	Adjustments	Additions	Disposals	At 31.3.06
Cost						
Leasehold land and buildings	754,376	-	(1,591)	-	-	752,785
Office fittings and fixtures	26,357	4,675	(211)	151	(364)	30,608
Fixed ground support equipment	339,946	507	(1,334)	1,436	(6,846)	333,709
Mobile ground support equipment	52,079	-	-	4,253	(1,421)	54,911
Office and commercial equipment	40,465	9,618	(334)	549	(884)	49,414
Motor vehicles	27,036	-	-	616	(305)	27,347
	1,240,259	14,800	(3,470)	7,005	(9,820)	1,248,774
Progress payments	12,310	(17,490)	-	8,908	(424)	3,304
	1,252,569	(2,690)*	(3,470)	15,913	(10,244)	1,252,078
Accumulated depreciation						
Leasehold land and buildings	213,592	_	_	25,906	_	239,498
Office fittings and fixtures	18,758	_	_	2,513	(314)	20,957
Fixed ground support equipment	200,407	_	-	23,644	(6,745)	217,306
Mobile ground support equipment	48,345	-	-	1,826	(1,421)	48,750
Office and commercial equipment	27,851	-	-	3,441	(854)	30,438
Motor vehicles	25,406	-	-	825	(298)	25,933
	534,359	-	-	58,155	(9,632)	582,882
Net book value	718,210					669,196

Net book value of fixed assets under finance lease is \$93,428,000 (2005: \$114,476,000).

#### COMPANY

	At 1.4.06	Reclassifi- cations	Additions	Disposals	Transfer from Subsidiary companies	At 31.3.07
Cost					-	
Leasehold land and buildings	745,968	291	14	_	_	746,273
Fixed ground support equipment	1,221	-	_	_	_	1,221
Mobile ground support equipment	8,552	-	-	(580)	_	7,972
Office and commercial equipment	4,811	-	8	(10)	3	4,812
Motor vehicles	3,900	-	90	-	-	3,990
	764,452	291	112	(590)	3	764,268
Progress payments	358	(813)	1,030		-	575
_	764,810	(522)	1,142	(590)	3	764,843
Accumulated depressintian						
Accumulated depreciation Leasehold land and buildings	239,387	_	26,078	_	_	265,465
Fixed ground support equipment	1,221	_	-	_	_	1,221
Mobile ground support equipment	8,530	-	16	(580)	_	7,966
Office and commercial equipment	3,712	-	478	(10)	3	4,183
Motor vehicles	3,900	-	7		-	3,907
	256,750	-	26,579	(590)	3	282,742
Net book value	508,060					482,101

<sup>\*</sup> Reclassification to intangible assets.

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#### 17. FIXED ASSETS (CONT'D) (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

#### **COMPANY**

	Restated At 1.4.05	Reclassifi- cations	Adjustments	Additions	Disposals	Transfer From Subsidiary Companies	At 31.3.06
Cost							
Leasehold land and buildings Fixed ground support	745,766	2,013	(1,600)	11	(222)	-	745,968
equipment Mobile ground support	1,232	-	-	-	(11)	-	1,221
equipment Office and commercial	9,292	-	-	-	(740)	-	8,552
equipment Motor vehicles	4,723 3,900	168 -	-	6 -	(116) -	30	4,811 3,900
Progress payments	764,913 259	2,181 (2,181)	(1,600) -	17 2,328	(1,089) (48)	30	764,452 358
_	765,172	-	(1,600)	2,345	(1,137)	30	764,810
Accumulated deprecial Leasehold land							
and buildings Fixed ground support	213,798	-	-	25,811	(222)	-	239,387
equipment Mobile ground	1,232	-	-	-	(11)	-	1,221
support equipment Office and commercial	9,242	-	-	28	(740)	-	8,530
equipment Motor vehicles	3,328 3,900	- -	-	470 -	(116) -	30	3,712 3,900
	231,500	-	-	26,309	(1,089)	30	256,750
Net book value	533,672						508,060

	G	ROUP	CON	COMPANY		
	2006-07	2005-06	2006-07	2005-06		
Depreciation charge for the financial year						
Leasehold land and buildings	25,850	25,906	26,078	25,811		
Office fittings and fixtures	3,548	2,513	-	_		
Fixed ground support equipment	23,070	23,644	-	-		
Mobile ground support equipment	1,681	1,826	16	28		
Office and commercial equipment	4,750	3,441	478	470		
Motor vehicles	882	825	7	_		
	59,781	58,155	26,579	26,309		

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#### 18. SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

		COMPANY 31 March
	2007	2006
Unquoted shares, at cost	43,275	43,275

The subsidiary companies at 31 March are:

Name Of Companies (Country Of Incorporation)	Principal Activities (Place Of Business)	Cost To	Company	Percenta Equity	_
		2007	2006	2007 %	2006 %
Held by the Company					
SATS Airport Services Pte Ltd (Singapore)	Airport ground handling services (Singapore)	16,500	16,500	100	100
SATS Catering Pte Ltd (Singapore)	Inflight catering services (Singapore)	14,000	14,000	100	100
SATS Security Services Pte Ltd (Singapore)	Aviation security services (Singapore)	3,000	3,000	100	100
Aero Laundry and Linen Services Pte Ltd (Singapore)	Providing and selling laundry and linen services (Singapore)	2,515	2,515	100	100
Aerolog Express Pte Ltd (Singapore)	Airport cargo delivery management services (Singapore)	1,260	1,260	70	70
Country Foods Pte Ltd (Singapore)	Manufacturing of chilled, frozen, and processed foods (Singapore)	6,000	6,000	67	67
Asia-Pacific Star Pte Ltd (Singapore)	Dormant (Singapore)	#	#	100	100
		43,275	43,275		

<sup>\*</sup> The value is \$2.

All the Singapore-incorporated subsidiary companies are audited by Ernst & Young, Singapore.

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#### 19. LONG-TERM INVESTMENT (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

		ROUP March		COMPANY 31 March		
	2007	2006	2007	2006		
Unquoted equity investment, at cost	7,886	7,886	7,886	7,886		

The long-term investment is classified as available-for-sale investment.

#### 20. ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

	_	ROUP March	COMPANY 31 March		
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Unquoted shares, at cost Impairment loss Goodwill on acquisition	275,384 (3,313) (153,759)	275,384 (3,313) (153,759)	275,384 (4,735) -	275,384 (4,735)	
	118,312	118,312	270,649	270,649	
Share of post-acquisition profits of associated companies Goodwill on acquisition Intangible assets, net of amortisation Share of statutory reserves of	123,438 99,589 16,193	93,652 106,565 25,113	- - -	- - -	
associated companies Foreign currency translation adjustment Deferred tax liabilities	5,582 (17,874) (4,543)	4,117 (4,782) (3,362)	- - -	- - -	
	222,385	221,303	-	_	
	340,697	339,615	270,649	270,649	

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#### 20. ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (CONT'D) (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

	Goodwill	Customer-related Intangible Assets	Total
At cost			
Balance at 1 April 2005	106,171	38,299	144,470
Elimination of accumulated amortisation	(3,041)	-	(3,041)
Acquisition	1,550	-	1,550
Currency realignment	1,885	271	2,156
Balance at 31 March 2006	106,565	38,570	145,135
Currency realignment	(6,976)	(2,676)	(9,652)
Balance at 31 March 2007	99,589	35,894	135,483
Accumulated amortisation			
Balance at 1 April 2005	3,041	5,691	8,732
Elimination of accumulated amortisation	(3,041)	-	(3,041)
Amortisation	-	7,667	7,667
Currency realignment		99	99
Balance at 31 March 2006	-	13,457	13,457
Amortisation	-	7,401	7,401
Currency realignment		(1,157)	(1,157)
Balance at 31 March 2007		19,701	19,701
Net carrying amount			
Balance at 31 March 2006	106,565	25,113	131,678
Balance at 31 March 2007	99,589	16,193	115,782

#### Intangible assets

The customer-related intangible assets arose from the acquisition of associated companies and the Company engaged an independent third party to perform a fair valuation of this separately identified intangible assets. The useful life of these intangible assets was determined to be 5 years and the assets are amortised on a straight-line basis over the useful life. The amortisation is included in the line of "share of profits of associated companies" in the consolidated profit and loss account.

#### Loan to an associated company

The loan due from an associated company is unsecured and bears interest ranging from 7.36% to 7.50% (2006: 7.50%) per annum, and is repayable on 31 March 2011.

#### Associated companies (current account)

The amounts receivable on current account are unsecured, trade-related, interest-free and are repayable on demand.

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#### 20. ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (CONT'D) (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

The associated companies at 31 March are:

Name Of Companies (Country Of Incorporation)	Principal Activities (Place Of Business)	Cost To Company		Percenta Equity	
		2007	2006	<b>2007</b> %	2006 %
Maldives Inflight Catering † Pte Ltd (Republic of Maldives)	Inflight catering services (Republic of Maldives)	287	287	35.0	35.0
Beijing Airport Inflight Kitchen Ltd ##^ (Peoples' Republic of China)	Inflight catering services (Peoples' Republic of China)	13,882	13,882	40.0	40.0
Beijing Aviation Ground Services Co., Ltd ##^ (Peoples' Republic of China)	Airport ground handling services (Peoples' Republic of China)	5,710	5,710	40.0	40.0
Aviserv Limited ***^ (Ireland)	Inflight catering services (Pakistan)	3,313	3,313	49.0	49.0
Tan Son Nhat Cargo Services Ltd @@^ (Vietnam)	Airport ground handling Services (Vietnam)	1,958	1,958	30.0	30.0
Asia Airfreight Terminal Co Ltd <sup>++</sup> (Hong Kong)	Air cargo handling services (Hong Kong)	92,662	92,662	49.0	49.0
Servair–SATS Holding Company Pte Ltd *^ (Singapore)	Investment holding company (Singapore)	509	509	49.0	49.0
MacroAsia Catering Services, Inc @@^ (Philippines)	Inflight catering services (Philippines)	2,027	2,027	20.0	20.0
Taj Madras Flight Kitchen Pvt Limited +++ (India)	Inflight catering services (India)	1,901	1,901	30.0	30.0
Singapore Airport Duty-Free Emporium (Pte) Ltd @ (Singapore)	Dormant (Singapore)	1,560	1,560	24.0	24.0
Evergreen Airline Services Corporation **^ (Taiwan)	Airport ground handling services (Taiwan)	5,234	5,234	20.0	20.0
Evergreen Air Cargo Services Corporation @@^ (Taiwan)	Air cargo handling services (Taiwan)	16,163	16,163	25.0	25.0

#### 20. ASSOCIATED COMPANIES (CONT'D) (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

Name Of Companies (Country Of Incorporation)	Principal Activities (Place Of Business)	Cost To Company		Percenta Equity	_
		2007	2006	2007 %	2006 %
Taj SATS Air Catering Limited *** (India)	Catering services (India)	24,646	24,646	49.0	49.0
Mid-East Airport Services Pte Ltd *** (Singapore)	Dormant (Baghdad)	-	^^	-	50.0
PT Jasa Angkasa Semesta Tbk *^ (Indonesia)	Ground and cargo handling (Indonesia)	105,532	105,532	49.8	49.8
		275,384	275,384		

- @ Audited by Ernst & Young, Singapore
- @@ Audited by associated firms of Ernst & Young, Singapore
- + Audited by KPMG Maldives
- ++ Audited by KPMG Hong Kong
- +++ Audited by S.B. Billimoria & Co., India
- \* Audited by Osman Ramli Setrio & Rekan Member Firm of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu
  \*\* Audited by Sinohope Certified Public Accountants
- \*\*\* Audited by Messrs Riaz Ahmed, Saqib, Gohar & Co
- \* Audited by Deloitte and Touche Singapore
- \*\* Audited by Deloitte and Touche Taiwan
- \*\*\* Liquidated during the financial year
- ^ Financial year ends on 31 December
- ^^ The value is \$1

The summarised financial information of the associated companies are as follows:

	GROUP 31 March	
	2007	2006
Assets and liabilities		
Current assets	338,680	321,528
Non-current assets	670,151	653,742
	1,008,831	975,270
Current liabilities	187,847	169,039
Non-current liabilities	229,418	211,693
	417,265	380,732
	2006-07	2005-06
Results		
Revenue	614,369	604,805
Profit for the period	121,260	130,682

31 March 2007

#### 21. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

#### **GROUP**

	Goodwill	Software	Total
At cost			
Balance at 1 April 2006	1,363	37,436	38,799
Additions	-	125	125
Reclassification from progress payments		1,182	1,182
Balance at 31 March 2007	1,363	38,743	40,106
Accumulated amortisation			
Balance at 1 April 2006	-	24,314	24,314
Amortisation		5,916	5,916
Balance at 31 March 2007		30,230	30,230
Net book value	1,363	8,513	9,876
At cost			
Balance at 1 April 2005	1,546	34,219	35,765
Elimination of accumulated amortisation Additions	(183)	- 527	(183) 527
Reclassification from fixed assets	_	2,690	2,690
Balance at 31 March 2006	1,363	37,436	38,799
54.4	.,,,,,	071.00	
Accumulated amortisation			
Balance at 1 April 2005 Elimination of accumulated amortisation	183	17,190	17,373
Amortisation	(183)	- 7,124	(183) 7,124
Balance at 31 March 2006		24,314	24,314
Net book value	1,363	13,122	14,485

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#### 21. INTANGIBLE ASSETS (CONT'D) (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

#### **COMPANY**

	Software
At cost	
Balance at 1 April 2006	2,022
Adjustments	(35)
Reclassification from progress payments	522
Balance at 31 March 2007	2,509
Accumulated amortisation	
Balance at 1 April 2006	1,832
Amortisation	207
Balance at 31 March 2007	2,039
Net book value	470
At cost	
Balance at 1 April 2005	2,022
Additions	<u> </u>
Balance at 31 March 2006	2,022
Accumulated amortisation	
Balance at 1 April 2005	1,508
Amortisation	324
Balance at 31 March 2006	1,832
Net book value	190

There was no impairment charge for the Group and the Company for the year ended 31 March 2007. The remaining amortisation period of the software ranged from 1 to 5 years.

#### 22. TRADE DEBTORS (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

Trade debtors are stated after impairment. Analysis of the impairment account is as follows:

	GROUP 31 March			COMPANY 31 March	
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Balance at 1 April Charge to profit and loss account	138	- 138	- -	- -	
Balance at 31 March	138	138	-	-	
Bad debts written-off directly to profit and loss account	42	155	-	19	

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#### 23. OTHER DEBTORS (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

		GROUP 31 March		COMPANY 31 March	
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Staff loans Sundry receivables	1,889 5,824	2,510 3,601	1,880 4,440	2,502 1,697	
	7,713	6,111	6,320	4,199	

Included in staff loans are loans to the Company's staff who are directors of its subsidiary companies, amounting to approximately \$76,685 (2006: \$61,243). These loans have been granted in accordance with schemes approved by the shareholders of the Company. The interest rates on the staff loans ranged from 3% to 4% (2006: 3% to 4%).

#### 24. RELATED COMPANIES (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

	GROUP 31 March			COMPANY 31 March
	2007	2006	2007	2006
Deposits with immediate holding company Amounts owing by immediate holding company Amounts owing by/(to) related companies Amounts owing by subsidiary companies Deposits placed by subsidiary companies	302,640 70,944 24,865 -	261,255 65,890 25,474 -	302,640 4,200 (763) 24,938 (72,454)	261,255 3,637 (697) 18,974 (85,471)
seposito piacea of saosiaia, f companies	398,449	352,619	258,561	197,698
Disclosed as: Current assets Current liabilities	398,449 -	352,619 -	331,778 (73,217)	283,866 (86,168)
	398,449	352,619	258,561	197,698

Deposits placed with the immediate holding company are available on demand and have interest rates ranging from 2.77% to 3.38% (2006: 1.8% to 3.3%) per annum.

The amounts owing by/(to) the immediate holding and related companies are trade-related and non-interest bearing.

The amounts owing by subsidiary companies are unsecured, interest-free and are repayable on demand. The deposits placed by subsidiary companies bear interest rates ranging from 2.78% to 3.36% (2006: 1.35% to 3.2%) per annum.

Included in amount owing by subsidiary companies is an impairment loss of \$1,439,000 (2006:NIL).

31 March 2007

#### 25. STOCKS (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

		GROUP 31 March		COMPANY 31 March	
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Food supplies and dry stores at net realisable value	5,634	6,337	_	_	
Other consumable stores at net realisable value	1,924	2,115	-	-	
Technical spares at net realisable value	3,222	3,310	-	-	
Foods supplies at cost	946	1,046	-	-	
Other consumables at cost	448	432	224	226	
Total general consumable stores at lower of cost and net realisable value	12,174	13,240	224	226	

Stocks are stated after deducting provision for stock obsolescence. An analysis of the provision for stock obsolescence is as follows:

		GROUP 31 March		COMPANY 31 March	
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
Balance at 1 April	750	750	-	-	
Provided during the year Provision utilised during the year	88 (78)	(1)	- -	-	
Balance at 31 March	760	750	-	_	

During the financial year, the Group wrote down \$44,000 (2005-06: \$82,000) of stocks which were recognised as expense in the profit and loss account.

#### 26. LOAN TO THIRD PARTY

The loan to August Skyfreighter 1994 Trust was fully repaid on 28 March 2007.

31 March 2007

#### 27. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

a) Cash and cash equivalents included in the Group's consolidated cash flow statement comprise the following balance sheet amounts:

		GROUP 31 March	
	2007	2006	
Fixed deposits	255,755	151,490	
Cash and bank balances	19,058	19,110	
Deposits with immediate holding company (Note 24)	302,640	261,255	
Bank overdraft - secured		(394)	
	577,453	431,461	

(b) Analysis of capital expenditure cash flow:

	GR	OUP
	2006-07	2005-06
Addition of fixed assets Addition of intangible assets Adjustment for fixed assets acquired under credit terms	13,597 125 (907)	12,443 527 (934)
Cash invested in fixed and intangible assets	12,815	12,036

Included in cash of the Group and the Company are the following amounts denominated in foreign currency:

		GROUP 31 March		COMPANY 31 March	
	2007	2006	2007	2006	
USD	7,270	1,848	7,270	1,848	
RMB	36	-	36	-	

#### 28. LOAN FROM IMMEDIATE HOLDING COMPANY

The loan from the immediate holding company is to finance the loan to August Skyfreighter 1994 Trust (Note 26) and was fully repaid on 28 March 2007.

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#### 29. OTHER CREDITORS (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

		ROUP March		COMPANY 31 March		
	2007	2006	2007	2006		
Tender deposits	2,382	2,256	745	632		
Accrued expenses	2,204	2,078	755	377		
Purchase of fixed assets	1,304	1,620	574	672		
	5,890	5,954	2,074	1,681		

#### 30. BANK OVERDRAFT - SECURED

The bank overdraft is secured by a first legal mortgage over the property at 22 Senoko Way, Singapore 758044. Interest was charged at a rate of 5.0% (2006: 3.95%) per annum.

#### 31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

For the purposes of these financial statements, parties are considered to be related to the Group if the Group has the ability, directly or indirectly, to control the party or exercise significant influence over the party in making financial and operating decisions, or vice versa, or where the Group and the party are subject to common control or common significant influence. Related parties may be individuals or other entities.

In addition to the related party information disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, the following significant related party transactions were entered into in the normal course of business on terms that prevail on arm's length basis during the financial year:

	(	GROUP	CON	//PANY
	2006-07	2005-06	2006-07	2005-06
Services rendered by:				
Immediate holding company	22,629	21,490	2,817	2,187
Subsidiary companies	-	-	167	156
Related companies	80	80	-	-
	22,709	21,570	2,984	2,343
Sales to:				
Immediate holding company	438,132	402,499	733	878
Subsidiary companies	-	-	66,969	67,435
Related companies	163,321	157,923	2,026	2,036
Associated companies	2,209	1,565	2,209	1,565
	603,662	561,987	71,937	71,914

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#### 31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONT'D) (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

Directors' and key executives' remuneration of the Company:

	COM	1PANY
	2006-07	2005-06
Key executives (excluding executive directors)		
Salary, bonuses and other costs	2,951	1,982
CPF and other defined contributions	53	36
Share-based compensation expense	346	300
	3,350	2,318
<u>Directors</u> Directors' fees (Note 5)	650 *	512

<sup>\*</sup> Proposed

Share options granted to and exercised by key executives of the Company are as follows:

Name Of Participant	Options Granted During Financial Year	Exercise Price For Options Granted During Financial Year	Aggregate Options Granted Since Commencement Of Scheme To End Of Financial Year	Aggregate Options Exercised Since Commencement Of Scheme To End Of Financial Year	Aggregate Options Outstanding At End Of Financial Year
Ng Chin Hwee Karmjit Singh Leong Kok Hong Tan Chuan Lye Andrew Lim Cheng Yueh Yacoob Piperdi	195,000 37,800 21,000 30,000 27,500 41,250	\$2.10 \$2.10 \$2.10 \$2.10 \$2.10 \$2.10	921,000 1,265,800 592,500 624,500 258,200 377,950	(571,500) (144,750) (191,000) (28,550) (48,600)	921,000 694,300 447,750 433,500 229,650 329,350

Shares awarded under the new share plans during the year since the commencement of the Restricted Share Plan and Performance Share Plan are as follows:

Name Of Participant	Shares Granted During Financial Year	Aggregate Shares Granted Since Commencement Of Plan To End Of Financial Year	Aggregate Shares Vested Since Commencement Of Plan To End Of Financial Year	Aggregate Shares Not Released At End Of Financial Year
Ng Chin Hwee	100,710	100,710	_	100,710
Karmjit Singh	23,850	23,850	-	23,850
Leong Kok Hong	13,250	13,250	-	13,250
Tan Chuan Lye	17,500	17,500	_	17,500
Andrew Lim Cheng Yueh	7,000	7,000	-	7,000
Yacoob Piperdi	10,500	10,500	-	10,500

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#### 32. CAPITAL AND OTHER COMMITMENTS (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

- (a) The Group and the Company has commitments for capital expenditure. Such commitments aggregated to \$44.6 million (2006: \$54.6 million) for the Group and \$1.7 million (2006: \$3.8 million) for the Company. In aggregate, these commitments are not at prices in excess of current market price.
- (b) The Group has entered into operating lease agreements for ground support equipment and leasehold land and buildings. The Group leases four pieces of leasehold land under lease agreements. The lease periods are 30 years. The leases expire on 01 March 2020, 30 July 2021, 30 October 2022 and 30 June 2024. The leases of the leasehold properties contain provision for rental adjustments. The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	3	GROUP 31 March		COMPANY 31 March		
	2007	2006	2007	2006		
Within one year After one year but not more than five years Later than five years	5,306 11,978 18,089	4,625 8,653 20,553	1,291 5,164 14,487	1,339 5,356 16,566		
	35,373	33,831	20,942	23,261		

- (c) In the year 2002, the company and two of its wholly-owned subsidiary companies entered into a lease agreement with a United States lessor, whereby the subsidiary companies sold and leaseback certain fixed ground support equipment with net book value of \$76.2 million (2006: \$93.4 million). The gain arising from this sale and leaseback is deferred and amortised over the lease period of 18 years commencing on October 2002 (Note 16).
  - Under the terms of the agreement, the subsidiary companies have prepaid an amount which is equivalent to the present value of their future lease obligations. The Company has also guaranteed the repayment of these future lease obligations and is the primary obligor under the lease agreement.
- (d) On 24 March 2006, the Company signed an agreement with China Aviation Qingdao Liuting International Airport to form an equity joint venture company ("JV") known as Qingdao Airport Cargo Services Co. Ltd. to provide cargo handling services. SATS's investment commitment, which represents 49% of the registered capital contribution, amounts to approximately \$\$7.8 million. The capital injection is conditional upon the JV obtaining the Business Licence. As at 31 March 2007, the Company has not contributed to its share of the registered capital as the Business Licence has not been issued by the relevant authority.
- (e) On 16 May 2006, the Company and Air India ("Al") signed a Service Provider Right Holder ("SPRH") agreement with Bangalore International Airport Limited, awarding the AI-SATS consortium a 15-year contract to provide cargo handling services at the upcoming Bangalore International Airport at Devanahalli. Al and the Company entered into a joint venture on 27 July 2006 for the execution of their obligations under the SPRH. The Company's investment commitment in the joint venture amounts to approximately \$\$8.7 million (Rp 250 million), which represent 50% of the registered capital contribution of the joint venture. As at 31 March 2007, the Company has not contributed its share of the registered capital as the joint venture company is in the process of being set up. The airport is expected to start operations in April 2008.
- (f) On 9 October 2006, the Company and Air India ("AI") signed a Service Provider Right Holder ("SPRH") agreement with Bangalore International Airport Limited. AI-SATS consortium was awarded a 7-year contract to provide ground handling services at the upcoming Bangalore International Airport at Devanahalli. Subsequent to the financial year, the Company entered into the joint venture agreement with Air India to form the joint venture in respect of the ground handling business. The Company's investment commitment in the joint venture amounts to approximately \$\$7.0 million (Rp 200 million), which represent 40% of the registered capital contribution of the joint venture. The Company has not contributed its share of the registered capital as the joint venture company has not been set up. The airport is expected to start operations in April 2008.

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#### 32. CAPITAL AND OTHER COMMITMENTS (CONT'D) (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

(g) On 27 December 2006, the Company entered into Investment Agreements with its Chinese partner, Capital Airports Holding Company ("CAH") and 8 Chinese airport companies in respect of the expansion of the respective inflight catering and ground handling businesses of its associated companies namely Beijing Airport Inflight Kitchen Ltd ("BAIK") and Beijing Aviation Ground Services Co. Ltd ("BGS") beyond Beijing to cover the 8 other airports in China. Under the expansion plan, BAIK and BGS will acquire, either partially or fully, the inflight catering and ground handling assets and the respective businesses from the 8 Chinese airport companies. The Company will contribute further capital in cash of approximately \$\$33.1 million (US\$21.8 million) in BAIK and BGS. The Company will retain its 40% equity share while CAH and the 8 Chinese airport companies will together hold the remaining 60% share in BAIK and BGS.

#### 33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

#### (a) Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group operates principally in Singapore and generates revenue mainly in Singapore dollars. The Group also has investments in associated companies that operate in 8 countries. The Group's operations carry certain financial and commodity risks, including the effects of changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates. The Group's overall risk management approach is to minimise the effects of such volatility on its financial performance.

Financial risk management policies are periodically reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors.

#### (b) Foreign Currency Risk

The Group is exposed to the effect of foreign exchange rate fluctuation because of its investments in foreign associated companies. The effects of foreign exchange rate fluctuations on the Singapore dollar value of the Group's foreign currency denominated operating revenue and expenses are not significant because the Group's foreign currency sales and purchases do not constitute a significant portion of the Group's revenue and expenses.

#### (c) Interest Rate Risk

The Group's earnings are affected by changes in interest rates due to the impact that such changes have on its interest income from cash, short-term deposits, short-term non-equity instruments, loans to third parties and associated companies, and its interest expense on the notes payable, term loans and the loan from immediate holding company.

The Group's interest-bearing assets and interest-bearing liabilities are predominantly denominated in SGD. Short-term non-equity instruments and fixed deposits earned interest rates range from 1.13% to 4.19% and 2.87% to 3.40% respectively. Information relating to other interest-bearing assets and liabilities are disclosed in the notes on loan to third parties, associated companies, related companies, notes payable and term loans.

The following tables show the interest rate risk based on the earlier of contracted re-pricing date and maturity of the Group or Company's financial instruments. Actual re-pricing dates may differ from contractual date due to prepayment.

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#### 33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (c) Interest Rate Risk (cont'd)

	Within 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	3–4 Years	4-5 Years	More Than 5 Years	Total
GROUP							
2007							
Fixed rate Short-term non-equity investments Fixed deposits Deposits with immediate holding company Term loans Notes payable	73,500 205,856 302,640 (280)	- - - (188)	- - (124) (200,000)	- - (130)	- - (136)	- - (1,961)	73,500 205,856 302,640 (2,819) (200,000)
Notes payable	-	-	(200,000)	-	-	-	(200,000)
Floating rate Loan due from associated company Fixed deposits	2,600 49,899	- -	- -	- -	- -	- -	2,600 49,899
	634,215	(188)	(200,124)	(130)	(136)	(1,961)	431,676
2006							
Fixed rate Short-term non-equity investments Fixed deposits Deposits with immediate holding company Term loans Notes payable	48,932 108,498 261,255 (278)	- - - (283)	- - (191)	- - (127) (200,000)	- - (134)	- - (2,080)	48,932 108,498 261,255 (3,093) (200,000)
Floating rate Loan to third party Loan due from associated company	42,355 3,236	-	-	-	-	-	42,355 3,236
Fixed deposits Loan from immediate	42,992	-	-	-	-	-	42,992
holding company Bank loans Bank overdraft	(42,355) (1,625) (394)	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -	(42,355) (1,625) (394)
	462,616	(283)	(191)	(200,127)	(134)	(2,080)	259,801

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#### 33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (c) Interest Rate Risk (cont'd)

	Within 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	3-4 Years	4-5 Years	More Than 5 Years	Total
COMPANY							
2007							
Fixed rate Short-term non-equity investments Fixed deposits Deposits with immediate	73,500 205,106	-	- -	- -	- -	-	73,500 205,106
holding company Notes payable Deposits placed by subsidiary companies	302,640 - (72,454)	-	(200,000)	- -	-	-	302,640 (200,000) (72,454)
Floating rate Loan due from associated company Fixed deposits	2,600 49,899	- - -	- - -	- -	- -	- - -	2,600 49,899
	561,291	-	(200,000)	-	-	-	361,291
2006  Fixed rate Short-term non-equity							
investments Fixed deposits Deposits with immediate	48,932 107,248	-	-	-	-	-	48,932 107,248
holding company Notes payable Deposits placed by	261,255 -	-	-	(200,000)	-	-	261,255 (200,000)
subsidiary companies	(85,471)	-	-	-	-	-	(85,471)
Floating rate Loan to third party Loan due from	42,355	-	-	-	-	-	42,355
associated company Fixed deposits Loan from immediate	3,236 42,992	-	-	-	-	-	3,236 42,992
holding company	(42,355)	-	_	-	-	-	(42,355)
	378,192	-	-	(200,000)	-	-	178,192

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#### 33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (d) Counter-Party Risk

The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in the event that counter-parties fail to perform their obligations as at 31 March 2007 in relation to each class of recognised financial assets, other than derivatives, was the carrying amount of those assets as indicated in the balance sheet.

The Group only transacts with credit-worthy counter-parties. Surplus funds are placed as interest-bearing deposits with reputable financial institutions and the immediate holding company, or invested in high quality short-term liquid investments. Counter-party risks are managed by limiting aggregate exposure on all outstanding financial instruments to any individual counter-party, taking into account its credit rating. Such counter-party exposures are regularly reviewed, and adjusted as necessary. This mitigates the risk of material loss arising in the event of non-performance by counter-parties.

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic, industry or geographical factors similarly affect the group of counter-parties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Group's total credit exposure. As at 31 March 2007, the Group had trade receivables of \$70.9 million (2006: \$65.9 million) due from its immediate holding company, and placed deposits of \$302.6 million (2006: \$261.3 million) with its immediate holding company.

#### (e) Liquidity Risk

As at 31 March 2007, the Group had at its disposal, cash and cash equivalents amounting to \$577.4 million (2006: \$431.5 million) and short-term non-equity investments of \$73.5 million (2006: \$48.9 million). In addition, the Group has available short-term credit facilities of approximately \$83.0 million (2006: \$84.0 million) from open-ended revolving credit facilities granted by commercial banks. The Group also has an alternative facility to issue notes up to \$300 million (2006: \$300 million), with maturity dates between one month to ten years, under the Medium Term Note Programme.

The Group's holdings of cash, short-term deposits and investments, together with non-committed funding facilities and net cash flow from operations, are expected to be sufficient to cover the cost of all capital expenditure due in the next financial year. The shortfall, if any, could be met by bank borrowings or public market funding.

#### (f) Derivative Financial Instruments

The Group's policy on the use of derivatives is not to trade in them but to use these instruments as hedges against specific exposures. While the Group currently has not used any forward contracts to hedge its foreign exchange and interest rate exposures, it would consider using treasury derivative instruments, depending on their merits, as valid and appropriate risk management tools. This would however, require the Board of Directors' approval before adoption. As at 31 March 2007, the Group had no outstanding derivative financial instruments.

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#### 33. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (CONT'D)

#### (g) Fair values

The fair value of a financial instrument is the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged or settled between knowledgeable and willing parties in an arm's length transaction, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

#### Financial instruments not carried at fair value

The aggregate net fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities of the Group, which are not carried at fair value in the balance sheet, are presented in the following table:

		arrying Amount 11 March		Aggregate Net Fair Value 31 March		
	2007 2006		2007	2006		
Financial liabilities						
Notes payable (In \$ Thousands)	200,000	200,000	199,200	193,860		

The fair value of the notes payable is obtained by reference to the market price.

The carrying value of the unquoted equity investment held as long-term investment is stated at cost of \$7,886,000 (2006: \$7,886,000) because the fair value cannot be obtained directly from quoted market price or indirectly using valuation techniques supported by observable market data. The fair value of this investment is expected to be above its carrying values.

The difference between the carrying value and fair value of the term loan is not considered significant to the financial statements given the balance outstanding as at the balance sheet date.

#### Financial instruments whose carrying amounts approximate fair value

The carrying amounts of all other financial assets and liabilities that fall within the scope of FRS 32, approximate their fair values due to their short-term nature and/or frequent re-pricing.

#### 34. SEGMENT REPORTING (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

The Group's operating businesses are organised and managed separately according to the nature of products and services provided, with each segment representing a strategic business unit that offers different products and services. The ground handling services segment provides mainly airport terminal services, such as air freight handling services, passenger services, baggage handling services and apron services. The inflight catering services segment is engaged mainly in the provision of inflight meals to the Group's airline customers. The other services segment includes provision of aviation security services, airline laundry and linen services, manufacturing and distribution of chilled and frozen processed foods, air cargo delivery management services and rental of premises.

Segment accounting policies are the same as the policies described in Note 2. The Group generally accounts for inter-segment sales and transfers as if the sales and transfers were to third parties at current market prices.

The following tables present revenue and net income information for the Group's industry segments for the years ended 31 March 2007 and 31 March 2006 and certain asset and liability information regarding the Group's industry segments as at 31 March 2007 and 31 March 2006.

31 March 2007

#### 34. SEGMENT REPORTING (CONT'D) (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

#### BY INDUSTRY

	Inflight Catering	Ground Handling/ Cargo	Others	Eliminations	Total
Financial year ended 31 March 2007					
Revenue					
External revenue	409,664	436,626	99,369	-	945,659
Inter-segment revenue	3,341	-	86,101	(89,442)	
Total revenue	413,005	436,626	185,470	(89,442)	945,659
Operating profit	81,676	45,078	26,386	-	153,140
Interest income	997	1,614	18,494	(2,934)	18,171
Interest on borrowings	-	-	(9,094)	2,934	(6,160)
Gross dividend from long-term investment	951	-	-	-	951
Share of results of associated companies	13,837	38,234	5	-	52,076
Gain on disposal of fixed assets	2	143	8	-	153
Amortisation of deferred income	-	_	1,439	-	1,439
Profit before taxation	97,463	85,069	37,238	-	219,770
Taxation	(19,131)	(15,477)	(6,175)	-	(40,783)
Profit after taxation	78,332	69,592	31,063	-	178,987
As at 31 March 2007					
Segment assets	339,437	454,301	667,140	_	1,460,878
Associated companies	65,024	275,487	186	-	340,697
Loan to an associated company	2,600		-	-	2,600
Total assets	407,061	729,788	667,326	-	1,804,175
Current liabilities	48,319	67,053	40,960	-	156,332
Long-term liabilities	-	-	27,141	-	27,141
Notes payable	-	-	200,000	-	200,000
Tax liabilities	24,846	27,274	50,517	_	102,637
Total liabilities	73,165	94,327	318,618	-	486,110
Capital expenditure	3,264	7,458	3,000	_	13,722
Depreciation and amortisation expenses Non-cash items other than depreciation	24,182	37,990	3,525	-	65,697
and amortisation expenses	-	7,401	(1,020)	-	6,381

31 March 2007

#### 34. SEGMENT REPORTING (CONT'D) (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

#### BY INDUSTRY (CONT'D)

	Inflight Catering	Ground Handling/ Cargo	Others	Eliminations	Total
Financial year ended 31 March 2006					
Revenue					
External revenue	396,294	433,209	102,524	-	932,027
Inter-segment revenue	2,936	-	85,319	(88,255)	_
Total revenue	399,230	433,209	187,843	(88,255)	932,027
Operating profit	79,300	69,188	35,552	-	184,040
Interest income	2,156	2,365	9,756	(5,037)	9,240
Interest on borrowings	· -	-	(11,323)	5,037	(6,286)
Gross dividend from long-term investment	628	-	-	_	628
Share of results of associated companies	12,960	44,345	3	-	57,308
Gain/(loss) on disposal of fixed assets	33	(13)	(329)	-	(309)
Amortisation of deferred income	-	_	1,408	-	1,408
Profit before taxation	95,077	115,885	35,067	-	246,029
Taxation	(20,857)	(26,598)	(9,355)	-	(56,810)
Profit after taxation	74,220	89,287	25,712	-	189,219
As at 31 March 2006					
Segment assets	359,473	508,055	507,530	_	1,375,058
Associated companies	62,538	276,896	181	_	339,615
Loan to an associated company	3,236	-	-	_	3,236
Total assets	425,247	784,951	507,711	-	1,717,909
Command linkilities	20.572	45.202	74 501		150 505
Current liabilities	36,572	45,392	74,561	-	156,525
Long-term liabilities Notes payable	_	-	30,194 200,000	-	30,194 200,000
Tax liabilities	30,009	- 38,487	56,925	_	125,421
Tax Hadilities			30,323		
Total liabilities	66,581	83,879	361,680	-	512,140
Capital expenditure	1,795	9,543	1,632	_	12,970
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	25,485	36,126	3,668	-	65,279
Non-cash items other than depreciation and amortisation expenses	-	7,667	(1,320)	-	6,347

31 March 2007

#### 34. SEGMENT REPORTING (CONT'D) (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

#### BY GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATION

	Singapore	Overseas	Total
Financial year ended 31 March 2007			
Revenue	941,392	4,267	945,659
As at 31 March 2007			
Segment assets	1,448,616	12,262	1,460,878
Associated companies	186	340,511	340,697
Loan to an associated company		2,600	2,600
Total assets	1,448,802	355,373	1,804,175
Capital expenditure	13,722	-	13,722
Financial year ended 31 March 2006			
Revenue	931,574	453	932,027
As at 31 March 2006			
Segment assets	1,365,324	9,734	1,375,058
Associated companies	181	339,434	339,615
Loan to an associated company	_	3,236	3,236
Total assets	1,365,505	352,404	1,717,909
Capital expenditure	12,970	-	12,970

#### 35. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with the current year's presentation.

		GROUP 2006
	Restated	As Previously Reported
Balance Sheet		
Deferred taxation	65,639	69,001
Associated company	339,615	342,977

### Additional Information

Required By The Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST")

#### 1. INTERESTED PERSON TRANSACTIONS (IN \$ THOUSANDS)

The interested person transactions entered into during the financial year ended 31 March 2007 and the immediately preceding financial year 2005-06 are listed below:

	Aggregate V Interested Perso Entered Into Financial Years B Shareholders' Ma To Rule 92 SGX-ST List (Excluding Transa Less Than S	n Transactions During The elow Under The andate Pursuant O Of The ing Manual actions Of Value
	2006-07	2005-06
Name of Interested Person		- 100
SilkAir Pte Ltd	57,520	5,483
Jetstar Asia Pte Ltd & ValuAir Ltd	11,150#	_
Singapore Airlines Cargo Pte Ltd	10,800	-
Tiger Airways Pte Ltd	5,028	-
Great Wall Airlines Co Ltd	3,350	-
Singapore Airlines Limited	812	27,821
Singapore Computer Systems Ltd	510	-
Senoko Energy Supply Pte Ltd	432	-
SembCorp Environmental Management Pte Ltd	-	1,463
Asia Airfreight Terminal Co Ltd	-	1,980
SembCorp Power Pte Ltd	-	4,596
SIA Engineering Company Limited	-	1,228
Singapore Food Industries Ltd		170
Total	89,602	42,741

<sup>#</sup> Includes amounts invoiced and paid in financial years 2004-05 and 2005-06.

There were no non-mandated interested person transactions (excluding transactions of value less than S\$100,000) entered into during the financial years 2006-07 and 2005-06.

Note: All the above interested person transactions were done on normal commercial terms.

#### 2. MATERIAL CONTRACTS

There are no material contracts between SATS and its subsidiaries involving the interests of President & Chief Executive Officer SATS, each SATS Director or controlling shareholder (as defined in the SGX-ST Listing Manual), either still subsisting at the end of the financial year 2006-07, or if not then subsisting, entered into since the end of the previous financial year 2005-06, other than:

- (a) the 2 corporate services agreements both dated 24 March 2000 between SATS and Singapore Airlines Limited ("SIA"):
- (b) the 2 corporate services agreements both dated 17 February 2000 between SATS and SIA Engineering Company Limited ("SIAEC");
- (c) the apportionment of services agreement dated 24 March 2000 between SATS, SIA and SIAEC;
- (d) the ground handling and catering agreements between SATS and SIA and SATS and SilkAir Pte Ltd (a subsidiary of SIA) respectively;
- (e) the ground handling agreement between SATS and Singapore Airlines Cargo Pte Ltd (a subsidiary of SIA);
- (f) the agreement for the laundering of airline linen dated 1 October 1999 between Aero Laundry and Linen Services Private Limited (a subsidiary of SATS) and SIA; and
- (g) where applicable, as disclosed in Note 26 (Loan to Third Party), Note 31 (Related Party Transactions) of the Notes to the Financial Statements, and Interested Person Transactions listed above, or disclosed in the equivalent sections in previous SATS Annual Reports.

# Quarterly Results Of The Group (In Singapore Dollars)

		1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Total	
		13t duditei	Ziid Qddi tei	ora Quarter	Terr dudi ter	10 tu	
TOTAL REVENUE							
2006-07	(\$ million)	234.7	235.7	241.6	233.7	945.7	
2005-06	(\$ million)	235.7	238.7	233.7	223.9	932.0	
EXPENDITURE							
2006-07	(\$ million)	187.0	186.2	195.5	223.8	792.5	
2005-06	(\$ million)	183.0	182.9	185.7	196.3	747.9	
OPERATING PROFIT							
2006-07	(\$ million)	47.7	49.5	46.1	9.9	153.2	
2005-06	(\$ million)	52.7	55.8	48.0	27.6	184.1	
PROFIT BEFORE TAX							
2006-07	(\$ million)	63.7	68.4	66.1	21.6	219.8	
2005-06	(\$ million)	67.7	71.9	66.9	39.6	246.1	
PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO E	EQUITY HOLDERS (	OF THE COMPA	NY				
2006-07	(\$ million)	48.3	52.2	50.5	27.2	178.2	
2005-06	(\$ million)	51.0	55.8	51.2	30.6	188.6	
EARNINGS (AFTER TAX) PE	EARNINGS (AFTER TAX) PER SHARE – BASIC						
2006-07	(cents)	4.6	5.0	4.8	2.6	17.0	
2005-06	(cents)	5.0	5.4	4.9	2.9	18.2	

## Quarterly Operational Summary Of The Group

	1st Quarter	2nd Quarter	3rd Quarter	4th Quarter	Total			
FLIGHTS HANDLED								
	20.62	21.04	21.79	21.08	84.53			
2005-06 (thousands)	20.79	21.03	21.29	21.00	84.11			
CARGO AND MAIL PROCESSED								
2006–07 (thousand tonnes)	381.62	390.13	407.57	367.67	1,546.99			
2005-06 (thousand tonnes)	354.03	369.37	397.17	370.79	1,491.36			
PASSENGERS SERVED								
2006-07 (millions)	6.93	7.27	7.84	7.23	29.27			
2005-06 (millions)	6.49	6.82	7.16	6.85	27.32			
MEALS PRODUCED								
2006-07 (millions)	5.96	6.13	6.47	6.18	24.74			
2005-06 (millions)	5.81	6.20	6.18	6.00	24.19			

## Five-Year Financial Summary Of The Group

(In Singapore Dollars)

	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03
PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT (\$ MILLION)					
Total revenue	945.7	932.0	975.7	868.7	958.1
Expenditure	(792.5)	(747.9)	(781.5)	(679.4)	(729.9)
Experialitate –	(732.3)	(747.3)	(701.3)	(073.4)	(723.3)
Operating profit	153.2	184.1	194.2	189.3	228.2
Other income	66.6	62.0	51.9	34.8	29.9
Profit before tax and exceptional items	219.8	246.1	246.1	224.1	258.1
Exceptional items	_	-	(28.8)	(8.0)	-
<u> </u>	212.2	0.10.1			0504
Profit before tax	219.8	246.1	217.3	216.1	258.1
Profit after tax	179.0	189.2	168.1	188.1	214.8
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company	178.2	188.6	167.8	188.2	214.7
,					
BALANCE SHEET (\$ MILLION)					
Share capital	215.6	179.8	147.1	109.3	100.0
Revenue reserve	1,111.3	1,018.2	911.7	1,111.6	978.9
Share-based compensation reserve	13.0	10.0	7.5	1.5	-
Foreign currency translation reserve	(31.2)	(9.5)	(7.9)	3.2	6.3
Statutory reserve	5.6	4.1	2.7	2.5	1.6
Fair value reserve	(0.1)	(0.1)		_	-
Equity holders' funds	1,314.2	1,202.5	1,061.1	1,228.1	1,086.8
Equity Holders Tallias	1,01112	1,202.0	1,001.1	1,220.1	1,000.0
Deferred taxation	53.5	65.6	76.4	81.3	103.8
Deferred income	24.6	26.3	28.1	29.8	31.9
Minority interests	3.9	3.3	2.8	2.5	2.8
Fixed assets	621.7	669.2	718.2	776.4	817.6
Loan to third parties	_	-	43.0	43.6	46.0
Associated companies	342.7	342.2	324.6	141.0	137.9
Long-term investments	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9	7.9
Intangible assets	9.9	14.5	18.4	14.1	1.6
Current assets	822.0	684.1	481.1	575.6	661.1
Total assets	1,804.2	1,717.9	1,593.2	1,558.6	1,672.1
Lang tarm liabilities	202 5	202.0	047.0	40.0	40.0
Long-term liabilities Current liabilities	202.5 205.5	203.9 216.3	247.3 177.5	46.6 170.3	46.8 400.0
<del>-</del>					
Total liabilities	408.0	420.2	424.8	216.9	446.8
Net liquid assets	650.8	479.6	311.3	397.9	268.1
OACH FLOWLCTATEMENT (A AND LOND					
CASH FLOW STATEMENT (\$ MILLION)	05= 0	0500	0.10.0	0.177	0000
Cash flow from operations	257.2	259.9	249.3	217.7	290.2
Internally generated cash flow [Note 1]	275.8	283.9	272.7	240.5	306.5
Capital expenditure	13.7	13.0	13.1	33.4	21.2

## Five-Year Financial Summary Of The Group

(In Singapore Dollars)

	2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03
(CONT'D)					
PROFITABILITY RATIOS (%)					
Return on equity holders' funds	14.2	16.7	14.7	16.3	21.3
Return on total assets	10.2	11.4	10.7	11.6	13.6
Return on turnover	18.9	20.3	17.2	21.7	22.4
PRODUCTIVITY AND EMPLOYEE DATA					
Value added (\$ million)	675.1	665.1	671.7	627.1	704.5
Value added per employee (\$)	90,477	86,831	78,824	66,897	75,533
Value added per \$ employment costs (times)	1.76	1.91	1.73	1.83	1.86
Revenue per employee (\$)	126,747	121,675	114,509	92,668	102,728
Staff cost per employee (\$)	51,390	45,369	45,451	36,557	40,758
Average employee strength	7,461	7,660	8,521	9,374	9,327
PER SHARE DATA (CENTS)					
Earnings before tax	20.9	23.7	21.3	21.5	25.8
Earnings after tax					
- Basic	17.0	18.2	16.5	18.8	21.5
- Diluted	16.9	18.1	16.3	18.7	21.4
Cash earnings [Note 2]	23.9	25.2	23.3	25.0	27.6
Net asset value	123.8	115.0	103.2	122.1	108.7
DIVIDENDS					
Gross Dividends (cents per share) [Note 3]	15.0*	10.0	9.0	45.0#	7.0
Dividend cover (times)	1.4	2.3	2.3	0.5	3.9

#### Notes:

- 1 Internally generated cash flow comprises cash generated from operations, dividends from associated companies, and proceeds from sale of fixed assets.
- 2 Cash earnings is defined as profit attributable to equity holders of the Company plus depreciation and amortisation.
- 3 \* include special dividend of 5 cents per share.
  - # include special dividend of 37 cents per share.

## Five-Year Operational Summary Of The Group

		2006-07	2005-06	2004-05	2003-04	2002-03
FLIGHTS HANDLED	(thousands)	84.53	84.11	76.09	63.13	75.11
CARGO AND MAIL PROCESSED	(thousand tonnes)	1,546.99	1,491.36	1,424.97	1,381.63	1,436.51
PASSENGERS SERVED	(millions)	29.27	27.32	25.27	21.24	24.28
MEALS PRODUCED	(millions)	24.74	24.19	23.53	19.73	22.19

## Information On Shareholdings

As At 15 May 2007

Number of shares in issue : 1,067,410,020
Class of shares : Ordinary
Vetical rights : 1,067,410,020

Voting rights : 1 vote for 1 share

#### **ANALYSIS OF SHAREHOLDINGS**

Range Of Shareholdings	No. Of Shareholders	0/0	Amount Of Shareholdings	0/0
1 – 999	220	1.42	86,725	0.01
1,000 – 10,000	14,622	94.10	27,863,612	2.61
10,001 - 1,000,000	686	4.42	25,092,803	2.35
1,000,001 and above	10	0.06	1,014,366,880	95.03
Total	15,538	100.00	1,067,410,020	100.00

#### **MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS**

		No. Of	
No.	Name	Shares Held	%
		272 222 222	0.4.5.4
1	Singapore Airlines Limited	870,000,000	81.51
2	DBS Nominees Pte Ltd	38,377,911	3.60
3	HSBC (Singapore) Nominees Pte Ltd	28,734,000	2.69
4	Citibank Nominees Singapore Pte Ltd	27,944,850	2.62
5	Raffles Nominees Pte Ltd	22,112,500	2.07
6	DBSN Services Pte Ltd	9,631,000	0.90
7	Morgan Stanley Asia (S'pore)	8,344,950	0.78
8	United Overseas Bank Nominees Pte Ltd	4,575,200	0.43
9	DB Nominees (S) Pte Ltd	3,320,000	0.31
10	Phillip Securities Pte Ltd	1,326,469	0.12
11	OCBC Nominees Singapore Pte Ltd	983,500	0.09
12	Merrill Lynch (S'pore) Pte Ltd	840,775	0.08
13	ING Nominees (S'pore) Pte Ltd	822,000	0.08
14	Realty & Investment Holdings Pte Ltd	600,000	0.06
15	Kim Eng Securities Pte Ltd	532,000	0.05
16	Koh Beng Ling	455,000	0.04
17	CIMB-GK Securities Pte Ltd	428,003	0.04
18	Wong Ket Seong @ Wong Ket Yin	400,000	0.04
19	OCBC Securities Private Ltd	331,000	0.03
20	BNP Paribas Nominees Singapore Pte Ltd	326,000	0.03
		1,020,085,158	95.57

## Information On Shareholdings

As At 15 May 2007

#### SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

As at 15 May 2007, the substantial shareholders of the Company and their direct and deemed interests, as shown in the Company's Register of Substantial Shareholders, were as follows:

Name Of Substantial Shareholder	No. Of Shares In Which The Substantial Shareholder Has A Direct Interest (Representing Percentage Of Total Shareholding")	No. Of Shares In Which The Substantial Shareholder Has A Deemed Interest (Representing Percentage Of Total Shareholding")	Total No. Of Shares In Which The Substantial Shareholder Is Interested (Representing Percentage Of Total Shareholding")
Temasek Holdings (Private) Limited	-	*870,040,000 (approximately **81.51%)	870,040,000 (approximately **81.51%)
Singapore Airlines Limited	870,000,000 (approximately **81.51%)	-	870,000,000 (approximately **81.51%)

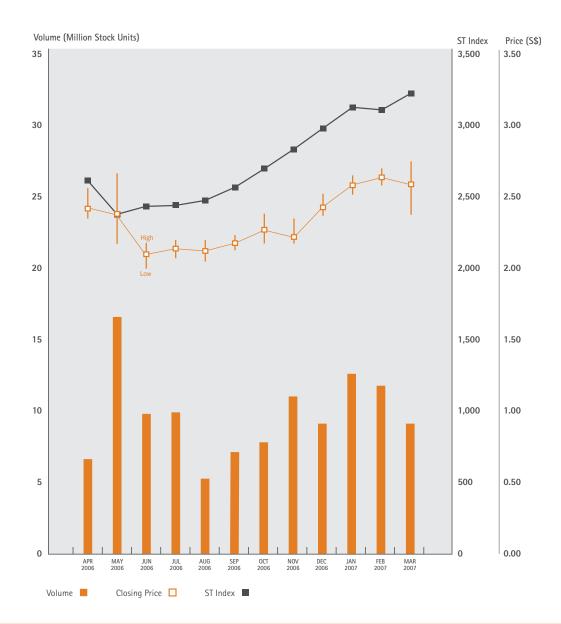
<sup>\*</sup> Derived mainly through the direct interest of Singapore Airlines Limited.

#### SHAREHOLDING HELD BY THE PUBLIC

Based on information available to the Company as at 15 May 2007, approximately 18.46% of the issued shares of the Company is held by the public (as defined in the SGX-ST Listing Manual). The Company hence confirms that Rule 723 of the SGX-ST Listing Manual has been complied with.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The shareholding percentages have been calculated based on a total issued share capital of 1,067,410,020 shares as at 15 May 2007.

## Share Price And Turnover



Share Price (\$) And Volume (Million Stock Units)	FY2006-07	FY2005-06
Highest Clasics Dries	2.75 (20 Mail 2007)	2.52 (12.5ab.2006)
Highest Closing Price	2.75 (30 Mar 2007)	2.52 (13 Feb 2006)
Lowest Closing Price	2.00 (13 Jun 2006)	2.04 (06 Apr 2005)
Average Closing Price	2.34	2.30
Closing Price for the year	2.75 (30 Mar 2007)	2.34 (31 Mar 2006)
Total Volume for the year	116.84	85.41

Market Value Ratios	FY2006-07	FY2005-06	
Price/Earnings	16.18	12.86	
Price/Book Value@	2.22	2.03	
Price/Cash Earnings#	11.51	9.29	

<sup>@</sup> Book value is defined as net asset value

<sup>\*</sup> Cash earnings is defined as profit attributable to equity holders of the Company plus depreciation and amortisation

### Notice Of Annual General Meeting

#### SINGAPORE AIRPORT TERMINAL SERVICES LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore) Company Registration No. 197201770G

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that the 34th Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at Mandarin Court, 4th Floor, Meritus Mandarin Singapore, 333 Orchard Road, Singapore 238867, on Thursday 26 July 2007 at 10 a.m. to transact the following business:

#### **ORDINARY BUSINESS**

- 1. To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Accounts for the year ended 31 March 2007 and the Auditors' Report thereon.
- 2. To declare a final dividend of 6 cents per share less income tax of 18% and a special dividend of 5 cents per share less income tax of 18%, for the year ended 31 March 2007. (FY2005-06: final dividend of 6 cents per share less income tax of 20%)
- 3. To re-elect Dr Ow Chin Hock, who will retire by rotation in accordance with Article 83 of the Company's Articles of Association and who, being eligible, will offer himself for re-election as Director.
- 4. To re-elect Mr Ng Kee Choe, who will retire by rotation in accordance with Article 83 of the Company's Articles of Association and who, being eligible, will offer himself for re-election as Director.
- 5. To appoint Mr Tay Ah Kee Keith as Director pursuant to Article 89 of the Company's Articles of Association.
- 6. To re-appoint Messrs Ernst & Young as Auditors of the Company to hold office until the next Annual General Meeting and to authorize the Directors to fix their remuneration.
- 7. To approve payment of Directors' fees of \$650,152.00 for the year ended 31 March 2007. (FY2005-06: \$511,521.00)

#### **SPECIAL BUSINESS**

#### **ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS**

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass, with or without modifications, the following resolutions as Ordinary Resolutions:

- 8. That authority be and is hereby given to the Directors of the Company to:
  - (a) (i) issue shares in the capital of the Company ("shares") whether by way of rights, bonus or otherwise; and/or
    - (ii) make or grant offers, agreements or options (collectively, "Instruments") that might or would require shares to be issued, including but not limited to the creation and issue of (as well as adjustments to) warrants, debentures or other instruments convertible into shares,
    - at any time and upon such terms and conditions and for such purposes and to such persons as the Directors may in their absolute discretion deem fit; and
  - (b) (notwithstanding the authority conferred by this Resolution may have ceased to be in force) issue shares in pursuance of any Instrument made or granted by the Directors while this Resolution was in force,

#### provided that:

(1) the aggregate number of shares to be issued pursuant to this Resolution (including shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this Resolution) does not exceed 50 per cent. of the issued shares in the capital of the Company (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (2) below), of which the aggregate number of shares to be issued other than on a *pro rata* basis to shareholders of the Company (including shares to be issued in pursuance of Instruments made or granted pursuant to this Resolution) does not exceed 10 per cent. of the issued shares in the capital of the Company (as calculated in accordance with sub-paragraph (2) below);

### Notice Of Annual General Meeting

#### SINGAPORE AIRPORT TERMINAL SERVICES LIMITED

(Incorporated in the Republic of Singapore) Company Registration No. 197201770G

- (2) (subject to such manner of calculation as may be prescribed by the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited ("SGX-ST")) for the purpose of determining the aggregate number of shares that may be issued under sub-paragraph (1) above, the percentage of issued shares shall be based on the number of issued shares in the capital of the Company at the time this Resolution is passed, after adjusting for:
  - (i) new shares arising from the conversion or exercise of any convertible securities or employee share options or vesting of share awards which are outstanding or subsisting at the time this Resolution is passed; and
  - (ii) any subsequent consolidation or subdivision of shares;
- in exercising the authority conferred by this Resolution, the Company shall comply with the provisions of the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST for the time being in force (unless such compliance has been waived by the SGX-ST) and the Articles of Association for the time being of the Company; and
- (4) (unless revoked or varied by the Company in general meeting) the authority conferred by this Resolution shall continue in force until the conclusion of the next Annual General Meeting of the Company or the date by which the next Annual General Meeting of the Company is required by law to be held, whichever is the earlier.
- 9. That the Directors be and are hereby authorised to:
  - (a) offer and grant options in accordance with the provisions of the SATS Employee Share Option Plan ("Share Option Plan") and/or to grant awards in accordance with the provisions of the SATS Performance Share Plan ("Performance Share Plan") and/or the SATS Restricted Share Plan ("Restricted Share Plan") (the Share Option Plan, the Performance Share Plan and the Restricted Share Plan, together the "Share Plans"); and
  - (b) allot and issue from time to time such number of ordinary shares in the capital of the Company as may be required to be issued pursuant to the exercise of options under the Share Option Plan and/or such number of fully paid shares as may be required to be issued pursuant to the vesting of awards under the Performance Share Plan and/or the Restricted Share Plan,

provided always that the aggregate number of ordinary shares to be issued pursuant to the Share Plans shall not exceed 15 per cent. of the total number of issued ordinary shares in the capital of the Company from time to time.

10. To transact any other business which may arise and can be transacted at an annual general meeting.

#### **CLOSURE OF BOOKS**

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** that, subject to the approval of shareholders to the final and special dividends being obtained at the 34th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on 26 July 2007, the Transfer Books and Register of Members of the Company will be closed on 2 August 2007 for the preparation of dividend warrants.

Duly completed and stamped transfers together with all relevant documents of or evidencing title received by the Company's Share Registrars, M & C Services Private Limited, at 138 Robinson Road #17-00, The Corporate Office, Singapore 068906, up to 5.00 p.m. on 1 August 2007 will be registered to determine shareholders' entitlements to the proposed final and special dividends. Subject as aforesaid, persons whose securities accounts with The Central Depository (Pte) Limited are credited with ordinary shares in the capital of the Company as at 5.00 p.m. on 1 August 2007 will be entitled to the proposed final and special dividends.

The final and special dividends, if approved by shareholders, will be paid on 13 August 2007.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

SHIREENA JOHAN WOON

Company Secretary

Dated this 14th day of June 2007 Singapore

### Notice Of Annual General Meeting

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

- 1. In relation to Ordinary Resolution Nos. 3 and 4, Dr Ow Chin Hock and Mr Ng Kee Choe will be retiring from office at the Annual General Meeting pursuant to Article 83 of the Company's Articles of Association, and will be standing for re-election at the Annual General Meeting. Please refer to the sections on "Board of Directors" and "Corporate Governance Report" in the SATS Annual Report for FY2006-07 for more information relating to Dr Ow and Mr Ng. Dr Ow will upon re-election, continue to serve as Chairman of the Nominating Committee, and as a member of the Audit and Risk Management Committee, and as a member of the Board Executive Committee. Both Dr Ow and Mr Ng are considered by the Nominating Committee to be independent Directors.
- 2. In relation to Ordinary Resolution No. 5, please refer to the section on "Proposed New Director" in the SATS Annual Report for FY2006-07 for more information relating to Mr Tay. The Nominating Committee considers Mr Tay to be an independent Director.
- 3. Ordinary Resolution No. 8, if passed, will empower Directors to issue shares, make or grant instruments convertible into shares and to issue shares pursuant to such instruments, from the date of the above Meeting until the date of the next Annual General Meeting. The number of shares which the Directors may issue under this Resolution will not exceed 50 per cent. of the issued shares in the capital of the Company with a sub-limit of 10 per cent. for issues other than on a *pro rata* basis. The 10 per cent. sub-limit for non-*pro rata* issues is lower than the 20 per cent. sub-limit allowed under the Listing Manual of the SGX-ST and the Articles of Association of the Company. For the purpose of determining the aggregate number of shares which may be issued, the percentage of shares shall be based on the number of issued shares in the capital of the Company at the time this Ordinary Resolution is passed, after adjusting for (a) new shares arising from the conversion or exercise of any convertible instruments or share options or vesting of share awards which are outstanding at the time this Ordinary Resolution is passed and (b) any subsequent consolidation or subdivision of shares.
- 4. Ordinary Resolution No. 9 if passed, will empower the Directors to offer and grant options and/or awards and to allot and issue ordinary shares in the capital of the Company pursuant to the SATS Employee Share Option Plan, the SATS Performance Share Plan and the SATS Restricted Share Plan, all of which were adopted at extraordinary general meetings of the Company and which have been amended from time to time.

#### **NOTES**

- 1. A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at the Meeting is entitled to appoint not more than 2 proxies to attend and vote in his stead. A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
- 2. The instrument appointing a proxy must be deposited at the office of the Company's Share Registrar, M & C Services Private Limited, 138 Robinson Road #17-00, The Corporate Office, Singapore 068906 not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for the Meeting.



A Subsidiary of SINGAPORE AIRLINES



COMPANY REGISTRATION NO.

CORPORATE WEBSITE

**INVESTOR RELATIONS CONTACT**